The Sydney Morning Herald.

No. 12,981. SYDNEY, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 1879. PRICE 2d.

Births.

DAVIS.—October 27, at Begaville, Bega, the wife of William Davis, of Cowry, of a daughter.

DANGAR.—November 5, at Baroona, Singleton, the wife of Albert A. Dangar, of a daughter.

KING.—November 7, at her residence, No. 1, Francis-terrace, John-street, Pyrmont, the wife of John King, of a son.

M'INTOSH.—November 8, at her residence, Riley-street, Woolloomooloo, the wife of Alfred M'Intosh, of a son.

Marriages.

HILL—SHAMBLER.—November 6, at St. Mary's Church of England, Waverley, by the Rev. Stephen Childe, William Joseph Andrew, youngest son of the late John Hill, Esq., J.P., and Mrs. John Hill, No. 1, Wellington-terrace, Wellington-street, Kingston, to Adeline Elizabeth, eldest daughter of the late Joseph Boavne Shambler, of Middlesex, England, and Mrs. Shambler of Waverley, New South Wales.

Deaths.

BUBB.—November 8, at Willuminina, Burwood, Winifred Amy, youngest daughter of J. R. Bubb, aged 4 years and 3 months.

JOHN.—At her residence, Kuronione, Sarah, the beloved wife of William John, sen., in her 82nd year.

MELLY.—October 31, at his residence, Abercrombie-street, Redfern, John Melly, aged 90 years, native of the county of Fermanagh, Ireland, and beloved father of John, James, and Michael Melly.

ROBERTS.—November 5, at Burwood, from disease of the heart, John T. Roberts, of Wagga Wagga, aged 48 years.

Shipping.

STEAM TO THURSDAY ISLAND and HONGKONG.
The E. and A. Mail Co.'s Steamship
SOMERSET,
J. W. B. Darke, Commander,
will leave the Company's Jetty, Smith's Wharf, on WEDNESDAY, the 19th November, at noon.
Cargo for Thursday Island by this direct steamer at specially reduced rates.
For all particulars apply to
BRIGHT, BROS., and CO., Agents.

THE EASTERN AND AUSTRALIAN MAIL STEAM COMPANY (Limited).
The new and powerful steamers of this Company, under contract with the Queensland Government, carrying H.M.'s mails, will leave the Company's new Jetty, Smith's Wharf, at noon on
TUESDAY, December 2nd
TUESDAY, December 30th,
calling at all Queensland ports en route to Singapore and Hongkong.
The R.M.S. MENMUIR, Winthrop Ellis, commander, is the steamer to leave on TUESDAY, December 2nd, at noon.
Passengers booked for Venice, Brindisi, and Southampton, and forwarded by the P. and O. steamers; or to Marseilles by the Messageries Maritime Co.
For all particulars apply to
BRIGHT, BROTHERS, and CO., Agents.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
LIVERPOOL and LONDON, via SAN FRANCISCO.
Under contract with N. S. W. and N. Z. Governments.
The splendid steamship
CITY OF NEW YORK, 3400 tons,
WM. B. COBB, Commander,
will be dispatched on THURSDAY, 4th December, at 3 p.m., carrying R. M. mails and passengers for Auckland, Honolulu, and San Francisco.
Through tickets to London, Liverpool, and Paris, and all points in Europe.
Lay-over tickets issued for Auckland and Honolulu.
Saloon fare, Sydney to Liverpool, £70 and upwards.
Ditto ditto ditto to San Francisco, £40.
Drafts, payable in gold at SAN FRANCISCO, issued by the undersigned.
These magnificent steamers run in connection with the railroads across America, and with the unrivalled steamships of the White Star, Inman, and Cunard lines from America to Liverpool.
For further information, passage, &c., apply to
R. TOWNS and CO., General Agents, P. M. S. S. Co.

STEAM TO HONGKONG, via COOKTOWN,
calling at PORT DARWIN, if sufficient inducement offers.
The powerful steamship
THALES, 1500 tons,
will be dispatched as above, from the Australasian Steam Navigation Company's Wharf, Circular Quay, on or about
TUESDAY, 11th instant.
For all particulars connected with the above, and rates of fares and freight, apply to the Traffic Manager.
FREDK. H. TROUTON, Manager,
A. S. N. Co.'s Agent.

THE AUSTRALASIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S STEAMSHIPS.
TO LEVUKA (FIJI).—Gunga, after arrival of the Pacific mail steamer, due 24th instant.
TO NOUMEA, NEW CALEDONIA.—City of Melbourne, Friday, 21st instant.
TO MELBOURNE.—Wotonga, to-morrow afternoon, Tuesday, at 4.30; and City of Adelaide, Saturday afternoon, at 1. Fares and freights at current rates.
TO NEWCASTLE, RAYMOND TERRACE, AND MORPETH.—Coonanbara, to-morrow night, Tuesday, at 11; and City of Brisbane, Wednesday night, at 11.
TO CLARENCE TOWN.—For Passengers and Cargo.—Coonanbara, to-morrow night, Tuesday, at 11. Freight payable in Sydney.
TO BRISBANE.—Wentworth, to-morrow, Tuesday, at 11 a.m. No cargo received after 10 a.m. And Elamang, Friday afternoon, at 4.30.
TO BUNDABERG.—Steamer from Brisbane about 20th instant.
TO MARYBOROUGH.—Governor Blackall, Saturday, at noon.
TO ROCKHAMPTON.—Governor Blackall, Saturday, at noon.
TO GLADSTONE.—Steamer from Brisbane about 15th instant.
TO PORT MACKAY.—Yaralla, from Brisbane, about 18th instant.

TO BOWEN TO TOWNSVILLE TO CAIRNS (TRINITY BAY) TO PORT DOUGLAS (ISLAND POINT) TO COOKTOWN WHARF	Wentworth, to-morrow, Tuesday, at 11 a.m. No cargo received after 10 a.m.
TO CARDWELL TO KEPPEL BAY TO FLAT TOP ISLAND	Wentworth, to-morrow, Tuesday, at 11 a.m. No cargo received after 10 a.m.

N.B.—Steerage passengers are supplied with bedding.
Cargo is now being received for transmission to any of the above ports.
FREDK. H. TROUTON, Manager.

STEAM TO THE CLARENCE RIVER.—The s.s. ARGYLE will leave RUSSELL'S WHARF (late A. S. N. Co.'s Brisbane Wharf), Sussex-street, on TUESDAY next, at 5 p.m., calling at all Wharfs.
CARGO NOW BEING RECEIVED.
Saloon, £2; steerage, £1 5s.
Freight at greatly reduced rates.
S. G. DAVISON, 38, Sussex-street.

STEAM TO CLARENCE RIVER.—The S. S. LUBRA will leave the Commercial Wharf, foot of King-street, on TUESDAY, the 11th instant, at 6 p.m., landing cargo at Duke and all wharfs on the river.
Freight, 12s 6d ton.
NIPPER and SEE,
123, Sussex-street.
N.B.—Shippers are respectfully reminded that the LUBRA is carrying on the trade of the late C. and N. E. S. Co., and that Mr. THOMAS M'KETTRICK has been appointed our South Grafton Agent.
N. and S.

THE CLARENCE AND RICHMOND RIVERS STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S STEAMSHIPS will be dispatched from the Company's Wharf, Sussex-street, as follows, weather permitting:—

FOR GRAFTON, CLARENCE RIVER.

Ship.	Date of Sailing.
NEW ENGLAND ...	TO-MORROW, TUESDAY, 11th November, at 9 p.m.
CITY OF GRAFTON ...	SATURDAY, 15th.

FOR MACLEAY RIVER.

QUEENSLAND	FRIDAY, 14th November.

FOR RICHMOND RIVER DIRECT.

PLATYPUS	MONDAY, 17th November, taking cargo for all parts of the river. Freight at current rates.

FOR PORT MACQUARIE.

QUEENSLAND	About MONDAY, 24th November.

Intending passengers are invited to inspect the superior accommodation afforded by this Company's steamers.
Steerage passengers provided with bedding.
N.B.—THIS DAY, the 10th instant being a Public Holiday, NO GOODS will be received at or delivered from this Company's Wharf.
JOHN WHITE, Secretary.

NEWCASTLE STEAMSHIP COMPANY (Limited)
STEAM TO NEWCASTLE.
From LIME-STREET WHARF, FOOT OF ERSKINE-STREET,
THIS MORNING, Monday, at 9, the KEMBLA.
THIS NIGHT, Monday, at 11, the COLLAROY.
TO-MORROW MORNING, Tuesday, at 9, the KEMBLA.
The steamers KEMBLA or COLLAROY leave SYDNEY and NEWCASTLE EVERY NIGHT, except Saturday from Newcastle and Sunday from Sydney, and make DAY TRIPS from Newcastle on TUESDAY, THURSDAY, and SATURDAY MORNING, and from Sydney on MONDAY, TUESDAY, and THURSDAY MORNING.
Fares to and from Newcastle—Saloon, 10s.; steerage, 4s.; 2s. 6d. extra in Kembla's deck state-rooms.
H. D. PORTUS, Manager.

NEWCASTLE STEAMSHIP COMPANY, Limited.
NOTICE TO PASSENGERS.
EXCURSION TO AND FROM NEWCASTLE.
The favourite steamer KEMBLA, R. J. Skinner, commander, will leave for NEWCASTLE, from Lime-street Wharf, foot of Erskine-street, THIS (MONDAY) MORNING, at 9, returning leaving NEWCASTLE the same night, at 11, landing passengers in SYDNEY, TO-MORROW (TUESDAY) MORNING early.
H. D. PORTUS, Manager.

HUNTER RIVER NEW STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.
STEAM to NEWCASTLE, MORPETH, RAYMOND TERRACE, &c.,
FROM SYDNEY.
THIS (Monday) NIGHT, at 11, the MAITLAND.
On WEDNESDAY MORNING, at 9, the MORPETH.
Fares from Sydney to Newcastle, or vice versa: Saloon, 10s.; steerage, 4s. each. Enclosed berths or berths in special saloon, 2s. 6d. each extra.
Goods will not be received after 5 p.m.
F. J. THOMAS, Manager.
Offices: Foot of Market-street.

ILLAWARRA S. N. CO.'S STEAMERS.—TO WOLLONGONG and KIAMA.—To-night and to-morrow night, 11.
SHOALHAVEN.—To-morrow night, 11.
MERIMBULA and EDEN.—Wednesday, 9.30 a.m.
CATHRA (for BAGA).—Wednesday, 9.30 a.m.; Friday, 11 p.m.
ULLADULLA.—Friday, 9.30 a.m.
BATEMAN'S BAY and NELLIGEN.—Friday, 9.30 a.m.
MORUYA.—Friday, 11 p.m.

PARRAMATTA RIVER STEAMERS, EMU, PELICAN, SWAN, PARRAMATTA, WARREEMBEER.
FIFTEEN MILES FOR ONE SHILLING, FROM KING-STREET.
FOR PRINCE OF WALES' BIRTHDAY, 10th NOVEMBER.
To PARRAMATTA, CALLING AT RYDE, DUNDAS, ERMINGTON, NEWINGTON, and SUBIACO: Swan 7, Emu 9, Pelican 10, Swan 11, Warreembeer 12, Emu 1.15, Pelican 2.15, Swan 3, Emu 5.15, Pelican 7, Parramatta 11.
To RYDE: 9.30 p.m.
From PARRAMATTA: Emu 7, Swan 9, Emu 11, Pelican 12, Swan 1, Warreembeer 2, Emu 3, Pelican 4, Swan 5, Emu 7.
From RYDE: 6.30, 7.40, 9.40, 11.40, 12.40, 1.40, 2.40, 3.40, 4.40, 5.40, 7.40.
Omnibuses in attendance at Parramatta to convey excursionists to the Park, &c.; fare, 3d.
Fares to Hunter's Hill: First-class, 9d; return, 1s; second class, 6d; return, 9d.
To Ryde: First-class, 1s 6d; return, 2s; second class, 1s; return, 1s 6d.
To Parramatta: First class, 1s 6d; return, 2s 6d; second class, 1s; return, 1s 6d.
Children, return ticket, 6d.
To FIVE DOCK, ASHFIELD, and BURWOOD, from KING-STREET: 7, 10, 12, 4.15, 6.15.
To GLADESVILLE: 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 1.15, 2.15, 3, 4.15, 5.15, 6.15, 7, 9.30, 11.
To HUNTER'S HILL: 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 1.15, 2.15, 3, 4.15, 5.15, 6.15, 7, 9.30, 11.
TO COCKATOO, FITZROY DOCK: 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 1.15, 2.15, 3, 4.15, 5.15, 6.15, 7, 9.30, 11.
Returning from FIVE DOCK, calling at Burwood: 7.45, 9.30, 11, 1, 5.15, 7.15.
From GLADESVILLE: 8, 9, 10, 12, 1, 2, 3.30, 4, 5, 5.25, 6, 7.25, 8.
From HUNTER'S HILL: 8.15, 9.5, 10.15, 12.15, 1.15, 2.15, 3.45, 4.15, 5.15, 6.15, 7.40, 8.15.
From COCKATOO: 8.25, 9.25, 10.25, 12.25, 1.25, 2.25, 3.55, 4.25, 5.25, 6.25, 7.50, 8.25.
Excursionists will find grassy spots, with shade and water, at the following wharfs:—Gladesville, Putney, Ryde, and at the steamers reserve, Parramatta, where there is a large pavilion free.
In addition to the above three steamers will ply to and from Fern Bay; tickets for which can be obtained from Mr. Magney at the wharf, King-street.

STEAM TO HAWKESBURY RIVER.
PERSONS desiring to see the BEAUTIES OF THIS RIVER will have an opportunity of doing so TO-MORROW, by the steamer
PELICAN,
leaving King-street at 7.30 a.m., and joining the Florrie at Barrenjoee.
Or, by Manly steamer from Circular Quay at 7.15, and overland to Pitt-water, if booked on the previous day.
The Steamer FLORRIE will proceed to WISEMAN'S FERRY, fifty miles up the river, where good Hotel accommodation can be had.
Early on WEDNESDAY MORNING she will proceed on TOWARDS WINDSOR for a considerable distance, and then return to Pittwater in time to take coach to catch last Manly steamer.
Fares—20s return; coach, 4s each way.
C. E. JEANNERET,
King-street Wharf.

HUNTER'S HILL and LANE COVE FERRY.—Steamer WOMERAH leaves—
Lime-street Wharf, 9, 11, 1, 3, 5.5, 7
Lane Cove, 8, 10, 12, 2, 4, 6.
SATURDAY—Lime-street Wharf, 1.15 and 11.15 p.m.
Lane Cove, 10 p.m.
SUNDAY—Lime-street Wharf, 10, 2.30, 6.
Lane Cove, 9, 1, 5.

BRISBANE WATER.—Steamer PELICAN, from King-street, TO-MORROW, 7.30 a.m. Returning same day.

STEAM to MACLEAY RIVER.—The steamer MARY COCHRANE, will be dispatched from Caledonian Wharf, on TUESDAY next, at 5 p.m. P. HOGAN, Agent.
Freight payable in Sydney only.

STEAM TO RICHMOND RIVER.—The new steamship TRUGANINI, will leave the Grafton Wharf, TO-MORROW, at 6 p.m.
G. and B. NICOLL, Grafton Wharf.

MANNING RIVER S. N. COMPANY (Limited).
The s.s. DIAMANTINA will leave for TAREE (Manning River) direct, from Lime-street Wharf, foot of Erskine-street, TO-MORROW (TUESDAY) AFTERNOON, at 4 (weather permitting). All freight payable in Sydney.
H. D. PORTUS, Agent.

NEW MANNING RIVER S.N. CO.'s s.s. BEAGLE, Captain Rendell, will leave Caledonian Wharf TO-MORROW (Tuesday) MORNING, at 7, carrying Freight and Passengers to all parts of the Manning River. John Ritchie, agent.

STEAM to MELBOURNE, NEWCASTLE, BRISBANE, MARYBOROUGH, and ROCKHAMPTON.
The undersigned will dispatch the STEAMSHIPS (when practicable) as follows, from STRUTH'S WHARF, foot of King-street:—

FOR MELBOURNE.

RODONDO ...	J. R. Clark ...	TO-MORROW, Tuesday, at 6 o'clock.
CHEVIOT ...	Chas. Ashford ...	FRIDAY, November 14.
BARRABOOL ...	F. H. Stanford ...	TUESDAY, November 18.

FOR BRISBANE.

DERWENT ...	H. B. Bristow ...	WEDNESDAY, at 12 o'clock

FOR MARYBOROUGH:

DERWENT ...	H. B. Bristow ...	WEDNESDAY, at 12 o'clock

FOR ROCKHAMPTON:

KEILAWARRA	J. H. South ...	TUESDAY, November 18.

Return tickets issued to and from ALL PORTS, available for three (3) months. Cargo received for the above ports every day.
Steerage passengers supplied with bedding.
W. HOWARD SMITH and SONS,
Struth's Wharf.

STEAM TO MELBOURNE.
The undersigned will dispatch the steamship
RODONDA, 1090 tons,
J. G. Clark, commander,
TO-MORROW, TUESDAY, at 6 o'clock.
For all particulars apply to
W. HOWARD SMITH and SONS, Struth's Wharf.

STEAM TO BRISBANE AND MARYBOROUGH.
The undersigned will dispatch the steamship
DERWENT,
H. B. Bristow, commander,
On WEDNESDAY, at 12 o'clock.
For all particulars apply to
W. HOWARD SMITH and SONS,
Struth's Wharf.

STEAM TO MELBOURNE.
The favourite steamship
HERO,
Thomas Logan, commander,
will leave the Grafton Wharf for MELBOURNE, at noon, on THURSDAY, the 13th November, 1879.
For freight or passage apply to
BRIGHT, BROTHERS, and CO.

STEAM to BRISBANE, PORT MACKAY, TOWNSVILLE, ISLAND POINT, COOKTOWN, THURSDAY ISLAND.
The fine steamship
COREA
will be dispatched from Grafton Wharf on FRIDAY, 21st November.
J. J. AIKEN and CO.,
Exchange-corner.

UNION STEAMSHIP COMPANY OF NEW ZEALAND (Limited).
Fortnightly communication to all NEW ZEALAND PORTS.

Ship.	Tons.	Commander.	Date of Sailing.
ROTOMAHANA	1727	T. Underwood...	19th November, via Auckland.
WAKATIPU ...	1796	E. Wheeler	26th November via Wellington.
FROM MELBOURNE.			
RINGAROOMA		H. W. Chatfield	November 11, via Hobart Town.

FREDK. W. JACKSON, 44, Pitt-street.

TASMANIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S STEAMSHIPS will be dispatched as under:
FOR HOBART TOWN, via EDEN.—S. S. TASMAN, 720 tons, from Grafton Wharf, on TUESDAY, 11th November, at 11 a.m.
FOR LAUNCESTON.—S.S. ESK, 840 tons register, from Grafton Wharf, TUESDAY, 18th November, at 4 p.m.
NO CARGO received within one hour of the advertised time of sailing.
No Bonded Goods received for Hobart Town on day of sailing.
For freight or passage apply
T. and W. WILLIS, Agents, 48, Pitt-street.

STEAM TO AUCKLAND.
The favourite steamship
HERO,
Thomas Logan, commander,
will leave the Grafton Wharf for Auckland on
TUESDAY, the 25th November,
at 4 p.m.
For freight or passage apply to
BRIGHT, BROTHERS, and CO.,
52, Pitt-street.

WATSON'S BAY REGULAR STEAMERS.—PHANTOM, SWANSEA, and GOLDEN ROSE, leaves Circular Quay 9, and every hour throughout the day; Woolloomooloo, 7 and 9. Return fare, 1s.
P.S.—Passengers are requested to ask for HARMER'S STEAMERS, as they are the regular boats, and can depend upon being brought back. No connection with any other boats but the above ones named.

FOR LONDON.
LAST SHIP FOR FEBRUARY WOOL SALES.
The Magnificent A1 full powered steamship
HANKOW,
3594 TONS REGISTER, 500 H. P. NOMINAL, 2500 H. P. INDICATED,
William Symington, commander,
Will be dispatched from SYDNEY for LONDON about
SATURDAY, 13th DECEMBER.
The attention of WOOL SHIPPERS is invited to the fact of the regular trader HANKOW being built and adapted expressly for carrying WOOL CARGOES, with sailing date specially arranged, making her the latest possible opportunity for LANDING WOOL at LONDON for FEBRUARY SALES.
For rates of freight and passage money, and all other information, apply to
JOHN FRAZER and CO.

MESSRS. MONEY WIGRAM and SON'S LINE OF STEAMERS FOR LONDON, VIA THE SUEZ CANAL.
The magnificent steamships, belonging to the above line, will be dispatched for London, via the Suez Canal, as follows:—

Steamer.	From Sydney.	From Melbourne.
NORTHUMBERLAND..	14th November.	22nd November.
NORFOLK (new) ...	January.	January.
KENT	February.	February.

PASSAGE RATES.—Saloon, 55 to 70 guineas; INTERMEDIATE, £16 and upwards. Special arrangements for families. CANAL DUES, 8s per adult extra. A duly qualified SURGEON carried. RETURN TICKETS issued at reduced rates. PASSAGE ORDERS issued to persons desirous of sending for their friends from home. For rates of freight and passage money, plans of cabin, &c., apply to W. SIDDELEY and CO.; or M. METCALFE and CO., Agents, 9, Bridge-street.

NOTICE TO PASSENGERS FOR ENGLAND.
FIRST STEAMSHIP FOR LONDON.
Messrs. Money Wigram and Son's magnificent clipper steamship
NORTHUMBERLAND,
2178 tons register, 300 horse-power nominal (1500 indicated),
J. CUMMING, Commander,
will be dispatched from Sydney for London, via Suez Canal, POSITIVELY on
FRIDAY, 14th NOVEMBER.
The chief cabins are improved with every requisite. The second saloon cabins are similarly furnished, and a liberal table with fresh and other provisions of the best quality will be kept.
FARES:

Saloon	55 to 70 guineas
Second Saloon	30 to 35 guineas
Third Cabin	£18 to £20
Steerage	£16

Canal dues 8s each passenger extra.
For plans of cabin and all particulars apply to Captain CUMMING, on board; at A. S. N. Co.'s wharf to W. SIDDELEY and CO.; or M. METCALF and CO., 9, Bridge-street.

MESSRS. MONEY WIGRAM and SONS' LINE OF STEAMSHIPS.
STEAM TO LONDON VIA SUEZ CANAL.
FOR THE FEBRUARY WOOL SALES.
The splendid steamship
NORTHUMBERLAND,
J. Cumming, commander,
will be dispatched positively on
FRIDAY, 14th November,
having nearly the whole of her cargo engaged.
For freight and passage apply to W. SIDDELEY and CO., and M. METCALFE and CO., 9, Bridge-street.
WOOL received at Flood's Blackwall stores.

ORIENT LINE OF STEAMSHIPS FOR LONDON, VIA THE SUEZ CANAL, calling at NAPLES to land Passengers.
The full-powered steamships of this line are built and fitted expressly for carrying Passengers on long ocean voyages; they are each of about 4000 tons register, and make the voyage in about 40 days. They are fitted with punkahs, attached to the main engines, and steam-heating apparatus on the most approved principle, and they are thoroughly ventilated for the tropics.
The next departures will be:—

Steamer.	From Sydney.	From Melbourne.
SULTAN	November 15.	November 22.
CUZCO	November 29.	December 6.
ACONCAGUA ...	December 27.	January 3.

To be followed every month by a similar steamer.
FARES TO LONDON, £16 and upwards.
Suez Canal dues, 8s in addition.
Passages from London can be granted in Sydney.
For further particulars, apply, in London, to F. Green and Co., and Anderson, Anderson, and Co., Managers of the Orient Steam Navigation Company (Limited); or to the Agents in Sydney.
GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.

ORIENT LINE OF STEAMERS.
FOR LONDON, via the Suez Canal.
FOR THE FEBRUARY WOOL SALES.
THE S. S. SULTAN,
2500 Tons Register. W. J. HYNES, Commander,
will leave Sydney on SATURDAY, the 15th November, calling a Melbourne.
For freight, &c., apply to
GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.
WOOL RECEIVED at MARSDEN and SON'S.

ORIENT LINE OF STEAMERS.
FOR LONDON,
via the SUEZ CANAL,
calling at NAPLES to land Passengers.
The magnificent steamer
ORIENT,
5000 tons register, W. F. Hewison, commander,
will leave in all January.
Plans of cabins and all information can be obtained, from
GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.

FOR LONDON.
Messrs. DEVITT and MOORE'S favourite regular trader
DUNBAR CASTLE,
925 tons register,
A. J. Ismay, commander,
WILL HAVE QUICK DISPATCH.
For freight or passage, apply, on board, to Captain Ismay, at the COSMOPOLITAN WHARF; or to
GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.
WOOL RECEIVED AT MARSDEN AND SON'S.

FOR LONDON.
FOR FEBRUARY WOOL SALES.
The A1 Clipper Ship
CAMBRIAN PRINCESS,
1350 tons register,
James M'Gill, commander.
This fine vessel, requiring only a limited number of bales of wool to complete her loading, will be dispatched POSITIVELY ON 13th INSTANT.
For rates of freight and passage money, apply to the captain on board, at Circular Quay, or to
JOHN FRAZER and CO.
WOOL RECEIVED AT FLOOD and CO.'S.

FOR LONDON.
The A1 Clipper Ship
NORTHBROOK,
1876 tons.
Henry Peirce, commander,
now ready to receive wool, will be dispatched in DECEMBER.
For freight or passage, having magnificent saloon accommodation, apply to Captain, on board, or to
JOHN FRAZER and CO.
WOOL RECEIVED AT FLOOD and CO.'S.

ABERDEEN CLIPPER LINE, FOR LONDON.
FOR THE FEBRUARY SALES.
The SAMUEL PLIMSOLL,
Richard Boaden, commander.
This vessel, having the bulk of her CARGO ON BOARD AND STOWED, and requiring only a LIMITED NUMBER OF BALES OF WOOL to complete her complement, will be dispatched on the 14th INSTANT.
For freight or passage apply to the Captain on board, at Circular Quay; or, to
MONTEFIORE, JOSEPH, and CO.
Wool received at Talbot's.

ABERDEEN CLIPPER LINE, for LONDON.
To follow the SAMUEL PLIMSOLL.
The clipper ship
NINEVEH,
1174 tons register, JOHN ROSS, commander, is now loading at the Circular Quay.
Has superior accommodation for a limited number of second-class passengers in the fore part of the saloon.
For freight or passage apply on board; or to
MONTEFIORE, JOSEPH, and CO.

ABERDEEN CLIPPER LINE.—For LONDON, the champion tea clipper
THERMOPYLÆ,
948 tons,
C. Matheson, commander,
is now loading, and, having the bulk of her cargo stowed, will be dispatched within a few days for February wool sales.
To be followed by the new clipper SMYRNA.
For freight, apply to
DALGETY, BLACKWOOD, and CO.
Wool received at the Stores, Cosmopolitan Wharf.

FOR LONDON.
The fine A1 clipper ship
CORONA,
1210 tons register,
J. D. Barrett, commander,
will be dispatched early in DECEMBER.
Intending passengers are respectfully requested to inspect the magnificent passenger accommodation afforded by this vessel.
Has a splendid state cabin for a family.
☞ Fares at reduced rates, and FIRST-CLASS passengers only carried.
For freights, passage, and all particulars, apply to Captain Barrett, on board; or to
BRIGHT, BROTHERS, and CO.,
52, Pitt-street.
Wool received at MARSDEN'S Stores.

FOR LONDON.
The beautiful clipper barque,
WINDERMERE,
1102 tons register, built in 1878, and classed
100 A1 at Lloyd's,
W. TICKLE, Commander.
This fine vessel has just arrived from London in seventy-eight days, and will be dispatched with the first of the new clip, for which she offers unusual advantages, the whole of her dead weight and a portion of her wool being already on board.
For rates of freight, apply to
YOUNG and LARK, Agents,
Moore-street, off Pitt-street.
Wool received at Flood's.

FOR LONDON.
FOR FEBRUARY WOOL SALES.
To sail about the 14th instant,
The splendid new A1 Clyde-built clipper ship
CYNISCA,
804 tons register,
Thos. Hutton, commander.
Having all her dead weight on board and stowed, a LARGE QUANTITY OF WOOL IN STORE, and nearly THE WHOLE OF THE BALANCE ENGAGED, will be dispatched positively about the ABOVE DATE.
The passenger accommodation is of a very superior description, and inspection is particularly invited.
For freight, passage, or other particulars apply to
DANGAR, GEDYE, and CO.
Wool received at FLOOD and CO.'S

FOR LONDON, VIA SUEZ CANAL.
FOR FEBRUARY WOOL SALES.
The splendid steamship
STRATHLEVEN,
2436 tons register,
NOW RECEIVING CARGO,
will be dispatched from Sydney on the 25th NOVEMBER, CALLING at Melbourne.
This steamer having been built for the BOMBAY PASSENGER TRADE, and with splendid accommodation, offers SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS TO PASSENGERS.
For rates of freight, passage money, and other information apply to
ALFRED LAMB and CO.
WOOL RECEIVED AT TALBOT'S.

FOR AUCKLAND Direct.—The clipper Schooner LOOKOUT, having the greater portion of her cargo engaged, will have quick dispatch. For freight, &c., apply on board, Patent Slip Wharf, or to WM. LAIDLEY and CO., Agents.

FOR NOUMEA (NEW CALEDONIA).—
The regular trader brig
SEA NYMPH
is now loading at Grafton Wharf, and will sail about 13th instant.
For freight or passage, apply to
CURCIER and ADET.

FOR PORT MACKAY.—The "AU REVOIR," now loading at Alger's Wharf, will sail for Port Mackay, positively on THURSDAY next, 13th instant. JAMES BURNS, Macquarie-place.

FOR COOKTOWN.—The "DANCING WAVE," will commence Loading for Cooktown (via Bowen, if inducement offers), and will have quick despatch. JAMES BURNS, Macquarie-place.

FOR TOWNSVILLE.—The "BELLE," has room for few tons measurement Cargo, and will be followed in few DAYS by the "MINNIE," expected daily with inward cargo. JAMES BURNS, Macquarie-place.

FOR EDEN and TATHRA.—ELLEN sails on WEDNESDAY. HENRY CLARKE, Victoria Wharf.

FOR BELLINGER RIVER.—The DOLPHIN, on WEDNESDAY. Apply R. LANGLEY, 62, Sussex-street.

THE C. and R. R. S. N. COMPANY.
NOTICE.
THIS DAY MONDAY, being a Public Holiday, no GOODS will be RECEIVED at, or DELIVERED from, this Company's Wharf.
JOHN WHITE, Secretary.

THE AUSTRALASIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.
THIS DAY, Monday, being a Public Holiday, there will not be any goods received at this wharf, and only perishable goods and live stock delivered.
FREDK. H. TROUTON, Manager.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.
GENERAL AVERAGE BOND.
CONSIGNEES of cargo, ex "THALES," from Hongkong, are hereby informed that the GENERAL AVERAGE BOND is now ready at this office for Signature. Delivery Orders can be obtained on production of Bills of Lading, Signature of the Bond, payment of Freight and Wharfage, and deposit of 2½ per cent. on the value of the goods on account of General Average.
CONSIGNEES are requested to PASS ENTRIES at once for A. S. N. Company's Wharf, Circular Quay. Any Goods impeding the discharge, will be Entered, Landed, and Stored at the Consignees' risk and expense.
The Steamer will not be responsible for any damage to, or loss of CARGO, after it is landed.
FREDK. H. TROUTON,
Manager A. S. N. Company, Agent.

BARQUE CYNOSURE, from Liverpool.—All CLAIMS and Accounts against this vessel must be rendered in duplicate at the office of the undersigned, before noon on TUESDAY, November 11th, otherwise they will not be recognized.
DANGAR, GEDYE, and CO., Agents.

FOR SALE, Freight, or Charter.—Schooner GLOSSARIEL, 85 tons reg., light draught. G. F. MASON, Paints, Wf.

FOR SALE, FREIGHT, or CHARTER.—Schooner ZOE. R. LANGLEY, Sussex-street.

FREIGHT to TOWNSVILLE.—Wanted one or more VESSELS, for conveyance of 200 tons.
ALFRED LAMB and CO.

BOAT for SALE, light pulling skiff. Apply W. MILLER, Double Bay.

FOR SALE, clipper schooner ISABELLE, 120 tons register, well found. E. Lowther, Wallace-st., Woollahra.

FOR SALE, Freight, or Charter.—Schooner ADVANCE. HENRY CLARKE, Victoria Wharf.

FOR SALE, WHITE CLOUD.—This celebrated fast Ketch for SALE. Apply D. MOSES, 181, Pitt-street.

FOR SALE, a first-class BOAT, for fishing or pleasure purposes. Bald Rock Hotel, Balmain.

USE the BONANZA for washing the hands; it makes them soft and white. Sold by all chemists.

International Exhibition.

INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.
COMMITTEE XVI., on JUDGING and AWARDS, will meet at the Offices of the Commissioners, at 11 a.m., on TUESDAY, the 11th November.
AUGUSTUS MORRIS, Secretary.

INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.
Tickets for admission to Garden Palace are issued ONLY from Ticket Department on following terms:—
DAILY.—Adults, 1s; children, 6d
SEASON TICKETS, £3 3s } Attached to photographs of
MONTHLY TICKETS, £1 } holders.
EXHIBITORS' PERMANENT ATTENDANTS' MONTHLY PHOTOGRAPHIC PASSES.—By deposit of £1 for each as guarantee.
WORKMEN'S PASSES on personal or written applications of employers.
N.B.—Sales to vendors as heretofore.
AUGUSTUS MORRIS, Secretary.

INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.
NOTICE TO EXHIBITORS OF LIVE STOCK.
The following will be the order of Entries and Shows for all kinds of Live Stock:—
For Fat Cattle and Sheep—Entries close 19th November, show opens 18th December.
For Wool—Entries close 1st December, show opens 29th December.
For Horses, Asses, and Mules—Entries close 12th December, show opens 12th January.
All exhibits in the above must be on the ground at least one clear day before the show opens.
AUGUSTUS MORRIS, Secretary.

INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.
SPECIAL NOTICE.
PRINCE OF WALES' BIRTHDAY,
MONDAY, 10th November.
ADMISSION TO GARDEN PALACE AND GROUNDS,
FROM 9 A.M.
In consequence of the large number of the Members of the Friendly Societies expected to enter the Grounds of the Exhibition on the 10th instant, the general Public are requested ONLY to use the MACQUARIE-STREET GATES between 9 a.m. and 11 a.m., and AFTER 1.30 p.m. Admission through the ST. MARY'S and BOTANICAL GARDEN ENTRANCES can be obtained at all hours from 9 a.m. to 6 p.m.
THE MEMBERS OF THE FRIENDLY SOCIETIES WILL HAVE THE EXCLUSIVE RIGHT OF ADMISSION BY THE MACQUARIE-STREET GATES FROM 11 A.M. UNTIL 1.30 P.M.
AUGUSTUS MORRIS,
Secretary.

INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.
PIANOFORTE RECITALS.
Madame CECILIA SUMMERHAYES will give a pianoforte Recital on Messrs. JOHN BRINSMEAD and SONS' patent Sostenente Pianos THIS DAY, Monday, at 3 p.m., on the piano stand in front of the orchestra.

INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.
GERMAN COURT—PIANOFORTE SECTION.
THURSDAY AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock.
Miss MAUDE FITZ-STUBBS
will give her first
PIANOFORTE RECITAL,
in the Garden Palace,
on the LIPP and SOHN'S SEMI-GRAND.
ELVY and CO., Exhibitors.

INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.
OVERCROWDING OF THE GARDEN PALACE.
PRINCE OF WALES BIRTHDAY.
The improbability of persons being able to carefully examine the exhibits in the Garden Palace TO-DAY, owing to the great crowds expected to be there belonging to the public demonstration, will induce all family picnics to turn their steps towards the celebrated seaside
MANLY BEACH,
where amusements of all descriptions can be found, and where the most commodious and powerful steamers will ply half-hourly.

GRAND PUBLIC DEMONSTRATION.
PRINCE OF WALES' BIRTHDAY.
After the Procession, all members of Public Societies are requested to meet their wives and families on board
THE FAIRLIGHT DRAWING SALOON STEAMER,
running every half-hour from Circular Quay to
MANLY BEACH,
where
IMMENSE ATTRACTIONS
for the public amusement
ARE TO BE FOUND, FREE OF CHARGE.

CIRCULAR.
To the Medical Profession and Invalids.
SENIOR'S DISPENSING ESTABLISHMENT,
admitted the oldest, largest, and most perfect in the Southern Hemisphere, receives the strictest personal attention of the proprietor, and the largest staff of old and competent assistants in Australia, is replete with drugs of undoubted purity and excellence, and is conducted under a peculiar system, whereby a mistake in dispensing a prescription becomes almost an impossibility.
259, George-street.

GREAT AMERICAN CHAIR SALE; 20 per cent. discount. Royal Furnishing Arcade. W. B. CAMPBELL.

Personal.

COMEDIE FRANCAISE.

INFORMATION concerning JAMES ALEXANDER, who met with the accident at Ultimo, how concerning his illness can be obtained at the Custom-house Hotel, Argyle-street, at any time.

NELLY LEO, please send ADDRESS to E. H. W., HERALD Office.

WANTED, the BOY who brought puppies to 375 to call at 375, Elizabeth-street, with same.

WILL Mrs. SAUNK please call at 5, Vaughan's-chambers, King-street.

WILL Miss M'MAHON, who called on Mrs. HUTCHINSON on Friday last, please call again.

WILL Mrs. RICHARDS, passenger per s.s. Cuzco, oblige by sending address to Cuzco, Post-office, Oxford-st.

WILL the Cabman who drove a Lady and trunk from 466, Bourke-street, on Saturday, about a quarter to 3 o'clock, call or send his address or number. Reward.

Lost and Found.

FIVE Shillings Reward.—Lost, 2 Latch-keys, with string. Buckland, 21, Erskine-street, or Waverley Road.

LOST, Rough TERRIER, blue, with tawn head and legs. Reward. WEIRS, 236, Pitt-street.

LOST, a KEY, in Waggonette, between Bourke-street, Surry Hills and Market-street. Return to HERALD Office.

LOST, on Saturday, near Haymarket, a parcel of RIBBON. Reward, at 147, William-street.

LOST, a Silver Hunting Geneva WATCH, No. 56817, Bernard. Reward. 1, Astor-ter., Dowling-st., nr. Oxford-st.

LOST, in Exhibition, Saturday, black FAN, hand-painted. 3, Craigend-terrace, Upper William-street.

LOST, two KEYS and two Watch KEYS on thong of leather. Reward at 92, Sussex-street.

LOST, a lady's gold dress RING, corner of Hunter and George streets. Reward. 104, Harrington-street.

LOST, a Retriever DOG, on Friday, 7th November, top of William-street, Woolloomooloo. Finder return to Mrs. STEPHENS, Woodside, Stanmore.

LOST, on the 5th November, at Theatre Royal Stalls, UMBRELLA, with H. Hannah, on handle. Reward by returning to JOHN M'EVOY, 584, George-street.

LOST, portion of Diamond and Pearl EARRING, Lower Fort or Windmill streets. Reward, 67, Lower Fort-street.

LOST, a CHEQUE, drawn by Colonial Sugar Company on Oriental Bank, in favour of C. Furse. Payment stopped. Please return to C. FURSE, 208, Castlereagh-street.

LOST, a Rosella PARROT. The finder will be liberally rewarded by returning it to Mrs. SPENCER, Victoria Dining Rooms, 247, Pitt-street, next to Victoria Theatre.

PERSON receiving Lace FICHU at 'Bus Office, William-street, return it, save further trouble.

STRAYED from Darlinghurst, light Bay or Chestnut PONY mare, branded C near shoulder. £2 reward on returning it to W. CASSIDY, Victoria Inn.

STOLEN or STRAYED.—If the piebald HORSE, branded RD over 4 is not returned the owner will at once give information to the police.
SELBY, Ashfield.

FOUND, a sum of MONEY, which the Owner can have by applying at Mrs. SPENCER'S, Victoria Dining Rooms, 247, Pitt-street (next to Victoria Theatre).

IMPOUNDED, bay MARE, like JR near shoulder. CHRIS. CARNES, Poundkeeper. Leichhardt, Nov. 8, 1879.

Lectures.

I. O. G. T., R. W. G. L. of the WORLD.
THE SCIENTIFIC ASPECT OF THE TEMPERANCE QUESTION.
A LECTURE on the above subject will be delivered by G. B. CLARK, M.D., L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S., &c., on TUESDAY EVENING next, at 8, at Unitarian Church, Liverpool-street, Hyde Park. John Wright, Esq., G.W.C.T. will preside. The public are cordially invited. Admission free. No collection. J. R. Price, G.W.S.

PROFESSOR and Mrs. Hamilton's Lecture Entertainment, Temperance Hall, TO-MORROW. Admission, 6d.

Meetings.

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY OF NEW SOUTH WALES.
Adjourned MEETING of the COUNCIL will be held on WEDNESDAY, 12th instant, at 11 o'clock a.m.
Business:
TO APPOINT SECRETARY.
G. F. WANT, Hon. Sec.

HEALTH SOCIETY OF NEW SOUTH WALES.
The Annual General MEETING of the Members of this Society will be held in the FREEMASONS' HALL, York-street, Sydney, on THURSDAY, 13th November instant, at 8 o'clock p.m.
BURTON BRADLEY,
Hon. Sec.
64, Margaret-street,
6th November, 1879.

NEW SOUTH WALES CRICKET ASSOCIATION.
A MEETING of the Committee will be held at Tattersall's, on TUESDAY EVENING, the 11th instant, at 8 o'clock.
Business: To elect Umpire and Scorer for the Intercolonial Match, and to transact any other business that may be brought before the meeting.
JOHN M. GIBSON, Hon. Secretary.

THE PROPOSED EXTENSION TO REDFERN OF THE CITY OF SYDNEY IMPROVEMENT ACT.
A PUBLIC MEETING of the Ratepayers of the Borough of Redfern, will take place at the Town Hall, on WEDNESDAY, 12th instant, at half-past 7 in the evening, to consider the above question.
Chair to be taken by D. O'Connor, Esq., M.P.
ALFRED SKINNER,
Secretary.

SYDNEY PROGRESSIVE SOCIETY OF CARPENTERS AND JOINERS.—Usual Fortnightly MEETING POSTPONED to the 24th instant, to-day being a public holiday.
G. HAKEN, Secretary.

WORKING MEN'S Defence Association.—Meeting, To-night, Bathurst-st. Column. Martin Guest, chairman.

INDEPENDENT ORDER ODDFELLOWS, Waverley Branch.—A Public MEETING will be held at Mr. Whiffin's Hotel, Waverley, on TUESDAY, 11th November, at 8 p.m. Persons desirous of enroling their names as members can do so at half fees until opening night.
W. WILKES, Sec.

I. O. G. T., Lifeboat Lodge, No. 9.—Public MEETING, TO-NIGHT, at 7.30. Songs, recitations, &c.

LOYAL ORANGE INSTITUTION.—The Monthly MEETING of the GRAND LODGE will be held in the PROTESTANT HALL, TO-MORROW (Tuesday) EVENING, at 7.30 sharp.
ALEXR. GILCHRIST, G. S.

NO. 18, BOYNE L. O. L.—General MEETING POSTPONED to MONDAY, 17th. By order of W.M.

NO. 16 L. O. L.—Regular Monthly MEETING, on WEDNESDAY next, in Lodge-room, Palmer-street. Nominations for office, 1880, and other important business.
R. SUTTON, Secretary.

MASONIC.—District Grand Lodge New South Wales, English Constitution.—The Quarterly Communication of the District Grand Lodge will be holden at the Freemasons' Hall, York-street, on MONDAY, 17th instant, at 7.30 p.m.
By order of the R.W.D.G. Masters,
R. LEWORTHY, D.G. Secretary.
Sydney, 10th November, 1879.

MASONIC.—Lodge Manoah, 567, S. C.—This being a Holiday, Monthly MEETING Postponed till FRIDAY, 21st.

MASONIC.—LEINSTER MARINE LODGE OF AUSTRALIA No. 1.—Monthly MEETING, Masonic Temple, Clarence-street, THIS (Monday) EVENING, at 7 prompt.
J. LEE, Secretary.

MASONIC.—ROBERT BURNS LODGE, 817 E.C.—Regular Monthly MEETING POSTPONED to FRIDAY, the 14th instant.
J. W. NIXON, Secretary.

NOTICE.—P. A. F. S. of AUSTRALASIA, PRINCE of WALES LODGE No. 9, held at Congregational School, Queen-street, Woollahra. New members will be admitted at half fees on Tuesday, the 11th instant, at 8 p.m., upon the production of medical certificate from Dr. Pickburn, 16, College-street.
CHAS. FORSSBERG, Secretary.

TATTERSALL'S CLUB.—Settling Night over the late R. R. C. Meeting, MONDAY, November 17th.
A. H. PRINCE, Hon. Secretary.

USE the BONANZA for cleansing the teeth; it removes the tartar and strengthens the gums. Sold all chemists.

Educational.

A GOOD HANDWRITING or Bookkeeping taught in a few days. NORRIS'S Institute, 34, Park-street.

CIVIL Service Exam.—Three past last exam. New evening class forming. P. Bevill, M.A., 296, Victoria-street.

EXPERIENCED Piano TEACHER visits and gives Lessons at her residence. 31, Lower Fort-street.

HURSTVILLE COLLEGE, GOULBURN.—Head Master—J. DAVID SLY, M.A., LL.D., now Principal of Calder House, Redfern.
Resident Masters—H. C. BAKER, late Classical and Mathematical Scholar of Queen's College, Ireland.
J. N. DALTON, late of Trinity Hall, Cambridge.
The Principal of Calder House, Redfern, begs to intimate that he intends to remove to the above in January next.
Goulburn was specially chosen on account of its salubrity and bracing climate. Its elevation exceeds 2000 feet.
Hurstville is situate on a rising ground on the outskirts of Goulburn. It is surrounded by open country, and contains an area of nearly 20 acres in extent, including a fine recreation ground, planted with ornamental trees. It will possess, when completed, spacious schoolroom, dining hall, and dormitories.
In connection with the College there will be a library of books specially adapted to boys, a Magazine composed of articles written by members of the College, and a Literary and Musical Society.
A distinctive Uniform has been adopted, which it will be imperative for boys to wear on all occasions. Among other advantages this system tends to foster an "esprit de corps" to maintain a good tone among the boys, and to serve purposes of discipline.
Applications to be addressed, till the end of the year, to Calder House, Redfern.

LADIES' Fashionable WRITING taught in a few days, at Mr. NORRIS, 34, Park-street. Established 1851.

FARMER'S NEW CASH SYSTEM.
ALL GOODS AT WHOLESALE PRICES
Perhaps the largest parcel of TAPESTRY CARPETS ever imported by an Australian house is now on view in Messrs. FARMER'S Carpet Showrooms. The purchase has been made from
Messrs. JOHN CROSSLEY and SONS,
HALIFAX,
and for the splendid assortment, as much as for the exceedingly low price at which the goods are marked, is equally worthy an inspection. Messrs. FARMER and COMPANY unhesitatingly affirm that the QUALITY CARPET THEY ARE OFFERING HAS NEVER BEEN SOLD IN SYDNEY UNDER 3s 3d per yard, and is usually sold at 3s 6d. That they are now able to quote this quality at
HALF-A-CROWN PER YARD
is due to the fact that they are the largest carpet buyers in the Australian colonies, and that only the largest buyers could entertain a purchase of so great magnitude. It is also evidence of the value of their new cash system, which enables them to share the advantage of such purchase with their customers. For the convenience of customers at a distance, Messrs. FARMER and COMPANY append brief descriptions of a few of the patterns, as in the sale of these goods they are necessarily obliged to suspend the practice of forwarding samples, so great will certainly be the demand.

FARMER'S NEW CASH SYSTEM.
SEVENTEEN HUNDRED PIECES
MAGNIFICENT TAPESTRY CARPETS
at
WHOLESALE PRICES,
now on sale in the Carpet Showrooms, Victoria House, Pitt-street.

FARMER'S NEW CASH SYSTEM.
DRAWING-ROOM CARPETS.
No. 887 is a beautiful floral chintz on a salmon ground, similar in style to the Louis XVI. designs recently introduced by Messrs. Gillow, of London. A suitable carpet for a moderate-sized drawing-room.
The WHOLESALE PRICE of this CARPET is
HALF-A-CROWN PER YARD.

FARMER'S NEW CASH SYSTEM.
DRAWING-ROOM CARPETS.
No. 937 is a reproduction of a favourite salon pattern, period Louis XV. A magnificent white ground with charming bouquets of flowers. A carpet suitable for a large room. The WHOLESALE PRICE of which is
HALF-A-CROWN PER YARD.

FARMER'S NEW CASH SYSTEM.
DRAWING-ROOM CARPETS.
No. 759 is indeed a handsome carpet. A rich drab ground, with a new geometrical design, appropriately described in nice warm colours.
This carpet is quoted at the WHOLESALE PRICE, viz.,
HALF-A-CROWN PER YARD.

FARMER'S NEW CASH SYSTEM.
MAGNIFICENT DISPLAY
of
TAPESTRY CARPETS
in the
Carpet Show Rooms, Victoria House.
All buyers should inspect these really choice goods.

FARMER'S NEW CASH SYSTEM
DRAWING ROOM CARPETS.
No. 763. Here again is a beautiful white ground carpet fit for a spacious salon. The style is Louis XVI., and the pattern boquets of Moss Roses, beautifully described in trellis work of green, brown, and bronze, with chintz intermixed.
The WHOLESALE PRICE of this carpet is
HALF-A-CROWN PER YARD.

FARMER'S NEW CASH SYSTEM
DRAWING ROOM CARPETS.
No. 8951. Connoisseurs would consider this carpet a study. It is in the Anglo-Japanese style, with that marvellous combination of Oriental colouring, chiefly characteristic of this school. The WHOLESALE PRICE is
HALF-A-CROWN PER YARD.

FARMER'S NEW CASH SYSTEM.
DRAWING ROOM CARPETS.
No. 6360. A rich Black ground carpet that will well repay inspection. A carpet in the EARLY ENGLISH style, with charming foliage, the colours of which are silver grey, with Bronze intermixed. This carpet is quoted at the WHOLESALE PRICE, viz.,
HALF-A-CROWN PER YARD.

FARMER'S NEW CASH SYSTEM.
MAGNIFICENT DISPLAY
of
TAPESTRY CARPETS
for
THE DINING-ROOM,
at
HALF-A-CROWN PER YARD.

FARMER'S NEW CASH SYSTEM.
DINING-ROOM CARPETS.
No. 3331 is a stylish black ground carpet with floral design in scarlet. One of the most favourite styles and colourings ever produced. A carpet that commends itself to your judgment immediately. The WHOLESALE PRICE for this carpet is
HALF-A-CROWN PER YARD.

FARMER'S NEW CASH SYSTEM.
DINING-ROOM CARPETS.
No. 621 is a geometrical design. Turkey colourings, scarlet, green, and blue intermixed. Any one requiring a carpet the colourings of which will give hard and constant wear, need go no further. The WHOLESALE PRICE of this carpet is only
HALF-A-CROWN PER YARD.

FARMER'S NEW CASH SYSTEM.
DINING-ROOM CARPETS.
No. 615. Another geometrical design in scarlet, blue, and black. The pattern here is well described. This carpet would suit a dining-room, say 18 x 24. The WHOLESALE PRICE is
HALF-A-CROWN PER YARD.

FARMER'S NEW CASH SYSTEM.
VERY TEMPTING DISPLAY
of
DINING-ROOM CARPETS,
at
WHOLESALE PRICES.
VICTORIA HOUSE, PITT AND GEORGE STREETS.

FARMER'S NEW CASH SYSTEM.
DINING-ROOM CARPETS.
No. 691 is a Persian design, quite a study. It has nice warm colourings, to wit, maroon, scarlet, black, and blue. Would be suitable for a library or reading-room, as well as for a dining-room. The WHOLESALE PRICE of this handsome carpet is
HALF-A-CROWN PER YARD.

FARMER'S NEW CASH SYSTEM.
DINING-ROOM CARPETS.
No. 635. A white-ground Turkey Carpet, the pattern beautifully described in scarlet, lake, and green. A carpet that will, without doubt, be one of the first selected from this really first-class shipment. The WHOLESALE PRICE of this Carpet is also
HALF-A-CROWN PER YARD.

FARMER'S NEW CASH SYSTEM.
DINING-ROOM CARPETS.
No. 596 is an EARLY ENGLISH design. A carpet in which the most captious critic could not detect a fault. The colourings blend harmoniously, black and blue and gold.
THE WHOLESALE PRICE IS HALF-A-CROWN PER YARD.

FARMER'S NEW CASH SYSTEM
CHOICE BEDROOM STYLES
in
TAPESTRY CARPETS
at
HALF-A-CROWN PER YARD.

FARMER'S NEW CASH SYSTEM
BEDROOM CARPETS.
No. 152.—A pea-green ground, with floral design, in Drab and Chintz. A very suitable carpet for a small room. Bright and cheerful. This carpet is quoted at the WHOLESALE PRICE,
HALF-A-CROWN PER YARD.

FARMER'S NEW CASH SYSTEM
BEDROOM CARPETS.
No. 154.—A capital carpet for a moderate-sized room. Drab ground, with small bouquets of drab and chintz described thereon. WHOLESALE PRICE,
HALF-A-CROWN PER YARD.

FARMER'S NEW CASH SYSTEM.
BEDROOM CARPETS.
No. 143.—Is a geometrical design in drab and blue. A carpet that will be one of the first selected. WHOLESALE PRICE,
HALF-A-CROWN PER YARD.

FARMER'S NEW CASH SYSTEM.
BEDROOM CARPETS.
No. 277.—A handsome geometrical design on a salmon ground, suitable for a large bedroom. WHOLESALE PRICE,
HALF-A-CROWN PER YARD.

FARMER'S NEW CASH SYSTEM.
BEDROOM CARPETS.
No. 332.—Is an early English design, drab ground with trellis of flowers. WHOLESALE PRICE,
HALF-A-CROWN PER YARD.

FARMER'S NEW CASH SYSTEM.
No. 366.—A carpet that cannot pass unnoticed. Black ground with handsome floral design in sage and bronze. WHOLESALE PRICE,
HALF-A-CROWN PER YARD.

Amusements.

THEATRE ROYAL.

Lessee ... Mr. Samuel Lazar
Stage Manager ... Mr. B. N. Jones
Scenic Artist ... Mr. W. J. Wilson.

CONTINUED and WONDERFUL SUCCESS of MISS MAGGIE MOORE and Mr. J. C. WILLIAMSON.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
THE CURTAIN RISES PUNCTUALLY AT 7.45.
During this Engagement the FREE LIST will be entirely suspended. Public Press excepted.

THIS (Monday) EVENING, November 10, 1879, LAST NIGHT BUT FOUR of THE NEW VERSION of STRUCK OIL and THE CHINESE QUESTION, which must be withdrawn in the MIDST OF THEIR SUCCESS in order to produce ON SATURDAY NEXT, with GREAT SPLENDOUR the FIRST AUTHORISED VERSION in Australia of H. M. S. PINAFORE.

☞ CAUTION!—The plays "Struck Oil," and the "Chinese Question," are the sole property of J. C. WILLIAMSON.

In order that the PERFORMANCE MAY TERMINATE IN TIME FOR THE SUBURBAN TRAINS, the CURTAIN WILL RISE at a QUARTER TO EIGHT. DOORS OPEN AT 7 O'CLOCK.

The BOX PLAN will be at the THE THEATRE ROYAL OFFICE THIS DAY, in consequence of the public holiday, where SEATS CAN BE SECURED and TICKETS OBTAINED for ALL PARTS OF THE AUDITORIUM.

MASKED BALL, EXHIBITION BUILDING, Prince of Wales Birthnight. DRESSES OF ALL KINDS ON HIRE.
Treasurer, Theatre Royal.

SCHOOL OF ARTS.

Under the patronage of his Excellency Lord AUGUSTUS LOFTUS, G.C.B.

GREAT SUCCESS
Great Success
Great Success
Great Success
Great Success
Great Success
Great Success
Great Success
Great Success
Great Success
Great Success
Great Success
Great Success
Great Success

EVERY NIGHT.

NEW ZEALAND and its WARRIORS
25 Maoris, 7 Ladies.
in their Wonderful and Unique Entertainment.

With beautiful Lime-light Illustrations of New Zealand.

Prices of Admission: 3s., 2s., 1s.; for Reserved Seats, 4s.

Doors open at 7.30 p.m., and commence at 8 p.m.

Carriages at 10.15 p.m.

OPEN TO-DAY, at 2 O'CLOCK, and TO-NIGHT, at 7 O'CLOCK.

BURTON'S AUSTRALIAN CIRCUS, HAYMARKET.

The Best Place of Amusement in Sydney.

Brilliant Reception on Saturday night of the GREAT WALHALLA BROTHERS, Champion Gymnasts of the World.

Madame CORDELIA WOMBOLD, The greatest Lady Rider living.

Professor WOMBOLD and SON'S Marvellous Risley Performance.

JOHNNY COWAN, Australia's Jester.

JONES, COUSENS, and BRAME, the dashing Australian Horsemen.

Five Clowns. The Beautiful Horses and Ponies.

The greatest company ever in Sydney.

DAY PERFORMANCE THIS DAY at 2 o'clock. Children, to either part of the tent, Sixpence.

Special Programme for the holidays, concluding with the exciting and interesting Sporting Sketch, THE GRAND NATIONAL STEEPLECHASE.

The Maypole Dance. The Kicking Donkey, "Barney."

5000 spectators can be comfortably seated in the monster marquee of this establishment.

Free List entirely suspended. Press excepted. Representatives of the country Press are invited to make application to the manager for the usual pass.

Pit, 1s; stalls, 2s; circle, 3s; reserved chairs, 4s.
W. WOODYEAR, Business Manager.

BURTON'S GREAT AUSTRALIAN CIRCUS FOR SALE.

Mr. HENRY BURTON, for thirty years proprietor of this first-class Equestrian Establishment, being about to retire from the business, the splendid stud of Horses, complete Plant, Wardrobe, Vehicles, Harness, &c., &c., is offered for SALE.

Particulars may be obtained from the Business Manager, at the Circus Office.

This is a splendid opportunity to a smart business man.

Arrangements may be made for immediate possession, or at the termination of the Sydney season in January next.

ST. ANDREW'S DAY.

The Highland Society of New South Wales will commemorate the day by a GRAND CONCERT, in the Protestant Hall, on the evening of MONDAY, 1st December.
GEORGE CHRISTIE, Hon. Sec.

TEMPERANCE HALL.—A Grand Complimentary Benefit tendered to Mr. Morris Murray, an old professional, who has met with a severe accident, when the following talented artists have kindly consented to appear:—Barry O'Neill, Frank Lloyd, J. Hegarty, W. Ryan, C. Harris, Baby Garrick, C. Hanigan, Miss Amy Leslie, A. Blanchard, Lady Amateur, and Miss E. Ahern. The Young Australian Band will also be in attendance. Admission—3s, 2s, 1s. W. RICHARDSON, Manager.

UNDER THE PATRONAGE AND IN THE PRESENCE OF
His Excellency Lord AUGUSTUS LOFTUS, G.C.B.,
The Members of the Government,
The Commissioners of the International Exhibition.

THE ASSOCIATION CRICKET GROUND.

INTERCOLONIAL CRICKET MATCH.

VICTORIA v. NEW SOUTH WALES.

FRIDAY, the 21st November
SATURDAY, the 22nd November
MONDAY, the 24th November.

Admission to Ground, 1s.; to Grand Stand and Lawn, 2s. extra.
JOHN M. GIBSON,
Hon. Secretary N. S. W. Cricket Association.

THE ASSOCIATION CRICKET GROUND.

CRICKET MATCH
THIS DAY, MONDAY, 10th November.
NEWTOWN v. SOUTH SYDNEY.
Admission, 6d.
JOHN M. GIBSON,
Hon. Secretary.

REV. JOHN A. DOWIE'S EVANGELISTIC MISSION.

PICNIC TO CREMORNE, TO-DAY. CREMORNE, TO-DAY.
The favourite steamers MINX and AGENORIA will leave the Circular Quay every half-hour, and Woolloomooloo Bay every hour from 8 a.m. A steamer will leave PYRMONT at 9 o'clock, calling at Darling-street, Balmain.
Hot and cold water free. Refreshments at Sydney prices. Fare, 1s 6d; children, half price. If you want to enjoy yourself come to CREMORNE.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.

EXCURSION TO VAUCLUSE.
PRINCE OF WALES'S BIRTHDAY, November 10th.
Steamer QUANDONG leaves Circular Quay at 9, 10, 11.45, and 2 o'clock, calling at Woolloomooloo Bay at 9.30, 12, 2.30 p.m.
First steamer returns at 3.30 p.m.
REFRESHMENTS TO BE HAD ON THE GROUNDS.
Tickets, 2s each. Cold and hot water provided.
DAVID WALKER, Gen. Sec.

BATHURST-STREET BAPTIST SUNDAY-SCHOOL.

ANNUAL EXCURSION
TO PEARL BAY, THIS DAY, November 10.
The favourite and powerful steamer,
ROYAL ALFRED,
will leave the new Wharf, next the North Shore Ferry,
CIRCULAR QUAY, at 8, 10.30, and 12.45,
WOOLLOOMOOLOO BAY at 10.45.
TICKETS, 2s each; Children, 1s.
REFRESHMENTS TO BE OBTAINED ON THE GROUNDS.
HOT AND COLD WATER FREE.
Special advantages for family parties. No crushing on the Quay, having the sole use of the new Wharf. Spacious grounds and beautiful scenery.

PICNICS.

PRIVATE FAMILIES desirous of spending an enjoyable pleasant day, without being overcrowded in small steamers, will do well to patronize the Drawing-room Saloon Steamers, FAIRLIGHT and EMU, also the MYSTERY, running half-hourly after 9 o'clock a.m. to MANLY BEACH.

SCHOOL of ARTS HALL will be to LET, in a few days. Apply to John Rogers, agent for lessees at the Institution.

VICTORIA THEATRE.

Stage Manager ... Mr. J. H. RAINFORD.

PRINCE OF WALES' BIRTHDAY.

TO-NIGHT, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 10.

SECOND REPRESENTATION of Professor PEPPER'S ORIGINAL ROMANTIC DRAMA,
HERMES AND THE ALCHYMIST
Hermes and The Alchymist
Hermes and The Alchymist,
supported by the FULL DRAMATIC COMPANY, with Startling Scientific Illustrations,

MECHANICAL EFFECTS.

SUPERB SCENERY.

Also, Professor Pepper's Great Illusion, METEMPSYCHOSIS, and the ELECTRIC LIGHT.

The Orchestra has been still further strengthed by the valuable addition of Mr. R. W. KOHLER and Company.

The whole produced under the personal direction and supervision of PROFESSOR PEPPER.

NO ADVANCE IN PRICES.

VICTORIA THEATRE.—PRINCE OF WALES' BIRTHDAY.—Tickets for all parts of the Theatre may be obtained at the Dress Circle entrance, from 10 to 4.

MASONIC HALL.

MONDAY, 17th November, at 8 p.m.
Under the Patronage and Presence of his Excellency Lord AUGUSTUS LOFTUS and the whole MINISTRY.
POSITIVELY ONLY ONE!
GRAND PIANO RECITAL
of the great
RUSSIAN
PIANISTE OF MOSCOW
who will appear in her splendid
NATIONAL COURT DRESS
and play the whole evening
QUITE ALONE!
All pieces of the Programme
PER HEART

Plan, Programmes, and Tickets, at NICHOLSON and ASCHERBERG'S.

PRINCE OF WALES BIRTHDAY—CONCERT and BALL, Exhibition Building. Pay at the gates.

EXHIBITION BUILDING, Alfred Park.—Promenade Concert and Fancy Ball. Admission, Three Shillings.

EXHIBITION BUILDING, ALFRED PARK.—Prince of Wales' Birthday.—GRAND CARNIVAL.

PRINCE OF WALES' BIRTHDAY.—PROMENADE Concert and Fancy Dress Ball, Exhibition Building.

MASQUED BALL and PROMENADE CONCERT,—numerous attractions Prince of Wales' Birthday.

EXHIBITION BUILDING, PRINCE OF WALES' BIRTHDAY.—Splendid Band (Headquarters) engaged.

THE MOST POPULAR ARTISTES of the day engaged for the PROMENADE CONCERT.

THE CARANDINIS will Sing at the Exhibition Building, Alfred Park, Prince of Wales' Birthday.

THE GREAT PEDESTRIAN TOURNAMENT

FORTY-EIGHT HOURS.
GO AS YOU PLEASE.
THURSDAY, FRIDAY, and SATURDAY NEXT, November 13th, 14th, and 15th.

The following celebrated Pedestrians will compete in this great INTERNATIONAL CONTEST:—
W. EDWARDS (the Champion), England
H. THOMAS, America
J. CAMPBELL, Scotland
J. M'FADDEN (the postman), Ireland
J. C. WILLIAMS, Wales
J. LEWIS, Australia
H. RUSHWORTH, England
G. KING, England
R. M'DERMOTT, Australia
G. WILLIAMS, England.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
This sensational contest will commence on THURSDAY EVENING next, at 10 p.m., previous to which there will be a GRAND CONCERT, commencing at 8 o'clock, and concluding shortly before 10, in order to allow the great Tournament to commence punctually at 10 p.m.

A HOST OF TALENT has been specially engaged for the Concert.
A splendid BAND will play choice selections at intervals.
REFRESHMENTS of every description will be obtainable in the building.
Doors open on Thursday evening at 7.30.
Admission: Gallery (promenade), 1s; body of hall, 2s; inner circle (chairs), 3s.

ATHOL GARDENS.—THIS DAY

PRINCE OF WALES' BIRTHDAY.

FIRST POPULAR FAMILY PICNIC OF THE SEASON.

COME AND SEE THE GREAT IMPROVEMENTS and ATTENDANCE AT ATHOL GARDENS.

ENGAGEMENT OF PROFESSOR C. J. SINGLETON, THE GRAND VENTRILOQUIST, WITH ALL HIS FUNNY LITTLE PEOPLE. 20 IN NUMBER.

EXTRAORDINARY COMBINATION. GREAT VARIETY TROUPE, DIRECT FROM LONDON; THEIR FIRST APPEARANCE IN THE COLONIES. ALSO, PROFESSOR SINGLETON'S ORIGINAL ENGLISH PUNCH AND JUDY ENTERTAINMENT, FAR SUPERIOR TO ANYTHING YET EXHIBITED.

COME OUT EXPRESSLY FOR THE EXHIBITION.

AMUSING LAUGHABLE PANTOMIMES, FARCICAL, WHIMSICAL, SIDE-SPLITTING SKETCHES, &c.

LITTLE GRIMALDI, in conjunction with Mr. PUNCH, will give his celebrated CLOWN ACT, HOKIPOKI, &c.

NO PLACE LIKE ATHOL TO SPEND THE DAY.
UNSURPASSED VIEWS and MAGNIFICENT FORTIFICATIONS.

STEAMERS ALL DAY, from half-past 8 up to 3 o'clock, from CIRCULAR QUAY, CALLING IN CONSTANTLY AT WOOLLOOMOOLOO BAY.
NO WAITING. NO TROUBLE GETTING HOME AGAIN.

DANCING ALL DAY from 10 o'clock till dark.

THE PICKED FAVOURITE ALBION BAND.

Adults' return tickets, 1s 6d.
Children under 12, 1s.

GRAND SUBSTANTIAL DINNER AT ATHOL, THIS DAY, FOR ONE SHILLING, IN TOP PAVILION.
Also TEA, COFFEE, PASTRY, FRUIT, ICE CREAM, &c., at A REASONABLE PRICE.
FUN and AMUSEMENT ALL DAY.
COME EARLY. BRING THE CHILDREN.
STRICT ORDER KEPT ON THE GROUND.
NO HAWKERS ALLOWED. PARTIES IN BOATS NOT PERMITTED TO LAND WITHOUT TICKETS.

EXCURSION TO MANLY BEACH, PRINCE OF WALES' BIRTHDAY, November 10.
Drawing Saloon Steamers FAIRLIGHT
EMU.
Also Steamer MYSTERY.
Starting from Circular Quay at 9.30 a.m., calling at Woolloomooloo Bay, and every half-hour until 2.30 p.m. The latest trip from Manly Beach at 6 p.m., Sydney 5.30 p.m.
BRASS BAND ENGAGED FOR DANCING.
FARE—RETURN TICKET, 1s 6d; children, 1s.
N.B.—Early trips leaving Sydney at 7.15 a.m., and Manly Beach 8.10.

FERN BAY PRIVATE PICNIC.—PRINCE OF WALES' BIRTHDAY.

Steamers start from foot of King-street, at 10, 11, 11.25, 12.15, 1, and 2 p.m.; and from Woolloomooloo Bay, at 10 a.m. sharp. Albion Band engaged. THOMAS MAGNEY, Hon. Sec.

PARRAMATTA RACES.

PRINCE OF WALES' BIRTHDAY, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 10.

GREAT ATTRACTION, EXCURSION TRAINS at cheap fares.
Only one hour's pleasant ride from Sydney.
SEVEN first-class RACES to be decided.
Upwards of FIFTY different HORSES engaged.
All kinds of REFRESHMENTS on the Grounds.
A beautiful PARK in which to enjoy yourself.
And that splendid Brass BAND (The Cumberland), will perform.

HANDICAP HURDLE RACE—Seven entries.

THE FLYING HANDICAP—Twenty entries.

PRINCE OF WALES' STAKES—Seven entries.

HANDICAP GALLOWAY RACE—Twelve entries.

CUMBERLAND HANDICAP—Seventeen entries.

THE PARK STAKES (Post entrance.)

FORCED HANDICAP.

ODDFELLOWS' HALL, Ashfield.—A select Quadrille Assembly on Prince of Wales Birthnight, November 10. Ashfield Brass Band engaged. Dancing to commence at 8 o'clock. Double tickets, 3s; single, 2s.

DANCING.—National Hall, Castlereagh-street, This and every Monday Evening, commence at 8 o'clock. Admission this Evening, 2s 6d.

A SELECT QUADRILLE PARTY,
THIS EVENING, November 10.
Mrs ARNOLD'S Rooms,
163, Dowling-street, Woolloomooloo.

MR. C. BAILEY'S Quadrille ASSEMBLY ROOM will be Open This (Monday) Evening, Hay-st., Haymarket.

DANCING.—Mr. J. HALL'S Assembly, THIS EVENING, Oddfellows' Hall, Sussex-street.

NEWTOWN QUADRILLE PARTY.—Mr. A. Read will open his New Hall, on Prince of Wales' Birthnight, at 8 o'clock.
Tickets to be had at Warwick House, close to Station.

MR. C. BAILEY'S Quadrille Assembly Rooms will be open THIS (Monday) EVENING, Hay-street, Haymarket.

AN ENJOYABLE EVENING.—Moran's Select Dancing Saloon, Weston-street, Balmain, Re-opens TUESDAY, the 11th instant, at 8 o'clock. Violin and Dulcimer. Admission, one shilling.

INTERNATIONAL HALL, op. Protestant Hall.—Select Quadrille Party, To-night. Admission, 1s 6d. S. Band.

DANCING.—Mr. W. KING'S Assembly, Prince of Wales' Birthnight, New Oddfellows' Hall, Elizabeth-street.

YOUNG Australian Band.—TO-NIGHT, Quadrille Party, Protestant Hall. Double tickets, 3s 6d; single, 2s.

QUEEN'S THEATRE

Lessees ... Messrs. Baker and Farron
Business Manager ... Liddy.

SUCCESS, SUCCESS
SUCCESS, SUCCESS.

EXTRAORDINARY ANNOUNCEMENT
Extraordinary Announcement,
FOR THE HOLIDAY WEEK ONLY,
TO-NIGHT, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 10.
Mr. J. T. FARRON
will, for the first time, appear in Irish drama,
THE IRISH EMIGRANT
The Irish Emigrant.

O'BRIEN ... Mr. T. J. FARRON
with entirely new songs, including "Malone's at the Back of the Bar," "My Son, Charley," and by request, "Babes in our Block," making in all
A GRAND DOUBLE BILL.

Messrs. BAKER and FARRON have much pleasure in announcing that they have made arrangements for a short season with Mr. SAM EMERY, who will produce several of his sterling old dramas, commencing with a two-act drama (written by his old and esteemed friend, the late John Baldwin Buckstone), entitled
THE LOST SON
The Lost Son.

LUKE ... Mr. SAM EMERY
Full cast of characters.

Tickets for all parts of the house, and seats reserved TO-DAY at the Theatre, from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.
Popular Prices—2s, 2s, 1s.

BALMAIN REGATTA.

SECOND-CLASS YACHT RACE.

TWENTY SOVEREIGNS will be added to the LAIDLEY Trophy (the prize in this race). 10 sovereigns, the gift of J. H. WANT, Esq.; 10 sovereigns added by the Committee.
J. L. ADAMS, } Joint
M. A. H. FITZHARDINGE, } Secretaries.

BALMAIN REGATTA.

Moorings will be laid for all the sailing races, except the yachts.
J. L. ADAMS, } Joint Hon.
M. A. H. FITZHARDINGE, } Secs.

BALMAIN REGATTA.

Steamers for the Flagship from bottom of Erskine-street every fifteen minutes, first steamer 9.45 a.m.
Tickets for Flagship at steamers' wharf and stage at Flagship.

BALMAIN REGATTA.

STEAMERS will ply from the foot of Erskine-street (right hand side) every quarter of an hour to Flagship and Regatta.
Extra steamers for the convenience of the public.
Balmain Dry Dock Steam Ferry.

BALMAIN REGATTA.—Steamers from foot of Erskine-street (right hand side) every quarter of an hour throughout the day.
Balmain Dry Dock Steam Ferry.

GRAND NATIONAL DEMONSTRATION
INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION,
PRINCE OF WALES BIRTHDAY.

FRIENDLY and TRADE SOCIETIES PROCESSION.

To assemble on Prince Alfred Park, at half-past 9 a.m. on MONDAY, 10th November, and proceed via Castlereagh, Devonshire, George, Bridge, and Macquarie streets, to main entrance of the Garden Palace, when on production of Demonstration Committee's Tickets, members and others will be allowed to enter. The grand opening of the FINE ART GALLERY will take place that day.

The Committee have arranged for the use of the AGRICULTURAL HALL and CRIPPS' LARGE PAVILION, for DANCING.

Persons taking part in the Procession are requested to wear full Regalia or a distinguishing Badge or Rosette.

Tickets may be obtained from any of the members of the working Committee as follows:—Mr. John Gelding, Markets; G. Lane 474, Kent-street; W. Smith, Macquarie-street South; W. Walker, 1, Gipps-street; A. Walker, South Head Road, Paddington; E. Deacon, Redfern-street, Redfern; George Palmer, 3 and 4, Markets; M. Hunter, 86, Albion-street; John Slade, 173, Pitt-street; J. Kennedy, John-terrace, Paddington; E. Schofield, Atlas Works; W. T. Kelly, Pitt and Bathurst streets; R. Veseys, King-street West; F. Grant, 230, Dowling-street; C. J. Lane, King-street, Newtown; G. T. Sutton, 184, Riley-street; T. H. Dodds, Campbell-street, Surry Hills; C. T. Peirce, Regent-street, Newtown; Mr. R. Balls, 165, York-street.

Tickets, one shilling each; children, sixpence.

Luncheon.—Mr. J. F. Cripps will provide a good substantial luncheon for one shilling, from 12 to 2.

Commemoration Medals to be struck specially for the day, by Mr. Evan Jones, for sale in the building, or 11, Hunter-street.
G. T. SUTTON, Chairman.
T. H. DODDS, } Secretaries.
C. T. PEIRCE, }

I. O. G. T. UNDER R. W. G. L. of the WORLD.—GRAND NATIONAL DEMONSTRATION, PRINCE OF WALES' BIRTHDAY.—Brothers of above Order are invited to meet at Temperance Hall, on MONDAY, the 10th instant, at 9 a.m. Officers to wear their Regalia, other members the Collar of their Degree, or a Tricolor Rosette.
Tickets and Rosettes can be obtained at Temperance Hall.
JAMES B. PRICE, G.W. Secretary.

GRAND NATIONAL DEMONSTRATION

PRINCE OF WALES' BIRTHDAY.

Members of the G. U. O. O. F. are requested to take notice that at a meeting of the Sydney District Committee it was unanimously determined by resolution that we decline to take part in the above demonstration. By order of the D. M.
PHILIP NEWLAND, D.M.

GRAND NATIONAL DEMONSTRATION.

INDEPENDENT ORDER OF ODDFELLOWS, MANCHESTER UNITY.

MEMBERS of the above Society are requested to take notice that by a special resolution of the G.M. and Board of Directors they are respectfully invited to take part in the Grand National Demonstration of Friendly Societies, on MONDAY, 10th November, 1879.

Members are requested to meet at the Oddfellows' Hall, Elizabeth-street, Sydney, on MONDAY, the 10th November, at 9 o'clock, a.m.

By order of the G.M. and Board of Directors.
WILLIAM SMITH, G.M.
EDWIN SCHOFIELD, D.G.M.
G. T. SUTTON, C.S.

GRAND NATIONAL DEMONSTRATION.

ANCIENT ORDER OF FORESTERS.

NEW SOUTH WALES DISTRICT.

Members of the above order are invited to take part in the Friendly Societies' Demonstration on the 10th November, 1879.

Members to meet at the Foresters' Hall on MONDAY, November 10 next, at 9 a.m.

Tickets to be had from the District Officers, and at the Hall.
E. DADD, D.C.R.
J. CROPLEY, D.T.
W. O. FOX, D.S.

P.S.—Members are particularly requested to buy tickets for themselves, families, and friends from the officers; and members not having regalia can be supplied with rosettes by the officers and M.C.

EXHIBITION DEMONSTRATION. — COURT SYDNEY.—ANCIENT ORDER OF FORESTERS will meet at Wheatsheaf Inn, 10 a.m. TO-DAY.
F. KING, Sec.

GRAND NATIONAL DEMONSTRATION.—PRINCE OF WALES' BIRTHDAY.
No. 4 Loyal Alfred Lodge, Protestant Alliance Friendly Society of Australasia.—Members will please MEET at Protestant Hall at 9 a.m., to join procession.
W. H. BAYLEY, W.M.

GRAND STEAM EXCURSION TO SANDRINGHAM AND SANS SOUCI, GEORGE'S RIVER.

PRINCE OF WALES' BIRTHDAY, MONDAY, November 10.

The powerful steamship
TRUGANINI, 300 tons,
will leave the Grafton Wharf, calling at Sandringham and Sans Souci, George's River, on MONDAY next, PRINCE OF WALES' BIRTHDAY, at 9.30 a.m.
RETURN TICKET, 3s.
Luncheon provided on board at 1s 6d.
The TRUGANINI having been chartered specially for this excursion, no overcrowding will be allowed, and only a limited number carried.
HENRY DAVIS, Caterer.

NO OCCASION to pay 5s to go to Sandringham, when you can go to SANS SOUCI for 3s in an ocean-going steamer, and brass band engaged.
H. DAVIS.

STEAM EXCURSION, SANDRINGHAM, GEORGE'S RIVER.

The fast and favourite steamer COLLAROY will leave the Circular Quay, at 9.30 a.m.; returning at 5 o'clock p.m. Cricket, Quoits, Bowls, Swings, Rounders, and other amusements to please the visitors. Mrs. KEARN'S first-class BRASS BAND will accompany the steamer, and DANCING will be carried on during the day in the spacious pavilion.
LUNCHEON, in first-class style, at Prince of Wales Hotel, 2s 6d. Return Fare, 5s; children half-price.
J. G. W. M'CURDY.

TO INTENDING EXCURSIONISTS TO SANDRINGHAM, GEORGE'S RIVER.

I beg to inform persons intending to visit SANDRINGHAM, on MONDAY, the 10th, that no other steamer but the one chartered by me, the s.s. COLLAROY, will be allowed to land passengers at my wharf; also, that the ticket showing that they came by the Collaroy will require to be produced to entitle them to dance in the Pavilion.
VISITORS should be careful and not take the MONEY STEAMERS. The COLLAROY will leave Circular Quay at 9.30 a.m.
J. G. W. M'CURDY,
Prince of Wales Hotel, Sandringham, November 7th.

SANS SOUCI.
PRINCE OF WALES' BIRTHDAY.
Four-horse 'buses leave Emerson's, King-street, 10 o'clock sharp.
Brass Band engaged. Return fare, 3s.
Tickets on Sale at EMERSON'S.

CLONTARF. CLONTARF.—PRINCE OF WALES' BIRTHDAY.
Metropolitan Band. S.s. Commodore and Breadalbane from Circular Quay, 9 30 till 2.30; Clontarf last trip, 6 p.m.

THIS DAY. BOTANY. BOTANY. BOTANY.
SIR JOSEPH BANKS PAVILION.

THIS DAY—Dancing in Sir Joseph Banks Pavilion.

THIS DAY—Young Australian Hotel, Sir Joseph Banks Pavilion

PRINCE OF WALES' BIRTHDAY—Sir Joseph Banks Pavilion.

THIS DAY—Dancing on Sir Joseph Banks Lawn.

FREE. FREE. FREE.

THIS DAY—TWO Splendid Brass Bands.

THIS DAY—JOHNNY COWAN, Sir Joseph Banks Pavilion.

THIS DAY—FRANK LLOYD. Sir Joseph Banks Pavilion.

THIS DAY—BARRY O'NEIL, Sir Joseph Banks Pavilion.

THIS DAY—GORDON BARKER, PAT MOLLOY, BLANCHARD, and GUS. SAUERBIER.

THIS DAY—'BUSES to Sir Joseph Banks Pavilion every few minutes.

ARCHBISHOP VAUGHAN AT WEST BALMAIN.

The ceremony of laying the foundation stone in Weston-street, West Balmain, was performed yesterday afternoon by his Grace Archbishop Vaughan, in the presence of over 1000 persons. The new school is intended to supply an educational want long felt among the Catholic residents of the district. The building will measure 100 feet in length, and 26 feet in width, and will be capable of accommodating 300 children. The working men in that district have been long engaged in energetically assisting Father Dillon in providing school accommodation not only by their contributions, but also by their gratuitous labours in the mornings and evenings, before and after their usual working hours. By the efforts of these parishioners twelve allotments (each measuring 100 feet by 30 feet) have been purchased, and the new school building will occupy a good position on these allotments. Among the gentlemen present at yesterday's gathering were the following:—Revs. F. E. Torreggiani, P. Hoolihan, O.S.F.; P. J. Mahony, Walsh, Dalton, S.J.; G. Dillon, Dean Dwyer, and Pere Garavell, Messrs. D. O'Connor, M.L.A.; W. J. Coonan, M.L.A.; W. H. Archer (Knight of the Ecclesiastical Order of St. Gregory), J. J. Donovan, J.P.; and a number of other well-known gentlemen.

Archbishop VAUGHAN, prior to laying the foundation stone, addressed the gathering as follows:—It was only the other day that I had the gratification of laying the foundation stone of a school at Forest Lodge—where, in a few minutes, six hunded pounds were subscribed—before the end of this month I shall be doing the same for the great schools at Darlinghurst, and now I am here, in the midst of our Catholic working men, just about to perform the same ceremony for Father Dillon; and I suppose, to say some few words upon the all-absorbing topic of Catholic education. And first of all I must express to you my unfeigned delight at being in the midst of you this evening. I look upon you, the Catholic working-men of this district, with eyes and feelings of especial sympathy and admiration. You know that if you were travelling in Yorkshire, and you began to tell a Yorkshire man how much you admired Mr. So and So., that Yorkshireman would at once turn upon you sharp, and ask—What did he give you? Now, what is it that you have given me, to compel me to speak of you in the terms in which I have spoken? I will tell you: you have given me the consciousness that the very poorest of our people possess that true Catholic spirit which shows itself in great and noble works. You, the Catholic people of Balmain, you are descended from a race which has ever loved faith better than life, and which possesses an innate generosity which is, I think I may say it, especial to the Irish character. Let me for one moment quote the words of a great Protestant historian. He says:—"A standard of domestic virtue, a delicacy of female honour, was gradually formed amongst the Irish poor higher than in any other part of the empire, and unsurpassed if not unequalled in Europe. The very extension of poverty and mendicancy had produced among them a rare and touching spirit of charity, a readiness to share with one another the last crust and the last potato. Domestic affections were more than commonly warm. The memorable fact that in the present century not less than twenty millions of pounds have been sent back in the space of twenty years by those who went for the most part as penniless emigrants to America, to their relatives in Ireland, illustrates a side of the Irish character which was already noticed by many observers; and, in modern times, concerning which alone we can speak with confidence, infanticide, desertion, wife-murder, and other crimes indicating a low state of domestic morality have been much rarer among the Irish poor than among the corresponding classes in England." I find these pregnant words of Mr. Lecky, regarding the generosity of the Irish people, borne out as to their truth wherever I go throughout the colony. Their hand is set to every good work, and their charity is unbounded. So far, in general. But what have you the people of Balmain, done, that you should be numbered amongst those who have proved themselves worthy of this praise? Let me say what you have done for the sake of those who may not know. I will take the whole district served by Father Dillon. First, take Balmain proper. There you have a convent, to begin with, which, in round numbers, will have cost £6500, and I am told that improvements and internal fittings and arrangements have entailed another £1000. On all this the debt has been reduced to £1500. Father Dillon puts down the schools connected with the Church at £1300. But my main point is this—for I want my audience to know what these people have done to make me praise them—that the labouring men and the citizens and the shipcarpenters have done what thousands did before them in the Ages of Faith,—they have given the work of their hands and the sweat of their brow to the service of the Church. The church, for one reason and another had fallen into great disrepair. The schools had become too small. What did these people do? For fifteen months they worked double tides—that is, after the toil and drudge of their daily work was over, instead of enjoying during the rest of the evening their well-earned repose, they set to work again on the church and on the schools, and began their labour of love. In the summer time they left off labour at 4 p.m., and then set to working for the schools and the Church till close of night. In winter they were not deterred, even by darkness, for I am told they laboured by lamplight at this great and glorious work for God. I say those hands and arms will be blessed, those wearied feet will "walk in ways of peace," for our Lord must love such men as these, who thus spend themselves in His service. Father Dillon tells me that he values the labours of these men at £400. What have these men given me? A glorious example of Christian workmen, working after working hours, and deep into the night, for the Church of their fathers. Let us now come nearer home still. Look at the ground beneath your feet; look at this large property where we are assembled. How came it into our possession? I say we owe it to the Catholic working men. These gentlemen—and they are the true gentlemen of the land in its highest sense—these gentlemen formed a committee and bought the land, and petitioned me to send the Sisters of the Good Samaritan to teach in the schools they had erected. Two of these gentlemen held the land till the appointment of Father Dillon, and then they made it over to the Church. The school itself cost £700, and £300 have been spent in furniture and appliances. The land is valued at £800, making a total of £1800, with a debt remaining of £560. In one word, taking the two centres of labour, the Convent costing £7500, the schools of St. Augustine £1300, and those of St. Joseph £1800, we may say safely that over £10,000 have been spent in the advancement of morality and religion in the district. And this money has, at least in part, been collected, I think I may say in great part, by the weekly subscriptions of the poorer classes who, together with their religion, have brought into this country that splendid generosity which is especial to the Irish people. I think, ladies and gentlemen, that I have now satisfied my imaginary Yorkshire friend; and I believe that even he would be constrained to admit that I have very good reason, indeed, for praising the Catholic workmen of Balmain. And now if they will let me I will tell a bit of my mind to all honest, liberal-minded men with regard to those great events which are casting their dark and gloomy shadows before. They say in the country that when a storm is coming of unusual violence, the animals become unusually quiet in the fields, and there seems to be a hush in nature, till suddenly the cataracts of heaven open, and the thunder bellows as the forked lightning flashes on every side and shivers and chars, and turns into a black wreck the noblest tree of the forest. Though things cannot well be as bad this, I will not conceal from you or from myself that there are signs in the heavens of that which of all things else in a free country is likely to produce such a storm as no bishop or priest would be able to avert. I refer to the spirit of tyranny and persecution that seems as if it was about to be unchained. Am I not an Englishman standing here before the children of the Irish race? Have I not since the very first day I landed here, now well nigh six years ago, held out the hand of brotherhood to all of you. And did I not tell you that our sympathies were welded together by bonds of ancient suffering, and that the thought of what your people went through on one side of the channel, joined to the thought of the persecutions suffered by my own on the other—did I not say that this bound me to you with an unconquerable sympathy, strong as charity, which is more powerful than death? And have I not, during these six years that I have been your spokesman and your friend, proved to you that those words were not vain words, but that they were the expression of a hidden energy that has spent itself and will spend itself to the end in your service? And did we not congratulate one with another that we had found a home in a bright and sunny land, where "nor sorrow nor crying should be any more:" and did we not think that though the past were painful, still we had put 16,000 miles of sea between ourselves and the scenes of ancient suffering and degradation? Yes, we did. But alas, have we not been too sanguine in our anticipations? What did we suffer as slaves and helots for at home? Because we preferred torture and death to acting against our conscience, and to be butchered and embowelled rather than allow those for whom we were responsible to be tampered with in their faith. We hoped that we had escaped from all forms of tyranny and persecution by coming so far away—where we were told that all were equal, and all were free. I hoped that by my kindness to you, and by standing up for you, and defending you, and showing sympathy and love to you, that I should in some way make up for all you had undergone at the hands of my own countrymen; and I did hope that they out here would only be too glad to join me and treat you with exceptional tenderness, especially with regard to your religion and your children, with the thought in their minds—with the burning consciousness of all the cruel, monstrous wrongs that they had inflicted on you in the past. But all this seems to be a vain illusion—a dream from which we are to be aroused by about the most ingeniously devised piece of scientific persecution that has been invented in modern times. The end of the more brutal form of persecution, and of the more cultivated is one—it is to destroy our holy religion. I believe the scientific method is more effective, and I believe more odious, than the more expeditious way, of tearing out the heart and bowels of a living and grown man. Here the plan is to strike at little children—at the helpless little children of the Catholic poor. Do you know that in the days of trial they had a special instrument for squeezing the life and blood out of those Catholics who declined to deny their God? It was a kind of press, with a screw at the top. The Catholic man or woman was shoved into this press, just large enough to hold one; the top was forced down with the screw until it touched the head and back of the victim. Then the real operation began. By a slow, almost imperceptible, process, the top was continually pushed further and further down till the victim first lost breath, then the frame gradually gave way, and the whole body collapsed into a mangled, bleeding mass. This was called "The Scavenger's Daughter." Now the modern Scavenger's Daughter is of a different construction. The Archbishop and Bishops have told you that the secularist system and schools founded on that system, so far as Catholics are concerned, are "seedplots of future infidelity, immorality, and lawlessness," for they tend towards destroying the fulness of your Catholic faith, and hence of your Catholic morality and reverence, and I am glad to see that the newspapers have been fixing that condemnation indelibly on your minds by their continued and opportune quotation of the words of the Joint Pastoral. Well, using my private judgment in the choice of an expression, I would call those schools "Scavengers' daughters," because they are the most effective instruments invented by man for squeezing very gradually and almost imperceptibly the Catholic faith out of a Catholic people. I have said this before in other words; the Bishops have spoken with me; the world knows what our teaching is; it has been printed and reprinted in every newspaper in town and country. It is a fact publicly established that Catholics cannot in conscience send their children to non-Catholic schools. It is, moreover, well known, it has been in all the newspapers, that we object to sending clergymen to the Public schools, whether with class rooms or without, to join the jar of tongues and the contradiction of creeds which is abhorrent from all our instincts of reverence and religion. We have most carefully, and think I may say boldly, spoken out as was our bounden duty, knowing as we did that a change was about to be made in the Education Act unfavourable to our views. What has been the result? First of all, a hurricane of abuse and endless insult cast upon what is dearer to us than life itself, on our holy religion. As to those who have abused and insulted me personally, the worst wish I harbour in their regard is that they may have the grace to become Catholics before they die. Well, during the downpour, I endeavoured calmly and clearly to state our case. One thing, I believe all will admit—that our case has been stated clearly, and is perfectly intelligible. Next, Parliament meets. The outlines of the new education scheme are laid before the colony. What are its provisions? What is its drift? There is one thing in its drift that I admire, and that is that it evidently attempts to meet the requirements of some large sections of the community. It not only implies a knowledge of their existence, but it also aims at answering some of their wants. The Church of England will have greater facilities for religious instruction; the Nonconformists will have, it seems, all they want, so far as they are concerned; the League will have several concessions, partial compulsion, if not entire, and an approach to freedom from fees. I admire any attempt at meeting the wishes of large classes. I am only too pleased when I see my fellow colonists rejoicing in a method of education which gives them, as fathers and mothers, peace and happiness when they think of their children. I would be among the first to interfere, the first to speak out were they tyrannized over, or were their conscientious convictions trampled under foot by a tyrannical majority. So far the promise of the new bill solicits my respect. But this very quality which I admire as bearing upon Protestants, heightens my sense of grief and indignation when I reflect that Catholics exclusively are, in a studied move, apparently ignored, whilst in reality they are trampled on. Workingmen of Balmain, I am addressing myself to you. You love your religion better than your life, if I may judge from the past. You would rather die than jeopardise the future Catholic prospects of your children. Your Church and your Bishops proclaim what your consciences and your instincts tell you is the simple truth—that you may not send your children to Public schools. You are poor, working, honest, labouring men, getting your 35s. a week, trying to provide little homes for yourselves, and to bring up your children as good and respectable as you are yourselves. In you I am addressing all the labouring Catholics in the colony. We Catholics represent some one-third—some say more some less—of the population. The new bill treats tenderly all the other sections. How does it treat you? Can you with the wildest stretch of imagination, and Irishmen are not deficient in that, can you in your wildest moments imagine a single point in that bill which shows that you have been thought of with kindness and sympathy? Have you not the painful consciousness that so far as this new scheme is concerned your case has been ignored, whilst all others have been thought of? Show me one single point where there is a sign, or shadow or ghost of a shadow of a sign that respect has been felt for the conscientious convictions of one third of the population, of the great Catholic interest in this colony. Thought of! Yes, you have been thought of, you have not been ignored. It would seem to some that you have been unceasingly before the eyes of those who framed this bill, that they might not, even by some inadvertent blunder throw you some miserable shred of justice. And they have not kept you in view in vain. Whilst seemingly ignoring you, they have, knowingly or unknowingly, invented an instrument of scientific persecution exquisite in its perfection for carrying out its ends. It combines insult with outrage, and whilst seeming to ignore your existence tramples your most cherished aspirations under foot. Working men of Balmain, let me explain myself. You have to live on hard-earned wages, and you know the worth of small sums of money, and can only with thrift and care keep the wolf from the door. What does the new bill do for you, for the thousands of the Catholic poor? Does it sympathise with your poverty, and encourage your sturdy faith, and soothe your hard life by giving your children a chance of being instructed in secular knowledge, and being brought up thorough Catholics? I will tell you in a few words what it does for you. If it could speak it would say—though its framers may not mean it— it would say:—"I am a modern monstrosity so contrived as to flatter all sections of the community except the Roman Catholic. These miserable creatures must be got rid of somehow, but first of all they must be kicked and insulted. My predecessor, born in 1866, was a fair specimen of persecution for that day, but we are older now, and have advanced further into light. That bill forced the thousands of the Catholic poor, and the rich too, to pay for the education of other people's children, in schools they could not use themselves. But I am an improvement on that. I am going to build great Grammar schools for boys, and the Catholics shall pay equally with those who use them for those also. Palaces for girls shall also be established where girls shall learn to be discontented possibly with their home and with their lot. Catholics, though they cannot use these, shall pay for them, too, as if they did. Then I mean, moreover, to multiply the schools they cannot use and reduce the fees, and Catholics shall bear their burden here as well. To this I mean to add about the most exquisite insult possible, that is to have each Public school, having so many children, furnished with a class-room which Catholics cannot use. In this class-room all the various denominations whose very existence is a protest against the Catholic religion, shall teach their various creeds, and as a necessary consequence condemn the faith of Catholics, so that Catholics will be paying for the very buildings in which, day after day, and hour after hour, their religion is, or may be denounced in terms well-known to all? To this insult, perfect in its kind, I am going to add an injury equally perfect in its nature. Having ignored every single just demand, having made the Catholics pay, as has been described, I then carry the war into the enemies camp. They still have Denominational schools, they love them, they are proud of them, they erected them at great expense—these I mean to knock on the head. For, since Catholics are the poorest section of the community, and since their small means are forced from them to pay for the education of other people's children, how will they be able, poor as they are, to pay, as it were, out of both pockets at once, to educate their own as well as those of others? How can they keep pace with the reduction of fees? They may struggle for a time like fish in a net, but we will take them out of their 'bath of supernatural light,' and if they do not become infidels or ranters, they will become nondescripts—and anything, even a blackfellow, is better than a Papist." Such is the language that the new bill, so far as I know anything of it speaks to me. I do not mean to insinuate that all this was intended; possibly, such a picture as I have painted did not consciously enter the intentions of legislation. I am simply speaking of facts, which are hard things. That is the language of the bill, to any intelligent man who has ears to hear, and to every intelligent Catholic who has a soul, and a heart beating in his body. It is a modern monstrosity of cruelty and tyranny, so far as we are concerned; and I believe every fair-minded man in the community will sympathise with us, assist us to preserve our freedom of conscience, and to obtain our just and self-evident rights. Why should we alone be ignored? Why should our cry not be heard? Why should Catholics, and only Catholics, be trampled on, and insulted in the way that I have described? We do not stand in the way of others: we rejoice when they are happy; when they can feel that their children are doing well, it is a true pleasure to us. What pleasure or happiness is there in seeing us sad and broken, like slaves and serfs, who have no friends, and are as outcasts of the people? What pleasure, in this nineteenth century, is there in producing so grave an irritation, so galling a wound, as will be produced if that bill becomes law? I cannot believe it. I will not believe that the majority, the sound portion of the community, will stand by silently and not support us in our just struggle for liberty and fair-play. You working men of Balmain, you Catholics of this colony to whom my voice or my words will reach, be true to yourselves in this great crisis. Your religion, the one dearest thing in life, is at stake. If your children are not brought up in thorough Catholic schools they cannot become thorough Catholic men; and a Catholic who is not thorough in his faith is generally the father of a line of indifferentists and apostates. And you, my own English countrymen, who love fair-play and a just measure, why not join me in your own way in seeing justice done? One of you has already sent his generous subscription of £5, and a most kind letter to Father Dillon. I seem to see many of you round me, if I mistake not. Let me enlist your sympathy in behalf of a righteous cause. Your hearts are true and stout, I know; and you cannot stand by and not join the weaker side in supporting its just rights against what will be, as you know, a terrible tyranny and oppression. As for myself it is my vocation, and my most solemn duty to defend and preserve the faith of my people. In me it would be no heroism to lay down my life in its defence, or to spill my blood out of love for my flock. That is my profession, as a soldier's is to go to war and to risk his life for his Queen and country. Let not the world think that the Catholic faith can be blotted out by any instrument however modern and subtle in its operation. It has lived 1800 years and more, and it will abide to the very end. It is my part, during my short span, to protect it; and I hope, by God's grace, to spend my life and strength and such little talent as I may possess in its defence. Remember, Union is strength, and Perseverance alone is crowned. Let us unite, let us persevere, and in the end we shall be placed on an equality with our fellow-colonists, and be suffered to bring up Catholic children thorough Catholics—without being deprived for doing so of our just help for secular instruction. We are strong in numbers, our cause is a righteous one; and let us use every legitimate means for bringing it to a victorious issue.

His Grace was frequently heartily cheered during the course of his address, and when he concluded three ringing cheers were given in his favour.

Mr. O'CONNOR, M.L.A., followed, and expressed the belief that there was a very dark time coming in this colony, in which there would be a great struggle, not between Catholicism and Protestantism, but between Christianity and Infidelity. With regard to the educational measure referred to by Archbishop Vaughan, it should be remembered that it had not yet passed the Legislature, but had merely been conceived by one whose ingenuity was only equalled by his hatred of Catholicism. There were, however, Protestants in the Legislative Assembly who were a credit to humanity, and who would not lend their sanction to this tyrannical measure, and he had no doubt that the Catholics would triumph in the end, as they deserved to do. (Cheers.)

The Bishop of ARMIDALE also delivered a short address, in the course of which he characterised the new Educational Bill as an unjust measure in its effect upon the Catholic portion of the community, and trusted that the Legislature would yet see the justice of permitting the Catholics to exercise their freedom to the full.

The ceremony of laying and blessing the foundation stone was then performed by the Archbishop.

During the proceedings contributions were solicited in aid of the building fund with such success that £406 7s. 6d. was obtained, principally in sums of £2 and under.

VITAL STATISTICS.

The following is the report of the Registrar-General on vital statistics for the year 1878:—

"The population of the colony on 31st December, 1878, is estimated at 693,743 persons. The increase on the previous year amounts to 31,531 persons, or 4·76 per cent. The estimated number of males is 385,678, and of females 308,065. We find then that there were 77,613 more males than females, which gives 556 males and 444 females to 1000 of population, the former being 112 in every 1000 in excess of the latter, and 2 per 1000 over the figures of the previous year. The net increase at the close of the first six months of the year was 13,104, the births exceeding the deaths by 6156, and the arrivals were 6948 over the departures. There was a net increase in the second half of the year of 18,427; the births being 8400 in excess of the deaths, and arrivals 10,918 over the departures.

"The number of marriages celebrated in the colony during the year 1878 amounted to 5517, being 323 in excess of those for the previous year. There were 25,328 births registered in the year, showing an increase of 1477 on the preceding year. The number of deaths recorded was 10,763 as against 9869 in the previous year, which shows an increase of 894.

"Taking the estimated population at the middle of the year, we find that the marriage rate of this colony is 7·87 per 1000, which shows a slight increase on the previous year, and also on the average of the previous nine years. There were 1418 marriages celebrated in the city of Sydney, which is an increase of 75 on the preceding year. The rate per 1000 is 13·89, as against 13·81 for the previous year, and 14·67 is the average of the previous nine years. The number of marriages celebrated in the suburbs was 632, showing an increase of 56 on the previous year; the rate is found to be 7·81 per 1000, which is 0·60 in advance of the previous year, and 2·56 over the average of the previous nine years; the marriage rate of this year is in excess of any one year in the decade. In the country districts there were 3267 marriages, which exceed the previous year's returns by 172. The rate per 1000 is 6·63, as against 6·58 in 1877. Compared with the previous nine years' average there is a very slight increase. More than 84 per cent. of the marriages were celebrated by the four principal denominations, viz., Church of England, 39·46; Roman Catholic, 18·28; Presbyterian, 15·44; and Wesleyan, 10·46. Marriages by registrars nearly approach 6 per cent., leaving 10 per cent. to be divided between the remaining denominations.

"The number of persons who were married during the year is 10,634. Of this number 4775 are described as bachelors, 4726 as spinsters, 540 as widowers, 588 as widows, 2 as divorced men, and 3 as divorced women. Out of the total number married 1635 (15·37 per cent.) were minors, comprising 138 males and 1497 females, being 8·44 and 91·56 per cent. respectively. There were 123 minors who were unable to sign the register, being 7·51 per cent. of total number of minors married.

"The following figures show the number of those married who signed their names to the registers, and those who were unable to affix their signatures. We see that in the city of Sydney there were 203 of this latter class (7·16 per cent.), comprising 84 males and 119 females; in the suburbs 58 (4·59 per cent.), comprising 26 males and 32 females; and in the country districts 602 (9·21 per cent.), comprising 300 males and 302 females. The total number in the colony is shown to be 863 (8·10 per cent.), comprising 410 males and 453 females. The percentage for the year under review is less by 1·06 per cent. than that of the previous year; in fact there has been a gradual decline for some years past.

"The number of births registered in the colony during the year 1878 was 25,328, consisting of 13,082 males and 12,246 females, being 1477 in excess of the births for the previous year. The percentage of male births is 51·65, and of female births 48·35, showing a difference in favour of the former of 3·30 per cent. The ratio of births to every 1000 of estimated population is 37·50, being slightly in excess of the figures of the previous year, and 1·26 per cent. lower than the average of the previous nine years. The number of births registered in the city is 3484, being 85 more than in the previous year. The birth rate for the year is 34·13, which is 0·82 under the rate of the previous year, and 2·35 lower than the average rate for the previous nine years. There were 3674 births recorded in the suburbs, showing 572 in excess of the figures of the previous year. The birth rate is found to be 45·45, which is an increase of 3·90 per cent. on the rate of the preceding year, and also of 2·13 per cent. on the average of the previous nine years. Births registered in the country districts numbered 18,170. The increase on the previous year is 964. The rate per 1000 is 36·89, which is slightly in excess of that for the previous year, but 1·64 under the average rate of the previous nine years.

"During the year 1878 we find that the births of 1021 illegitimate children were registered, comprising 536 males and 485 females. The percentage of these births is 4·03 to the total number of births, as against 4·14 in the previous year. The ratio per 1000 of estimated population is 1·51 for the colony; for the city of Sydney, 3·10; for the suburbs, 1·33; and for the country districts, 1·00. Of the total number of illegitimate births there were 31·05 per cent. registered in Sydney, 10·58 per cent. in the suburbs, and 58·37 per cent. in the country districts.

"The number of cases of triplets born in the colony during the year 1878 was two, and of twins 196. The latter class comprised 195 males and 197 females, in all 392 children; of these two were still-born. Twin children then formed 1·55 per cent. of the total number of births.

"The number of deaths registered in the colony during the year 1878 was 10,763, which is an increase of 894 on the previous year. Male deaths numbered 6284, and female 4479, being 58·39 per cent. and 41·61 per cent. respectively, so that the former are 16·78 per cent. in excess of the latter. The death rate for the colony for the year, at per 1000 of estimated population, is 15·93 as against 15·34 for the previous year. The average death rate of the previous nine years is 14·96, which is lower by 0·97 than the figures for the year under review. The city death rate is shown to be 22·74, which is 2·17 over the figures for the previous year, and about the same as the average death rate of the previous nine years. The death rate of the suburbs is 20·42, showing an increase of 3·27 on the previous year and of 2·73 on the preceding nine years' average. In the country districts we find the year's death rate to be 13·77, which nearly corresponds with the previous year, but is 0·83 higher than the average of the previous nine years.

"The table of infantile mortality shows that out of the total number of deaths for the year (10,763) 4884 were those of children under five years of age, which makes the percentage of these deaths to be 45·37 of the total number of deaths. With the exception of the year 1875, this is the highest percentage of any year in the decade. It is 1·86 per cent. over the figures of the previous year, and also 2·32 per cent. in excess of the average of the previous nine years. In the city infantile mortality is found to be 44·90 per cent. of total deaths, which is an increase of 3·15 per cent. on the previous year, but a decrease of 0·32 on the figures of the previous nine years' average. The percentage of deaths under 5 years to total deaths in the suburbs is 55·72, being higher than the preceding year and the average of the previous nine years by 0·99 and 0·91 respectively. As compared with the total number of deaths in the country, those under 5 years of age are found to be 43·32 per cent., which is higher than the figures of any one year in the decade, and 1·35 per cent. over the previous year, and also 1·59 in excess of the previous nine years' average.

"Comparing the deaths of children under 5 years of age with the total deaths in each ward of the city, it will be seen that Phillip Ward heads the list with a percentage of 64·16; then Denison stands at 56·42; Cook, 55·45; Brisbane, 52·33; Macquarie, 51·65; Gipps, 43·30; Fitzroy, 39·02; and Bourke, 9·05. In this last-named ward are situate the Infirmary and Hyde Park Asylum, in which there were 302 and 54 deaths respectively—no doubt composed chiefly of adults. Deducting these, we find the infantile mortality to be 46·50.

"The percentage of infantile deaths to total number of deaths in the suburbs is as follows:—Waterloo, 67·20; Balmain, 64·35; Concord, 59·16; Redfern, 59·00; Paddington, 53·38; Newtown, 51·36; Glebe, 50·31; St. Leonards, 49·57; St. George, 41·13.

"We now come to the particular diseases which have contributed to the deaths of the colony during the year 1878. From the decennial table we find that zymotic diseases form 25·61 per cent. of the number of deaths, and of this class the order known as miasmatic absorb[illegible] 22·66 per cent. Zymotic diseases are 2·34 per cent. in excess of [illegible] average for the previous year, and also 3·04 per cent. of the average of the previous nine years. Class II—constitutional diseases produced 11·80 per cent. of deaths, tubercular [illegible] predominating. Here we find the percentage is 1·[illegible] lower than the previous year, and also 0·57 under the average of the previous nine years. Under the third class—local diseases—the percentage is 37·37, to which the orders known as nervous and respiratory contributed 13·26 and 1[illegible] respectively. The percentage of this class is about the same as that for the previous year, but 1·17 per cent. less than the preceding nine years' average.

"Developmental diseases comprise 17·36 per cent. of total deaths. This proportion is slightly lower than that for the previous year and nine years.

"EDWARD GRANT WARD, Registrar-General."

PRESBYTERIAN ASSEMBLY OF NEW SOUTH WALES.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 6.

The Assembly met at a quarter to 11 o'clock. The Moderator presided. The proceedings were opened with singing and prayer.

APPOINTMENT OF MODERATOR.

An overture from the Presbytery of Bathurst was taken into consideration. It set forth that the fourth clause of the Act passed by the Assembly in 1867, enacted that Presbyteries of more than seven settled charges should have two votes, provided that three-fourths of the number present at the nomination should concur; otherwise such Presbyteries shall have only one vote, and that such provision was liable to abuse, and should be amended, and the following words substituted. "Presbyteries of more than seven settled charges shall have two votes, provided that a majority equal to three-fourths of the entire number of members on the roll of the Presbytery at the time of the nomination concur, otherwise such Presbyteries shall have only one vote."

The Rev. Dr. GEEKIE moved, and the Rev. Dr. BEG seconded, the adoption of the overture, and the motion was agreed to.

THE EDUCATION QUESTION.

The Rev. JAMES CAMERON said that now that the main features of the Education Bill to be introduced by the Government were before the public, the Presbyterian Assembly were in a position to express an opinion upon the measure, and he had therefore changed the terms of the deliberation which he had proposed to submit last night. The motion which he proposed to submit now was as follows:—"That the General Assembly, having had under its consideration the announcement on the part of the Government of the main principles of the new bill on public education, feels no hesitation in expressing generally its cordial approval of the same. The General Assembly approves of the appointment of a responsible Minister of Education, and is of opinion that, to obviate sudden changes in the administration of the Act, it is desirable that there should be under him a permanent Commissioner of Education. It approves of the withdrawal of State aid from Denominational schools as soon as practicable, of the institution of Grammar schools for both sexes, and of night schools as proposed. It approves of the provision for making education compulsory, for the reduction of fees, and also for reducing the minimum attendance required for Public schools to twenty. It approves of the teaching of history—especially the history of Great Britain and Australia. As regards the religious element, the Assembly while concurring in the proposal to give greater facilities for imparting special religious instruction expresses, at the same time, its earnest hope that the Scripture lessons will continue, as at present, to form part of the prescribed routine of all Public schools. The General Assembly further appoints the following committee to prepare a petition to Parliament in accordance with these resolutions." He had in this motion specified the particular items to which they might give their approval. The first provision regarding the appointment of a responsible Minister of Education, he believed that he was expressing the general opinion of those present when he stated that it would be much better if the control of the educational system was placed in the hands of a permanent officer similar to the Commissioner of Railways. It would be very injurious and inexpedient if the administration was changed with every change of Ministry. With regard to the establishment of Grammar schools, he was very glad to find that the Government were inclined to give their attention to that particular branch of education, because he had been under the impression that the Government would not go beyond primary education. He thought that there was a call upon the Presbyterian denomination, at all events, to take prompt action in this matter, for the reason that the Popish party, seeing the want that was felt throughout the colony in regard to higher education, had stepped in to supply that want, and if Protestants did not look to the matter the Catholics would take advantage of them. The Catholics were instituting schools all over the colony for supplying, especially for girls, the accomplishments which could not be obtained in the Public schools. The result was that, in consequence of the lack of facilities for obtaining this kind of education, many Protestant children were drawn into those convent schools, and it was therefore of great importance that such a provision as that he had alluded to had been made. He had looked carefully over the speech of Sir Henry Parkes, in explaining the leading features of the new bill, and he could not discover whether the Scripture lessons were to be retained, or whether the proposed special religious instruction was to take the place of the present Scripture lessons. He hoped that the Assembly would urge upon the Government the importance and desirableness of retaining the Scripture lessons, and that at the same time facilities should be given for special religious instruction when the ministers of the various denominations attended. If the present Scripture lessons were withdrawn, it would simply mean that no provision would be made at all for religious teaching in schools of less than 50 children.

The Rev. Dr. GEEKIE seconded the motion. He thought that the Assembly should be thankful that the Government had brought in such a statesmanlike measure. It was of importance that history should be taught in the Public schools, and he failed to see why the children should be kept in profound ignorance to please the Popish party. It was also pleasing to find that the Government were prepared to devote some attention to higher education, although in that respect New South Wales was fully a quarter of a century behind Canada. He agreed thoroughly with the expression of opinion on the part of Mr. Cameron, and urged upon the Assembly to strengthen the hands of the Government as much as possible in carrying this bill through Parliament.

The Rev. Dr. FULLERTON understood that the provision for special religious instruction would be similar to that which was in force in connection with the Benevolent Asylum in Sydney for a quarter of a century, where each clergyman had his special day and hour fixed for attendance. He was under the impression that if the parents of the children attending the schools had to make any objections to religious instruction, such objections would apply to the Scripture lessons and not to the special religious instruction, because the latter was not compulsory in any sense. He strongly approved of the proposal to make a permanent Minister of Education. In Victoria a great deal of confusion had arisen in consequence of the head of the Education department being a Minister of the Crown, who changed with any change of Ministry. On the other hand a permanent commissioner would be a man selected, because he would be presumably competent for the performance of the particular duties of his office. He considered the bill to be a liberal one, and one that would confer great blessings upon the community, but he felt certain that there would be a great many who would be violently opposed to it.

The Rev. ANDREW ARMSTRONG was exceedingly pleased that this Assembly was likely to give the unanimous approval to this measure, with almost the whole of which he cordially agreed. The Presbyterian body should do the utmost to strengthen the Government in this matter, because the bill would be sure to meet with a storm of opposition from almost every part of the colony. He was glad that the fees had been reduced, and that the compulsory clause had been introduced. He approved the appointment of a permanent comptroller of the education department, and he presumed that Mr. Wilkins would be the gentleman appointed to that position.

The Rev. Dr. M'GIBBON remarked that the speech of Sir Henry Parkes had borne out what he (Dr. M'Gibbon) had stated at the previous night's meeting. He cordially agreed with what had been stated by the Colonial Secretary. He did not think that there was a single word in the short outline of the bill given by Sir Henry Parkes, to which he could take exception. As far as the Scripture lessons were concerned, he could assure the Assembly that those lessons were quite safe, and that that branch of education in the Public schools would remain just the same as it was at present. Of course there would necessarily be slight alteration in the books for the purpose of assimilating them to Australian seasons and customs. It had been a matter of some anxiety on the part of Sir Henry Parkes and his Government, to meet the religious difficulty in such a way that all fair demands could be met. He thought that the Assembly should draw up a petition to be signed by the Moderator, in the name of the Assembly, and forward it to the Colonial Secretary for the purpose of strengthening the hands of the Government in this matter.

Mr. DAVID BROWN said they were indebted to their Roman Catholic friends for the present system of education. They were strong advocates for its introduction into this colony. While Presbyterians had taken advantage of the Denominational element of the law in times gone by, they had always, he was glad to say, been supporters of the Public school system, and he now gave his warm support to the bill shadowed forth by the Government.

Mr. JOHN FRAZER approved of the efforts to support the Government in their endeavour to give the people of this country a good education law. He was in favour of the compulsory provision. He thoroughly endorsed what had been said by the Rev. Mr. Kinross about a more religious influence being thrown into the teaching of the Public schools. He thought that a form of prayer might be agreed upon for teachers to use in the opening of the schools—a form that would be acceptable to all. Some such recognition of the Almighty would be desirable if it were practicable. In his experience as a teacher of youth, he had observed more immorality, vice, and obscenity than formerly existed. This was becoming worse and worse, at least in his district. For this there must be some remedy, and he thought that one remedy must be more religious instruction given in the Public schools; and it was desirable to this end that the teachers themselves should be men who gave this instruction in a thoroughly conscientious and earnest manner.

The Rev. Dr. BEG said that he should be glad to have a form of prayer on the opening of the schools, and he suggested that the Lord's prayer would be acceptable to most. But how would the Chinese or infidels regard the matter. He feared that it would not be acceptable to them, and therefore would be impracticable. While he was a member of the Bible Combination League, and in favour of the use of the Bible in the schools, he thought that religious, as distinguished from Denominational teaching, should be given in the Public schools. He believed that the religious instruction depended chiefly upon family religious exercises. He was glad to find, too, that history was to be taught in the Public schools. At present he contended that history of a very objectionable character was taught in Roman Catholic schools, with closed doors; and he quoted a few extracts from one of the books. In the matter of the religious instruction of the young, he contended that the parental influence was all important.

The Rev. R. M'KINNON said that he should like to see a form of prayer adopted for the use of schools, but regarded it as really impracticable. If they got this bill passed, the Protestant part of the community could not but recognise that they were deeply indebted to Archbishop Vaughan. His great desire was to get the bill passed, and he was sure that if they were to give any expression of opinion in favour of a form of prayer, it would alienate the sympathies of many, and to that extent hinder them from securing the object they had in view.

The Rev. Mr. ARCHIBALD thought that the Protestants should unite to carry out some system under which the Protestant clergymen should visit the schools regularly, and take full advantage of the privileges which it appeared that the Government were willing to confer.

The Rev. H. MACREADY heartily supported Mr. Cameron's motion. After reading the Colonial Secretary's statement of the main features of the bill, he felt that this Church had much to be thankful for, and that it would be a very proper thing for this Church Assembly to forward to the Colonial Secretary such a resolution as that now submitted by Mr. Cameron. He was particularly gratified at the proposed establishment of Grammar schools, and earnestly hoped that the Scripture lessons would be retained.

The Rev. R. S. PATERSON was very glad that history was in future to be taught in the Public schools. He had been very gratified by reading the Colonial Secretary's statement in reference to the bill, and confessed that he had been agreeably surprised upon hearing that the Government intended to introduce such a very excellent measure. He hoped that Mr. Cameron and the Assembly would see fit to introduce a request into the resolution that the Public schools should be opened and closed with prayer; but that at the same time it should be understood that the support of the Assembly would not depend upon that request being complied with.

The Rev. Dr. M'GIBBON stated that an attempt had been made in Glasgow to open and close school board meetings with prayer, but the Roman Catholics declined to consent. He urged that the Government should not be embarrassed. (Hear, hear.)

The Rev. Mr. CAMERON was afraid that if they asked too much they would get nothing at all.

The Rev. Mr. Cameron's motion was then put and carried unanimously, and the following gentlemen were appointed a committee to draw up the petition to the Government, and to generally support the proposed bill:—Mr. Cameron (convener), Dr. M'Gibbon, Dr. Fullerton, Dr. Steel, Dr. Beg, Mr. D. Brown, and Mr. Paxton.

LOAN BUILDING FUND.

The Rev. Dr. M'GIBBON brought up the following report of Committee of Loan Building Fund:—"Your committee have pleasure in reporting that during the year the fund which they have administered has been found to be most useful in assisting three churches in connection with the Assembly in their building operations. The Church at Mudgee, having complied with all the conditions of the fund, has received a loan of £500. The Church at Hunter-street, Newcastle, having complied with all the conditions, has received a loan of £200; and the Church at Kangaroo Valley, Broughton Creek, Shoalhaven district, having complied with all the conditions, has received a loan of £150. The claims of the Church at Botany, and those of the Church at Taralga, for a manse, are now before the committee, and will, with other claims which are likely to arise during this year, receive careful consideration. The committee are certain that already good work has been done by the advances of the fund, and that many struggling congregations will be relieved by the loans from burdens of debt which otherwise would have been oppressively felt. A statement of accounts is herewith submitted for the acceptance and approval of the Assembly.—JOHN M'GIBBON, Convener."

The statement showed receipts to the amount of £1899 1s. 10d.; expenditure, £851 9s. 4d., leaving a credit balance of £1047 12s. 6d.

The Rev. Dr. FULLERTON moved, and the Rev. Mr. ARCHIBALD seconded, a motion to the effect that the report be adopted, and that thanks be given to the committee, and especially to the convener, for their services.

The motion was carried.

APPOINTMENT OF TREASURER.

The Rev. J. CAMERON moved that Mr. James Anderson be the treasurer of the Church.

The Rev. R. M'KINNON seconded the motion.

After some discussion, the motion for the appointment of Mr. Anderson was agreed to.

CHURCH ACCOUNTS.

The Rev. Dr. STEEL proposed,—"That the thanks of the Assembly be given to Mr. James Anderson for his kind services in preparing the financial statement, and for acting as *interim* treasurer. That the accounts of the Church be in future prepared in a tabulated form, in the order of the Presbyteries. That Congregations which have not paid their proportion of 1 per cent. on their ordinary income for this year's Assembly expenses are enjoined to do so without delay, and to transmit the sum due to this fund regularly every year." He expressed the hope that in future the accounts would be made up in a tabulated form that would be simpler and more intelligible than the present form. He suggested that church statistics would be collected in future, and that each of the presbyteries would undertake the task. He also urged the desirableness in future of sending a delegate to the Church Assembly in Victoria. In connection with with the accounts he noticed that the arrears in Assembly expenses amounted to £221 14s., which he considered to be highly discreditable.

After a desultory discussion the motion was agreed to.

The Assembly then rose.

THE DINNER.

After the conclusion of the morning sitting the members of the Presbytery adjourned to the Metropolitan Hotel, where dinner was provided for a company of about forty. The Rev. Mr. Benvie, ex-Moderator, presided. The Rev. Mr. Laing, clerk of the Assembly, proposed a vote of thanks to the elders and the gentlemen who had provided the repasts from day to day. He also took the opportunity of expressing his gratification at seeing so many new faces at this year's session. Mr. J. PAXTON, in replying to the vote, stated that the credit of instituting these pleasing social gatherings, was due, not to himself, but to Mrs. Paxton and Mrs. Steel. He proposed a vote of thanks to the Press. The Rev. Mr. BENVIE remarking that the Presbytery had been better represented in the Press this year than on any previous occasion. A vote of thanks to Mrs. Hutchinson, the hostess, terminated the proceedings.

The Assembly then adjourned until the evening.

EVENING SITTING.

The Assembly met again in the evening, and was constituted with prayer.

REPORT OF PSALMODY ASSOCIATION.

Mr. JOSEPH PAXTON made a verbal report of the committe on psalmody, and stated that during the year he had visited Tasmania, Ballarat, Melbourne, Wagga Wagga, Queanbeyan, Braidwood, and Monaro districts, and the suburbs, and lectured on psalmody and service of song in churches and schools. He thought, that in their schools one hymn-book should be used, and that, to encourage music, examinations should be held with a view to the cultivation of the voices of the children, and the reading of music at sight. The committee recommended the appointment of a qualified salaried teacher to give elementary instruction to the youth of their schools.

The Rev. Dr. M'GIBBON moved the reception of the report, and that a vote of thanks be given to the committee, and especially to Mr. Joseph Paxton, the convener, for their diligence in promoting the work they had in hand. Especially he must thank the convener for the immense labour and large expenditure of his means that he had devoted to this department of their Church work. It was certainly a labour of love with him. He knew many in the country who had highly appreciated Mr. Paxton's visits, which had been productive of pleasure and profit.

The Rev. W. GRANT seconded the motion.

The Rev. Dr. STEEL supported the motion, and said that Mr. Paxton had given a considerable impetus to the movement for the improvement of the psalmody in various congregations throughout the colony. He referred to the great importance of psalmody in the worship of God, and he trusted that in their Sabbath-schools it would be promoted more and more.

The Rev. Dr. BEG remarked upon the improvement of the singing in various congregations, which was very much due to the convener of the committee.

The resolution was agreed to.

Mr. J. H. GOODLET moved,—"That the committee be instructed to appoint a teacher to give elementary instruction in music to the young, at such a salary as they thought proper."

The Rev. Dr. W. M. WHITE seconded the motion, and said that there was such an officer in the Presbyterian Church in Ireland, and his work was greatly conducive to the improvement of the singing.

Mr. DAVID BROWN supported the motion, and it was unanimously agreed to.

LICENSING OF PUBLIC-HOUSES.

The Rev. Dr. M'GIBBON brought up a report from the committee on the Liquor Licensing Act. They recommended that a petition should be sent to Parliament; that the power of licensing should be transferred to local Boards; that these Boards should be empowered to reduce where necessary the number of public-houses, and to limit the licensing of new ones, and in other respects to regulate and limit the traffic each in its own district; that the public-houses should be closed not later than 10 o'clock on week nights, and on Sabbaths should be only opened to resident lodgers and bona-fide travellers. This was the report, and they recommended that on its terms a petition should be framed, and sent up to the Legislature. They must all be conscious of the evils of the drink system. Public-houses were being multiplied to an extent that was not creditable. But he understood the Government were about to bring in a measure, and he trusted that it would have the countenance and support of ministers and members of the Presbyterian Church. He had suffered somewhat in this matter, and the Premier had acknowledged that he (Dr. M'Gibbon) had more than any one else exposed the evils, and made obvious the necessity for legislation.

The Rev. P. F. MACKENZIE moved that the report be adopted, and thanks given to the committee and the convener.

The Rev. Dr. BOAG seconded the motion.

The Rev. Dr. GEEKIE supported the motion. Dr. M'Gibbon had put it on the right grounds. They opposed it on Christian grounds—higher grounds than those of the teetotaler. He had been astonished at the scenes of drunkenness that had come under his notice since he came to Sydney.

The motion was unanimously agreed to.

THE LATE MR. D. L. WAUGH.

The Clerk was directed to enter a minute *in memoriam* of the late Mr. D. L. Waugh, for having rendered very important services to the Church.

REPORT FROM CHURCH EXTENSION COMMITTEE.

The Rev. J. CAMERON read a report from the Church Extension Committee, recommending that power should be given to the committee to receive Presbyterian ministers coming from outside the colony without reference to the Presbyteries.

The Rev. Dr. GEEKIE: What ministers?

The Rev. J. CAMERON: Ministers duly accredited from other colonies and England, or Canada, or elsewhere. Ministers coming from other denominations could of course only be admitted subject to the approval of the General Assembly.

The Rev. P. F. MACKENZIE did not think this could be passed without being sent down to the Presbyteries, through the Barrier Act, and moved a resolution to the effect that the recommendation be sent down to the Presbyteries. He said that there were many inconveniencies in the reception of ministers under the existing arrangements.

The Rev. R. S. PATTERSON seconded the motion, and said that he hoped that brethren would not insist upon the claims of Presbyteries in a matter of this kind.

The Rev. Dr. BEG contended that a committee should not be substituted for the Presbyteries as the receiving tribunal.

The Rev. Principal KINROSS said that the duty of admitting a minister in this way could be as well discharged by the committee as by the Presbytery. Usually, the admission had been by the Presbytery of Sydney; and admission might as well be through a committee representing all the congregations.

Mr. J. FRAZER asked whether, if a congregation in the country sent for a minister to England, that minister would require to submit his credentials to this committee.

The MODERATOR said that he could be received by the Presbytery without reference to the committee.

Several members expressed the opinion that if the committee received these powers the admission could be in no other way.

The resolution that the recommendation be sent down to the Presbyteries was agreed to.

The Rev. W. M. WHITE moved that this recommendation be an interim act.

After some discussion the resolution was carried by 19 to 4.

It was resolved that several other recommendations of the Church Extension Committee be sent down to the Presbyteries.

DEPUTIES TO OTHER CHURCHES.

On the motion of the Rev. Dr. STEEL, it was resolved that "a deputation be appointed to convey fraternal salutations of this Assembly to the Baptist Union of New South Wales," the Rev. A. M. Jarvie and Mr. J. H. Goodlet being appointed as the deputies.

COLLECTIONS TO CHURCH OBJECTS.

The Rev. Dr. STEEL moved that there be collections during the year in December, 1879, and in June, 1880, for the Church Extension Supplementary Stipend Fund; and in March, 1880, for missions to the heathen; in September, 1880, for the aged and infirm ministers' fund.

RECOMMENDATION OF NEXT MODERATOR.

The MODERATOR said that the committee appointed by the Assembly had made a recommendation to the Presbyteries of a Moderator for the next year. He proceeded to read the terms of the resolution on the subject, when

The Rev. Dr. W. M. WHITE submitted that, according to one of the clauses of the resolution, the nomination could not be made after the fourth sederunt.

The MODERATOR ruled that that clause was only applicable after the first Assembly, and that a special clause provided for the nomination this year after the fourth sederunt. The committee had nominated for recommendation to the Presbyteries a Moderator for next year. He had been living in the colony for a long time, had shown great zeal in all the schemes of the Church, and was a man who had a high standing among them. The name was that of the Rev. H. Macready. (Applause.)

The Rev. J. S. LAING (the clerk) read the minutes of the closing sederunt, and they were confirmed.

THE CHAIRMAN'S ADDRESS.

The MODERATOR (the Rev. George Grimm, M.A.), delivered the closing address as follows:—Fathers and Brethren,—The proceedings of the fifteenth General Assembly of our United Church are now brought to a close. Although the sederunts have been rather over than under the average number, the unusual interest which has been taken in our deliberations has continued to the end, and the attendance of members has not sensibly diminished until the work was over. I congratulate the Assembly on the good order which has so generally prevailed, on the harmony of counsel which has characterised the whole of the proceedings, and also on the large amount of important business which has been transacted. It may not be deemed impertinent if I shall still further take the liberty of complimenting the speakers on the vigour and ability which have been displayed in the debates. Apart altogether from the honour, it has proved an intellectual treat of no common order to sit in this chair and listen to the clear and effective addresses, necessarily extemporaneous, which each successive measure has called forth from day to day. The readiness of debate, the intelligent grasp of the subjects in hand, together with the logical acumen with which they have been discussed, have been of such a character as to reflect credit on any deliberative assembly. These are not the marks of men who are smitten with the curse of mental stagnation, and who regard the exercise of the intellect as an urksome task. The Presbyterian Church stands at the head of all Churches in demanding a thoroughly trained and highly qualified ministry, and when it has succeeded in obtaining such men, it keeps their higher qualities in proper exercise, and thus instead of losing previous attainments, which may very possibly be done, it secures a process of development and discipline which continues until the life-work is accomplished. Our church may suffer from having too few ministers. She may even lose much by unwisely denying them sufficient support; but after the display of learning and ability which we have now had, it would be absurd to assert that her progress is retarded by an incompetent and inefficient ministry. After a rather careful observation extending over the last few years, I have come to the conclusion that this supreme court of our Church is steadily rising in dignity and importance. Elements of weakness are being eliminated, while those things which make for strength and stability are surely gaining the ascendency. Irritating scenes of confusion and unseemly dissension among brethren, although unhappily not altogether extinct, are yet more and more giving place to good order and Christian courtesy. It is not meant that we are becoming afraid of animated discussion in any moderate sense of the term, or have any desire to see monotony and dull common place reigning over our deliberations. The most profound of all peace is the peace of death, and it is reached through the extinction of life. Peace in this extreme and absurdly literal sense can be obtained only by laying an interdict on the freedom of debate, and putting a bridle on every man's tongue. In difficult questions the truth must be elicited by unfettered discussion in which every speaker is at liberty to expound his own views without fear and without interruption. He may express his own sentiments with emphasis, and even warmth under the impulse of strong conviction, but his doing so does not give his opponent just cause for construing them as a reflection upon himself, or allowing them in any way to impair private friendship. Among the various measures which have been carried in the Assembly, undoubtedly the first in importance is the resolution to institute a sustentation fund, together with the appointment of an organizing agent. The principle embodied in such a scheme has long been affirmed by our Church; but the practical difficulty, real or imaginary, has been sufficient to prevent any serious attempt being hitherto made. The organization, doubtless, was an undertaking of too great magnitude to be competent for anyone who was burdened with the absorbing duties of another calling; and it has been evident, for some time past, that this great work could be successfully accomplished only by one who could devote his energies to this special business. A few months ago, Providence seemed to throw the right man in our way in the unexpected (but very seasonable) visit of the Rev. John Ross to these shores. This gentleman has had the credit—and it is no small one—of organizing the Sustentation Fund of the Presbyterian Church of England, a scheme which now ranks next in importance to the magnificent institution of the Free Church of Scotland. Perceiving that the favourable opportunity had now arrived, a few of our wealthy elders and laymen, in an incredibly short space of time, generously subscribed the sum of £600 for a period of three years as a salary to Mr. Ross in the event of his being induced to become an organizing agent. The Assembly, as was only becoming, has gratefully accepted this proposal, and sincerely hopes to see this great undertaking brought to a successful issue. The object aimed at is a minimum stipend, £300 a year, to all our ministers; and there is every reason to think that such an aspiration is neither impossible nor improbable of attainment. Mr. Ross is not, indeed, committed to this arrangement, and he may, after all, consider it to be his duty to remain in England. Should this be the case, doubtless another agent will be appointed, for the scheme is of more importance than the man, and must not be allowed to fall through in any event. But we hope for a favourable answer to our application. Considering Mr. Ross's exceptional qualifications for this department of work, the interest he has already manifested in the wants of our Church in this particular case, and remembering withal, that he is a devoted servant of the Lord; we entertain a confident expectation that he will not resist our unanimous appeal. In the event of his acceptance of this office, it is evident that he will meet with a most cordial welcome on the part of the whole Church, and he will not fail of obtaining the co-operation of all who have the welfare of our cause at heart. It must not be forgotten that if the scheme is to succeed, the agent must have freedom of action. Our previous attempts in this same direction have failed through diversity of opinion, not on the principle of a sustentation fund, but in mere matters of detail. It is sincerely to be hoped, that all such preconceived notions, if not entirely dropped, will at least be held in abeyance, or at any rate not pressed to the prejudice of the agent's own arrangements, which will be sure to be based on a large and exceptional experience. This being a question of mere finance, it need not bear very hard on conscientious scruples, and there will be no necessity for "lifting up testimonies." The question of Church extension in the suburbs of this city has again been brought up, and this time, let us hope, to some practical purpose. This most pressing duty has been ignored, neglected, or deferred until it has made the hearts of many sick, and wrought untold detriment to our Church. Serious blame rests somewhere. Many promising fields have consequently been lost to our Church, it may be for ever. But much may yet be accomplished in these rapidly rising suburbs, if the work be at once taken up in earnest and prosecuted with zeal, resolution, and liberality. One obstacle has just been removed in the permission given by the Assembly to the Church Extension Committee to devote a portion of its funds in aid of this urgent work. This will commend itself as a very wise and seasonable resolution; for the Home Mission scheme is, and ought to be, the great enterprise of our Church. When the first great effort at Church extension was to be commenced, our Lord commanded the Apostles to begin at Jerusalem, and it would have been well for ourselves if we had taken the command in a more literal sense than we have done. But whether our attention is more specially directed to the city or the country, we should constantly bear in mind that Church extension, or in other words the practical operation of the missionary spirit, is essential to the well being and even the very life of a Church. The student of ecclesiastical history may distribute the Churches of the past into two classes, which may be distinguished as "testifying" Churches and "missionary" Churches. Some have professed to exist for the sole purpose of bearing testimony to some points of doctrine, and sometimes very small points too, while others, imbued with the missionary spirit, have devoted themselves largely to the diffusion of the Gospel at home and abroad. It is an instructive fact, and one which should teach us an impressive lesson, that the "testifying" Churches have come to nothing, very few of them being able to maintain their bare existence; while the "missionary" Churches have grown to be the great ecclesiastical powers of the present time, and leave little doubt that they also will be the Churches of the future. Our Assembly has received a distinguished mark of respect in being honoured with a deputation from the sister Church in Victoria. It has been the misfortune of both Churches that they have hitherto stood so much apart. This isolated operation has given rise to not a few inconveniences in the past, and threatened to occasion still more in the future. The circumstances of both are so similar, and their difficulties so much in common, that it is clearly their duty as well as their interest to draw together in closer fellowship. The dawn of a better day is now beginning to break, and the commencement of a better state of things has been happily inaugurated in the interchange of fraternal greetings which has just taken place on the floor of this house; and, still more so, by the Intercolonial Conference which was held last Monday. The Rev. Dr. Macdonald and the Rev. Mr. Nish, both in the capacity of deputies and as private individuals, have shown a lively interest in all that pertains to the wellbeing of our Church, and have not failed to assure us of their earnest desire for a closer alliance between the two Churches. It will be no difficult matter now to agree upon a common basis of action which will prevent the recurrence of inconveniences from which we have suffered in the past. One step, at least, has been taken in the right direction. This may seem a small beginning, but it requires no prophet, or prophet's son, to predict that it is the commencement of a movement which will one day issue in the union or federation of all the Presbyterian Churches in Australia. Fathers and brethren, you are now to return to your various spheres of labour, many of which are far distant from the seat of our General Assembly. Were it not for these annual gatherings, your isolation would be complete. Let me express the hope that, by your attendance on this court, you have not only discharged an ecclesiastical duty, but have also been refreshed in spirit and feel inspired with fresh zeal as you again resume the work to which you are called. Yours is the noblest of all labour, and no man ever loses his reward who serves God faithfully in the gospel of His Son. It may savour of presumption on my part to offer counsel and advice, inasmuch as many, it may be most, of you have had longer experience in the ministry than I have had. But my course has been long enough to teach me many lessons from my own mistakes. While I am persuaded that no other profession offers so many opportunities of doing good and of becoming a blessing to others, I know also that these opportunities may be neglected in the ministry as well as in other spheres of labour. To be successful ministers, we require to be wholly devoted to our work; but if we are of this character our labour will not be in vain in the Lord. There is no Church under the sun in which a thoroughly efficient minister can turn his gifts and graces to so good account as in the Presbyterian; and, on the other hand, there is no Church in which an incompetent man will prove a greater failure. This consequence necessarily arises from the fact that our Presbyterianism is so little a matter of form and so much a matter of spirit. It possesses no imposing ritual, it disclaims all pompous ceremonies, and it disclaims to court popularity by a deceitful exterior. Its power lies wholly in the life of the system, and its success depends on its being faithfully wrought. When the life becomes extinct, it is all over with Presbyterianism. As Hugh Miller well said, "it never lies in state;" and when once it is dead it cannot too soon be buried out of sight. On a superficial view of the case this circumstance may seem to be a disadvantage; but it is really an element of our strength, and is no mean evidence of the divine origin of Presbyterianism. Had it been a human device this seeming defect would have been carefully avoided. But we accept of the fact as it stands, and draw from it this inference, that our ministers need to be thoroughly qualified if our Church is to succeed in her mission. No indolent man can be a successful Presbyterian minister. Mental inactivity, a dislike to patient consecutive thought, and an aversion to a free use of the pen, are serious disqualifications. To be distinguished in this great work, one must know his Bible well, both in the English and original tongues; he must keep abreast with the intellectual movement of his time, and be able to deliver his message to his congregation in clear, chaste, and intelligible language. When a congregation discovers that the preacher makes conscience of studying and mastering his subject, and finds the marrow of divinity as well as the simplicity of the gospel in his sermons, they soon learn to call the Sabbath a delight, and wait with intense satisfaction on the ministrations of the sanctuary. Fathers and brethren, let me in one closing word remind you that the great end of the ministry is not to become learned and efficient ministers—all important as this aim may be—but to be the means in the hand of God, of bringing souls to the Saviour. This is the only fruit that will remain through time and eternity. May God give you many souls for your hire; and my fervent prayer is that "when the Chief Shepherd shall appear, ye may receive a crown of glory that fades not away."

The address was received with loud applause.

It was announced that the next Assembly would be held on the 26th October, 1880.

The Assembly was then dissolved with prayer.

LAW REPORT.

INSOLVENCY COURT.—SATURDAY.

SURRENDERS.

Moss Henry Lippman, now a confinee in Darlinghurst Gaol, but late storekeeper's assistant at Bega. Liabilities, £6 15s. Assets, £1. Mr. Lyons, official assignee.

Montgomery Jennings Sheppard, of Mudgee, saddler. Liabilities, £1145 14s. 5d., of which £768 is secured. Assets, £905. Principal unsecured creditor, E. Williams and Co., Sydney, £211 7s. 5d. Mr. Sandeman, official assignee.

COMPULSORY SEQUESTRATION.

Estate of William Morley, deceased, late of Young, upon petition of J. J. Brown, of Yass, newspaper proprietor.

COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 9.

(*Before Mr. District Court Judge* DOWLING.)

Mr. Rogers prosecuted for the Crown.

SENTENCES.

Franklin Hugh James Butler, found guilty of obtaining money from a Mrs. Taylor under false pretences, was sentenced to undergo nine months' incarceration in Darlinghurst, with hard labour.

John Bolton, found guilty of breaking and entering into the house of Mr. Blunt, in Waterloo, and with receiving stolen property was sentenced to five years upon the roads.

APPEAL CASES.

MASCARD V. BEEHAG.

Mr. Rogers, instructed by Mr. Gannon, appeared for the appellant, and Mr. Forster for the respondent.

This was an application by Alexander Beehag to reverse a decision of the magistrates at the Central Police Court under 4 Victoria, No. 5, section 8, who made an order out against him to pay 6s. a week for twelve months for the support of his illegitimate child. After hearing a number of witnesses the case was adjourned until next Saturday.

POLICE V. WILLIAMS.

This case, an application for the reversion of a decision under the Vagrancy Act, was postponed until next Saturday.

POLICE.

At the CENTRAL POLICE COURT on Saturday, the Police Magistrate was assisted by Messrs. Smart, Cunninghame, Arguimbau, Fowler, and Hezlet.

John Clark was found guilty of having assaulted the constable (Hatfield), who in the execution of his duty took him into custody for drunkenness, and was sentenced to pay 40s. penalty or to be imprisoned one month.

Thomas Tipper, found guilty of having wantonly without either cause, or alleging a cause, assaulted David Price, who was on duty as an officer of the Transit Commissioners' department, was ordered to pay a penalty of 40s., or to be imprisoned one month.

John Larner, 11, charged with having between 6 and 7 o'clock on Friday evening scaled the fence of an enclosure in Hyde Park, and damaging a growing shrub, pleaded guilty. In consideration of his youth, he was admonished for his offence, warned against a repetition, and discharged.

At the WATER POLICE COURT, on Saturday, before Messrs. Hunt and Greville, J's.P., *Jane Arratel* and *Eliza Blackburn* were fined 10s. each, with the alternative of four days' imprisonment, the first for riotous behaviour, and the second for obscenity. *John Stewart* and *Patrick Molony*, for stealing a water barrel, valued at £1, the property of Alexander M'Leod, were sentenced to three months' imprisonment each. A similar penalty was inflicted on *John Cassidy*, alias *O'Brien*, for stealing a pair of pants and a vest, valued at £1, from Mrs. Coulter. *William Hogan* was bound over, in his own surety of £20 and two others of £10 each, to keep the peace for six months towards his wife, Lavinia, whom he was charged with assaulting and beating.

At the NEWTOWN POLICE COURT, on Saturday, Mr. C. Lester presided, and was assisted by Mr. R. C. Murray.

Margaret Joyce, brought up for protection, was recommended to the Benevolent Asylum.

Mary Jane Perry (30), widow, was charged with attempting to murder her child, Selina Perry, aged 11 years. A considerable amount of evidence was taken. This tended to show that the mother had endeavoured to extort a confession from the child by threatening her first with a small axe and subsequently with a knife. Defendant was bound over to keep the peace for six months, in her own recognizances for £20, and one surety for £20, in default to be imprisoned three months.

ENGLAND AND RUSSIA, OR WHO WILL HAVE AFGHANISTAN?

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

Sir,—In the Melbourne *Argus* of the 15th and 16th, to hand this day, I was much concerned at reading a proposition made in Parliament to disband the Permanent Artillery Force, and take their men-of-war vessels out of commission. Your *Herald* leader of the 15th with its general *resumé* of the state of affairs in Europe and Asia, and the reasonable conclusion deduced therefrom, makes one wonder whether Victorian politicians really understand the general tendency of European and Asian complications.

Of course it is not for outsiders to question the acts of Victorian legislators so long as they are not criminal, nor calculated to endanger the safety of their neighbours (the sister colonies); but a proposition to disband the Permanent Force of one of the principal colonies is an act of so grave a nature as would, if carried, not only imperil Victoria but the neighbouring colonies also. The act would be noted by England's mighty adversary, as it would in the event of war be a powerful incentive for prompt attack, having placed herself by her own act at the mercy of an aggressor. A man is a criminal who sets fire to his own house, and a double dyed one if it affects his neighbour's property and entails loss of life. Have our Victorian brethren forgotten that between England and Russia there is a deadly feud, and sooner or later a day of reckoning will take place. Russia has not forgotten her humiliation sustained by England's act in the Crimea, and more recently still when Russia was completely exhausted, and the treaty of San Stefano was signed, how England tried to raise united Europe against her to set it aside. And have Australians not been advised that a Russian man-of-war, with the sons of the Grand Duke on board, has been dispatched the South Pacific, not, mark you, to visit the Sydney Exhibition, but to cruise off the coast of Australia.

Have not the great military (autumn) manœuvres of the various Russian corps recently taken place, and while invitations were sent to the great European Powers, who sent their principal military officers to witness them, England was cooly ignored and left out in the cold. The pomp and panoply of mimic war was here seen on a grand scale, and the oldest European veterans commented in terms of high praise on the steadiness and discipline of the various corps. This slight may mean nothing—or a great deal—at any rate it is evident that Russia does not intend to re-establish the *entente cordiale*. And now, in imagination, let us who are so deeply concerned, picture the masse of men here under arms. The official reports show they consisted of 439 battalions of infantry, 216 squadrons of cavalry, and 886 cannon, while the reserve force at Zarskoe-selo under arms at the same time consisted of 58 battalions of infantry, 40 squadrons of cavalry, and 158 cannon—contrast this with what is asserted as facts in the English *Army and Navy Gazette* for August last, which sets down the whole available forces of her Majesty's (Permanent) in England, at 15,000 chiefly boys of 18 years or thereabout, with a very slight sprinkling of veterans among them; and as a fact, the chief part of her Majesty's troops sent to Natal during the present year were mainly lads, plucky boys, but whom exposure and little a hardship was more fatal to than all the assegais of the Zulus—well indeed may the statesmen of old England feel anxious about the future, they bear up bravely, and put the best face on matters as they occur; but, in these days, political forecasts, like phenomenal weather, set at nought the judgment of the soundest politicians. We read in an August paper a speech made by Lord Salisbury. He says, "We have made efforts to secure a strategic position to a valuable ally; we have secured an important naval station (Cyprus?); we have strenghtened, so that it is impregnable, the only assailable frontier in India; we have made secure our colonial possessions in the far south—these must not be judged individually; their strength and merits are, that they are parts of a whole—the links of a long chain." Here then is this noble lord happy in the belief that all that human prescience could foresee has been provided for by him, and, comparing his work to the links of a long chain, wholly unconscious that while he was then speaking, and possibly also while I am now writing, the links of his chain are snapping asunder and leaving nothing but the worthless remnants in his hands. Our Austrian ally and the strategic position have both been stolen from us by Bismarck; Count Andrassy, possessing the esteem of his sovereign, but returning from Berlin with a bribe of stolen Turkey, which Kossuth had over and over again warned the Austrians not to have anything to do with, has been consigned to private life by the verdict of his countrymen—one link gone. Our impregnable Indian frontier, with its scientific positions have vanished into thin air, while the ashes of dashing gallant Cavagnari, with his brave suite, and the thunder of the English cannon, as the Union Jack is again run up, and floats over the ruins of the British Residency, is all that remains to tell of the past, and informs all whom it may concern that England is once again getting ready to fight to the bitter end; while far away among the eternal hills of the Hindoo Koosh, stands looming greater than ever the great Bear, looking complacently on the disquieted English and the treacherous Afghan—another link gone. And here, in the sunny South, with its wealth and peace, Victoria proposes to disband her troops, and dismantle her vessels of war; and so sure as she commences, other colonies will be sure to follow her bad example, for man is an imitative animal, and then what becomes of the safety of the far South?—another link about to be snapped. And this brings us to the last link of Lord Salisbury's chain, the naval station, Cyprus—an emblem of woe alone left of all the links selected in the chain of Imperial aspirations of our British statesmen. Now, to look at the subject of defence dispassionately, does it not seem strange that this great Power (Russia), that no Power single-handed dare attack, and with masses of well-trained men such as no other Power could place in the field, is revolutionising her whole system of defence in the Baltic so that no fleet in the world will dare attempt to enter it, and provision has been made by the Cruiser fleet to crush the commerce of England in the Indian Ocean and South Pacific—and, indeed, within the last few days a telegram informed us that the Czar purposed increasing his military forces—and in the face of all this our sapient Victorians purpose doing away with their forces, the question may naturally arise as the Turkish question has been settled what possible grounds have we for supposing a war between Russia and England possible. Well, we must not forget that in the settlement of the late war the Czar was grossly insulted, and the Russians felt deeply humiliated; this apple of discord was left to the flat caps to pick up and fasten a quarrel on when time and circumstances were found most convenient—and this very time has occurred now.

Permit me, Sir, to direct your readers' attention to an extract from a letter of mine which you kindly permitted to appear in the *Herald* of 6th March, 1878. By referring to page 6, top paragraph of third column, they will read as follows:—"They have ever had but little love for English rule, and little does it require on the borders of the Hindoo Koosh to start a fire from Cashmere to Cabul and Kandahar. The little uneasiness about Quetta could be soon fanned up to find employment for statesmen and Generals, and India from end to end would be soon in conflagration of revolt or war, &c., &c. These are no doubt some of the thoughts of English statesmen, &c." This was some time before the Cabinet decided on bringing in Sepoys to Europe, and I have since found that I was not wrong in my anticipations, for before the end of 1878 the Afghan difficulty had commenced, and the attention of British statesmen had been called specially to this subject, for it appears from published correspondence laid on the table of the Houses of Parliament in November, 1879, his Excellency Lord Loftus writing to Lord Derby in March, 1875 (secret correspondence), tells him—"he has reason to believe that the Russian Government are somewhat disquieted by the reports of the intention of the Indian Government to occupy Quetta," and sure enough with in a year or so, the Pathans I think, were found troublesome, fighting commenced, and Quetta was occupied in the usual Indian way. Now following out the train of my own ideas: Although we have interfered in Afghanistan, the real question is only now cropping up, and to gain time we find Count Shouvaloff has returned to London, and we get a quieting dose—"We are informed there is reason for believing England and Russia will come to an understanding." It is merely the Count's hand we see; time must be gained for General Turgukassof, with his advanced army corps, to encamp within easy distance of Myoob Khan, at Herat. General Kauffman is still at Samarcand, and through the treaty of peace with China, the Russian Kashgar force will be available for ulterior contingencies. Supplies will be forwarded from the Caspian, and Merv occupation can stand over for a more convenient season, when, no doubt, it will be the base of operations, or military supply post; and what a different position we stand in this day, with all the passes in our hands, to what we did this day twelvemonth. Then, if we were not loved, we inspired fear and respect from the tribes, we were a few millions of money better in pocket, and had not tampered with the famine fund; then we proclaimed ourselves friends of all Afghans, except the Ameer, we bribed and coaxed and fought our way until the treaty of Gundamak was signed: and now, after our military promenade—flogging, shooting, hanging, destroying the mud villages of hostile tribes according to the usages of war, and the deserts of the fanatical and treacherous—we have to return over the old ground with the cholera hanging on to the skirts of the army, and sweeping off more than the bullets or sword of the Afghan. The Russians, with their usual tact, have waited with patience, and no doubt in the event of a war will be hailed (as by the Bulgarians) deliverers from an intolerable tyranny—the Government of India. It is useless speculating when and where the first blow will be struck, but the Russian, with the great military base at Merv, from which Balk and Herat can be supplied with munitions of war—for as a fact the Russians have steam motors east of the Caspian, which even in the sand can draw immense loads, and nearly all the camels in that part of the desert have been secured by them. The Teke's will after a while give them but little trouble, while, on the contrary, the English base of operations must be Peshawar and Quetta, and from there they will have hundreds of thousands of fierce, implacable, treacherous foes, always at hand, and ever on the alert to cut communication, plunder convoys, and murder the sick and wounded. I think England is one thousand times worse, and Russia that much better in position, than either were twelve short months back. Indeed, if Prince Gortschakoff had the planning of this mischeivous combination against England, he could never conceive a more effectual way of crippling her than the course events have taken. Well, some readers may say, admitting that all this is correct, how will that affect us Australians, what harm have we done the Russians, and what grounds of quarrel have they with us? I put the matter thus: If England, in the interest of Imperialism to checkmate Russia and punish Sheer Ali, invade Afghanistan, and make war on all who oppose the progress of their armies, and carry ruin and death to these semi-barbarous tribes, now that the tide has turned, and England has to enter on a war of subjection and conquest, can we blame Russia for taking advantage of England's difficulty, more especially when trouble crops up on every side? Russia is careful never to act till all is ready, and when they are ready to defy England on the plains of Turkestan, and fires the first shot; within 24 hours perhaps afterwards the thunder of the Russian cannon will reverberate for the first time in anger along the shores washed by the great Pacific Ocean. England acted, though she had little to gain beyond a strategetical position, and did not begrudge her millions for obtaining it (unfortunately the cat is out of the bag, and the miserable Hindoo finds he will ultimately have to pay the piper for the scientific idea). While, on the contrary, Russia has everything to gain, prestige, wealth, damaging England's commerce, and thereby impoverishing her to that extent, while the Australian banker, the merchant, the squatter, and not last nor least, the 40,000 policy-holders in the Mutual Provident, each and all have a solid interest in the welfare and security of this glorious sunny land of ours, and no effort should be considered too great to secure it from the tread of an invader. But we have not, I regret to say, arrived at this point yet, and shall not till we have a force adequate to meet an enemy at all points. Vattell says, a nation ought to put itself in such a state as to be ably not only to repel but humble an adversary. This is an important duty which the care of its "self preservation imposes upon the State and its rulers." Let us, then, the mother colony of Australia, set the others an example, and if we cannot assist the old country in the day of her calamity, at any rate she may feel relieved by knowing we can take care of ourselves, and are willing to do so. I do not for a moment doubt the pluck of our young Volunteers, though many, too many of them have not yet cultivated a hirsute appendage; but I would depend my life on the bearded, bronzed, and sturdy Volunteers, who were so coolly left to drift away simply for want of a little tact in managing men who have brought up families, and who require that military men possessing the *suaviter in modo fortiter in re*, treat them as men and not boys.

Now, from the telegrams many of our people hope all sorts of impossible things. They expect to see Russia declare war against Germany, Austria, and England. Russia has no object to gain, and would never think of committing so foolish an act—we need not anticipate any collision between Germany and Russia. Germany wants peace, and the best way to preserve that was to detach Austria from England. Having done that, Prince Bismarck is satisfied, and Austria feels herself secure. The Republican Italia irridenta party will keep their hands off Austria while Germany backs her. France desires no alliance with England; she has nothing to gain by it but hard knocks and heavy debts. Russia is quite willing to stand on one, and deal with England single-handed. But Russia will not pick a quarrel on the Bosphorus, her great strategetic point is now Afghanistan, to this all her energies will be turned; and I think Russia, when ready, will force England to fight it out here—where disaffected Afghans will aid, and where England will always have to fight with her best hand tied, as she cannot ignore the presence of her great tributaries—princes with forces under arms amounting to some 300,000 men, and who have had notice, semi-official, that they must disarm when England is in a position to deal with them. Russia, therefore, stands to win in some places, and cripple England in others. And if any Power—Germany, for instance—is likely to interfere on England's behalf, then Russia will cast in her lot with France, to whom she can promise Alsace and Lorraine and the Suez Canal and Egypt, for which France has always had a hankering.

Turkey is no element in my calculation. She is like a dead ripe pear—ready to fall with the first great shake.

Now, I fancy this is a fair idea of the future outlook, but all these calculations may be scattered to the winds by the action of elements which are not considered as a part of the great Powers at present—I mean the great Internationalists. Europe felt their power in 1848, when the cities of the nations fell—one city and country, England, alone passed scatheless through that storm of revolution—she is the last of the cities of the nations of the old Roman Empire—when she falls then begin to place your house in order for a time of trouble is at hand. Our own Imperial Ministers have unconsciously said when Turkey falls the whole world will receive a shock, how much more then when London or England comes to grief. Englishmen, like the Carthagians and those of Tyre of old, while their countries were counted, the commercial centres of the world, could never be brought to imagine that such noble and prosperous cities could be brought to nought, and now but little of either can be found to mark these busy marts of the world. Let Englishmen and colonials take these things to heart and ponder over them, for if history teaches one fact above all others it is that history repeats itself.

In the good old days when England was a power all over the world, and Dost Mahommed was bewailing the loss of his kingdom, when discussing the Afghan question in camp in the jungle, or hill country of India, and wondering how it would all end, I little thought that my experience then gained would be of any public importance, and that I should be a self-constituted "per favour of the Editor of the *Herald*," military adviser to the people of New South Wales.

I have, &c.,

October 18. WILLIAM HOGAN.

COMMERCIAL.

PRODUCE SALES.—FRIDAY.

By Mr. F. L. Barker.—Hides: Addressed, 30 dry station at 4d; JY over B over ORNIE, 5 at 4d; TB on leather, 15 at 3¾d; RAM, 14 heavy at 3½d; K on tin label, 69 at 3½d; tin label OO, 78 at 3½d; WHB&Co, 15 at 3½d; Addressed, 24 at 3½d; blue tape, 61 at 3½d; Spun Yarn, 162 at 3½d; JSM, 150 at 3½d; JC over R on leather, 27 at 3½d; White rag, 17 at 3½d; Red rag, 9 damaged at 3d; Addressed, 19 at 3d; JS over BR, 35 at 2¾d; MLN, 16 at 3½d; ⌒ over B, 36 at 3½d; JY, 3 damaged at 2d; ⌒ over B, 7 at 3½d; Addressed, 16 at 3d; C, 15 damaged at 2½d; Blue tape, 3 yearlings at 2s 8d; Addressed, 8 calfskins at [illegible]; ⌒ over B, 2 bales kangoroo at 8d; MS, 2 bundles at 12d; Red rag, 2 bags cow hair at 8½d; 1 bag horse hair at 11d. Horns: Addressed, 27 [illegible] at 25s per 100; WB over M, 14 bags at 24s 6d; JB, 1 bag at 26. Shank Bones: JKL, 40 bags at £8 10s per ton; SJN, 1 bag at £8 10s; RT, 11 bags at £9. Tallow: SH&C, 8 hogsheads and 9 tierces at £30 per ton; JC over R, 4 hogsheads at £30; JP over M, 5 at £30; WS&CO., 9 quarter-casks, inferior, at £21; JV over B, 17 hogsheads at £30; YS, 2 tierces at £30. Bark: AM&Co., 6 tons at £6 15s, Hobart Town ground.

By Messrs. Mort and Co.—Hides, MP, 196 at 3½d per lb.; W in triangle, 10 at 4½d; Cross in circle, 4 at 4½d; M2G, 10 at 4d; P, 17 at 3½d; MtA, 51 at 3¾d; Anchor in circle, 73 at 3¾d; Leather, 14 at 3½d; NN7, 9 at 3½d; 1 White tape, 40 at 3½d, 78 at [illegible]; EP, 1 pigskin at 2s 9d, 1 yearling at 3s 6d; Sts, 1 hide at 2½d; WJ, 9 (all faults) at 2½d; RP over T, 19 (all faults) at 3½d; ML, 28 at 3½d, Sts, 63 at 3½d; RH, 52 at 2¾d; EP, 21 at 3½d; JW, 45 at 3d; W over G, 8 at 3¾d; W over X, 13 at 3¾d; LY, 17 at 3½d; GLC, 30 (all faults) at 3d; SS, 7 at 3½d; VSM, 7 at 3d; CAB, 10 at 3½d; W, 4 at 3½d; 17 calfskins at 6d; W, 58 at 6d; [illegible] at 1s 1d; 1 pigskin at 1s, 9 hides at 3½d; WO, 11 at 3½d; RM, 1 at 3½d; WW, 79 at 3½d; 8 kangarooskins at 3d each; RF, [illegible] hides at 3d. Tallow: WH&Co, 26 casks at £31; Anchor in circle, 12 at £30 10s; W, 30 at £30; B, 10 at £29 5s; STS, 6 at £29; WM, 1 at £26 5s; B, 7 at £24; TS, 2 at £28; WL, 2 at £25; GYD, 4 at £24 10s; Y, 1 at £24 10s; P M-G, 2 at £23 15s; DS, 8 at £20; T, 7 at £21; M G, 1 at £19 15s. Hair: M, 3½ bags at 13d, 9½ bags at 9d; O, 1 bag at 1s; WM, 3 bags at 8d. Horns and Bones: BL, 2 casks horns at 26s per 100; HF, 3 bags at 25s, 4 bags bones at 5s; AF, 3 bags horns at 1[illegible]s 6d; JT and S, 1 bag at [illegible]s 3d; 1 bag bones at 6s; CD, 5 bags horns at 2[illegible]s 6d, 5 bags bones at 7s 6d; W, 5 bags horns at 18s 6d; 2 bags bones at 5s; RL, 1 bag horns at 10s; ML, 6 bags at 17s; 6 bags bones at 6s; P, 3 bags horns at 1[illegible]s.

By Messrs. Maiden, Hill, and Clarke.—BP, 2 calfskins at 6d; [illegible], 1 at 6d; CR, 10 at 1s; Cross on leather, 7 at 1s 9d; B, 3 at 1s 4d; JL, 1 horse hide at 3s 3d; C and J, 1 at 3s 3d; HM, 1 bundle kangaroo skins at 3s; C and J, 2 at 10s; HM, 1 at 18s; H, 1 at 8s per dozen; LD, 3 hides (damaged) at 2d; GI, 8 at 3½d; GS, 37 at 3½d; WH, 11 at 3½d; Rope, 11 at 3½d; BP, 1 at 3½d; T, 21 at 3½d; TB on leather, 5 at 3½d, KB, 27 at 3½d; Black Cross, 43 at 3½d; HH in square, 15 at 3½d; JL, 3 at 3½d; CP on leather, 50 at 3½d; RC, 11 at 3½d; LPD, 3 at 3d; Pink Tape, 21 at 3½d; HA, 7 at 2½d; PP on leather, 12 at 3½d; CP on leather, 3 at 2½d; JL, 34 at 3½d; TB on leather, 61 at 3½d; GA, 34 at 3½d; ET, 51 at 3d; S on leather, 9 at 3½d; AV, 4 at 3½d; GI, 9 at 3½d; C, 28 at 3½d; B, 7 at 3½d; HB, 7 at 3½d; N on leather, 20 at 3½d; UD, 27 at 3½d; RW, 9 at 3½d; MR, 35 at 3½d; Fleshout, 40 at 3½d; Pink tape, 20 at 3½d; X, 34 at 3½d; U, 3 at 3d; M, 17 at 3½d per lb.; GI, 1 bag tail hair at 4d; WD, 1 horse tail at 12d; B, 2 bags tail hair at 3½d; WD, 1 bale horse tail at 13½d per lb.; JDS, 1 bag bones at £7; CR, 1 ditto hoofs at £2 10s per ton; TB on leather, 3 horns at 25s; CI, 1 bag at 11s 6d per ton. 12 casks tallow at £23; AFT, 2 at £26 10s; JL, 1 case at £25 10s; N, 1 at £20; AAA, 3 at £26 10s; BLG, 4 cases at £25 5s; AFT, 3 casks at £25 15s; RH, 2 at £28; C over L, 2 at £27; B, 2 at £26 5s; WG, 1 at £27 10s; P, 3 at £25; CR, 2 at £25 5s; BLG, 1 at £25; AFT, 1 case at £23 15s; HW, 1 cask at £ 4; U, 6 at £25 10s per ton.

By Mr. Bridge: MN, 22 hides at 3½d; JB over S, 5 at 3½d; TJ, 40 at 3½d; ditto, 67 at 3½d; green rag, 71 at 3½d; FS, 42 at 3½d; DB over S, 29 at 3½d; JS over N, 30 at 3½d; GM on leather, 24 at 3½d; WW, 30 at 3½d; JHN, 28 at 3½d; black cross, 84 at 3½d; JW, 43 at 3½d; Oil, 48 at 3½d; N, 17 at 3½d; WJ, 4 at 3½d; DM, 29 at 3½d; EN, 42 at 3½d; DJ, 5 at 3½d; DW, 2 at 3½d; JBB, 33 at 3½d; WCR, 12 at 3½d; JD, 61 at 3½d; MN, 20 at 3½d, MD, 43 at 3d; JS, 15 at 1½d; J&T, 63 at 3½d; WH, 8 at 3; RC, 1 at 2d; JS over N, 26 at 1½d; LG, 12 horsesides at 3s 3d; DW, 5 at 3s; RJ, 2 calfskins at 6d; WC, 2 at 10d; RJ, 2 yearlings at 1s; MFR, 2 bundles kangaroo skins at 8s; LG, 1 at 14s; F and Sons, 1 cask tallow at £23 15s per ton; YJ, 1 bag cowhair at 9d; R Rose, 1 bag horsehair at 14d; YJ, 3 bags horns at 16s, 4 bags bones at 7s; TH, 1 bag horns at 18s 6d, 2 bags bones at 7s.

By Messrs. Harrison, Jones, and Devlin.—MM, 16 hides at 3½d; TP, 10 at 3½d; WB, 37 at 3½d; GA, 94 at 3½d; GG, 1 at 3½d; JO, 5 at 3½d; RC, 10 at 3½d; D, 1 at 3½d; White braid, 5 at 3½d; Red braid, 35 at 3½d; K, 23 at 3d; S Perritt, 6 at 3½d; GA, 3 at 3½d; R on leather, 43 at 3½d, DS, 28 at 3½d; no mark, 20 at 3½d; IB, 33 at 3½d; TE, 29 at 3½d; DJ&Co., 10 at 3½d; O, 13 at 3½d; HR, 37 at 3½d; JW, 7 at 3½d; Blue braid, 11 at 3½d; WD, 11 at 3½d; GM, 30 at 3½d; MG, 61 at 3½d; Steamer, 21 at 3d; JTM, 10 at 3½d; TJL, 29 at 3½d; SY, 79 at 3½d; G, 33 at 3½d; WY Bro, 11 at 3½d; TE, 18 at 3½d; TRA, 19 at 3½d; MM, 16 at 3½d; A, 9 at 3d; Cross, 6 at 3½d; no mark, 30 at 3½d; W&W, 53 at 3½d; OC&Co., 87 at 3½d; R&R, 1 at 3½d; S in circle, 8 at 3½d; CSS, 10 at 3½d; JC&Co., 6 at 3½d; WBR, 10 at 3½d; ON, 20 at 3½d; WW, 10 at 3½d; AMC, 14 at 3½d; CC, 19 at 3½d; WB, 14 at 3½d; PT, 6 at 3½d; JMR, 25 at 3½d; HL, 11 at 3½d; F, 9 at 3½d; S, 5 at 3½d; TPK, 9 at 3½d; J, 9 at 3½d; Q, 8 at 3½d; WC, 7 at 3½d; FL, 1 at 3d; JHD, 8 at 3½d; PH, 60 at 3½d; No mark, 25 at 3½d; 70 at 3½d; JH, 15 at 3½d. Calfskins: TCK, 5 at 19d; SG, 18 at 15d; Sy, 6 at 20d; TN, 25 at 35d; TE, 23 at 10d; MM, 4 at 18d; R on leather, 3 at 17d; W Bros, 5 at 15d; FL, 4 at 12d; JAD, 1 at 14d. Yearlings: MM, 1 at 5s. Kangaroo Skins: TI, 91 at 1s 4d; TI, 55 at 8d; FG, 200 at 1s 4d; FG, 91 at 8d; TE, 1 lot at 3d. Horse: JA, 17 at 4s. Horns: JK, 1 lot at 24s; B, 1 at 23s 3d; HJD over diamond, 1 at 15s 9d; MBC, 1 at 27s; RS, 1 at 11s; W, 1 at 28s 3d; A, 1 at 14s; S over [illegible], 1 at 21s 3d, 1 at 5s 3d; R & R, 1 at 2[illegible]s; P, 1 at 21s 9d; CY over B, 1 at 20s 6d; RMP, 1 at 27s; WY, 1 at 29s; R on leather, 1 at 28s; JW, 1 at 27s 6d; G & M, 1 at 27s 6d; DS, 1 at 26s. Bones: JK, 1 lot at 9s 3d; MBC, 1 at 8s 6d; W, 1 at 6s 6d; A, 1 at 7s 3d; R & R, 1 at 7s 6d; B, 1 at 9s 3d; P, 1 at 6s 3d; R, 1 at 9s; G & M, 1 at 9s; No Mark, 1 at 8s. Hair: GF, 1 bag at 14d; WB, 1 at 11½d; JP, 1 at 13d; cross, 1 at 11d, 2 at 8½d; SB, 2 at 13½d, 2 at 8½d. Tallow.—Beef: JT, 7 casks at £30; ISN, 1 at £28; B, 2 at £25 15s; JC, 8 cases at £25; M, 3 cases at £26; A, 2 cases at £25; BR, 1 at £27; WW, 1 at £25 15s; TRA, 3 at £26 10s; JCT, 3 and 1 tin at £26; HT, 8 at £29; WP over L, 5 at £25 10s; M, 4 at £25 5s; P, 1 at £25 5s; SG, 1 at £30; Hudson, 4 at £27; HC, 3 at £29; JR, 3 at £27; JA, 2 at £27; RH over triangle, 5 at £26; mixed TP, 1 at 11s; and privately T&S, 100 at £30 10s; SY, 2 at £30 10s; TN, 4 at 30 £30 10s; GC, 6 at £30 10s; TCK, 4 at £30 10s; N in circle, 8 at £30 10s; HS, 4 at £30 10s; NN, 3 at £30 10s; FB, 10 at £30 10s; MBC, 6 at £30 10s; R, 3 at £30 10s; SJ, 2 at £30 10s; MY, 3 at £30 10s; R in circle, 40 at £30 10s; J. Tester, 40 at £30 10s; Hudson, 50 at £30 10s; G&M, 30 at £30 10s; JT, 30 at £30 10s.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.—NOVEMBER 8.

Aurora, schooner, 138 tons, Captain Hartly, from Noumea 24th October in ballast. Devambez and Sabatier, agents.

Truganini (s.), 300 tons, Captain Hersee, from Richmond River 5th instant. Passengers—Mrs. Hunt and 2 children, Messrs. T. Nolan, R. Nolan, Master Nolan, and 4 in the steerage. C. and B. Nichol, agents.

Beagle (s.), 200 tons, Captain Rendell, from the Manning River 6th instant. Passengers—Messrs. Wright, Jordan, Thompson, Mahar, Person, and 1 in the steerage. John Ritchie, agent.

Diamantina (s.), [illegible]00 tons, Captain Herron, from Manning River 7th instant. Passengers—Mdmes. Donaldson, Booth, Sweney, Duff, Ross, Gow, and Salter, Misses Hall (2), Levick, Rev. Mr. Hawkins, Messrs. Kenedy, Donaldson, Davis, Rose, Newton, Duff, Longfield, Levick, Boyce, Abbott, Targell, Henderson, Rush, Antonio, Longfield, Whittington, and 5 in the steerage. M. R. S. N. Co., agents.

Avoca (s.), 930 tons, Captain Almond, from Melbourne 6th instant. Passengers—From Southampton: Hon. S. Littleton, Mr. E. Bond. From Venice: Mr. and Mrs. Bird, Messrs. Yangetti. From Rome: Six missionaries. From Bombay: Mr. Condor, Mr. Ponder, Misses Prendergast. From Galle: Mr. Baillie. From King George's Sound: Mr. J. Hogan. From Melbourne: Mr. J. F. Sanderson, Miss Sanderson, Mr. G. Anderson, Mr. T. Jaque Martin, Mrs. Martin, Miss Martin, Mr. A. C. Garrick, Mr. and Mrs. Buchanan, Mr. A. Wyatt, and 7 in the steerage. H. Moore, agent.

Wotonga (s.), 1000 tons, Captain Banks, from Melbourne 6th instant. Passengers—Mr. and Mrs. G. R. Gardner, Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Lorimer, Mr. and Mrs. B. Fletcher and servant, Mr. and Mrs. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. James Smith, Mr. and Mrs. B. Brookman, Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Stock, Mrs. Fink, infant, and nurse, Mrs. Kilpatrick, Mrs. O'Ryan, Mrs. Harvey, Miss Schlencker, Miss Gedding, Miss Roberts, Miss Harvey, Miss Fink, Miss B. Fink, Messrs. W. Barringer, R. Lorimer, J. B. Nutting, F. Punch, S. Punch, James Bow, W. G. Brookman, E. Coppen, D. Gallagher, R. M'Lintock, W. E. Barker, J. H. Hindmarsh, Master Fink, and 25 in the steerage. A. S. N. Co., agents.

May Newton, schooner, 214 tons, Captain Newton, from Port Mackay 28th ultimo. Passenger—Mr. Evans. Captain, agent.

NOVEMBER 9.

William Duthie, ship, 930 tons, Captain M'Callen, from London, 19th July. Passengers—Mr. and Mrs. Gilly, Mr. and Mrs. Webb, Mrs. B. Ime, Miss [illegible], Messrs. F. Donaldsen, J. H. Thorpe, John Hall Gritton, Edwin Young, W. E. Nalse, Edward Knight, R. J. Ford, H. Scrivener, S. Withers, E. Fechow, John Bliss. Dangar, Gedye, and Co., agents.

Byron, brig, 174 tons, Captain Llewellyn, from Melbourne, 1st instant. Passenger—Mrs. Llewellin. Moodie and Monro, agents.

Mary Cochrane (s.), 2[illegible]0 tons, Captain Nicholson, from Macleay River, 7th instant. Passengers—Mrs. Garland, Messrs. Garland, Foley, Master Garland.

Argyle (s.), 218 tons, Captain C. F. Tucker, from Grafton 7th instant. Passengers—Dr. Eden, Mr. Ashton and daughter, Messrs. M'Bride, Lickell, Lisine, Duff, W. Jones, A. Penuland, and 8 in the steerage. S. G. Davison, agent.

Derwent (s.), 600 tons, Captain Bristow, from Rockhampton, Maryborough, and Brisbane. Passengers—Mrs. G. Campbell and infant, Mrs. Oxenbould and child, Mrs. Collier, Mrs. Hotsburgh, Miss Belmont, Misses Foott (2), Miss Sparrow, Hon. J. C. Foott, M.L.C., Messrs. Charles Lewis, N. Young, G. Carter, J. Gilmore, W. Perkins, H. Copeland, T. Brown, G. W. Collier, L. Hobbs, George Turner, W. Ealy, R. B. Lewis, Chas. B. Hicks, T. Keenan, H. Douglass, Master J. Foott, Misses Collier (2), Mrs. C. Lewis, Messrs. E. H. Oxenbould, G. Hotsburgh, J. Campbell, J. Hensworth, C. C. Carter, Leeder, J. R. M'Dougall, Masters Campbell (3), and 20 in the steerage. W. H. Smith and Sons, agents.

Nautilus, barque, 215 tons, Captain Wilkinson, from Hobart Town [illegible]. Passengers—Mr. F. J. Foot and 2 in the steerage. Captain, agent.

The Venus, schooner, 191 tons, Captain Scott, from Fortuna, S. S. Islands, 15th October. Tindale, White, and Co., agents.

DEPARTURES.—NOVEMBER 8.

Ravenswood, for San Francisco.
Hawkesbury, for London.
Katoomba (s.), for Melbourne.
Balclutha (s.), for Rockhampton.
City of Grafton (s.), for Grafton.
Elamang (s.), for Brisbane.
Rotorua (s.), for New Zealand.
[illegible] (s.), for Adelaide via Newcastle.
Leura (s.), for Melbourne.
Flodden, barque, for Shanghai.

PROJECTED DEPARTURES.—NOVEMBER 10.

Ephemy, for Huon Island; Forward, for Shanghai; Afghan (s.), for Newcastle; Duke of Abercorn, for Hongkong via Newcastle; Silvery Wave, for Broad Sound and Port Mackay; Sheet Anchor, for Honolulu; Brunette, for Hongkong via Newcastle.

CLEARANCES.—NOVEMBER 8.

Silvery Wave, schooner, 104 tons, Captain Denton, for Broadsound and Port Mackay. Passenger—Mrs. Denton.

Katoomba (s.), Captain J. M'Lean, for Melbourne. Passengers—Mrs. Wakeley, Mrs. Johnstone, Mrs. Smith, Mrs. Sandford, Mrs. W. Higgins, Miss Stewart, Miss Windred, Miss Johnstone, Miss Wakeley, Miss Mitchell, Messrs. W. Trotter, Fooks, W. Johnstone, H. V. Hassell, J. Kerin, Barrell, Sandaland, S. Leiley, G. Martin, Blanch, L. Smith, H. E. Sandford, J. O. Barnes, J. W. Butcher, John Dunbar, J. Rogers, and 27 in the steerage.

Leura (s.), 700 tons, Captain Pain, for Melbourne. Passengers—Mrs. Hardy, Mrs. Tozer, Mrs. L. Carter, Miss O'Lane, Mrs. A. L. Martin, Miss Humphries, Messrs. P. Reappell, C. Robinson, E. Carter, Dr. Cockburn, W. E. Spawforth, C. R. Parsons, I. Dunshea, A. Moore, E. Leamy, P. Cowie, P. Corben, A. L. Martin, R. Brodribb, A. Read, Master Dunshea, and 25 in the steerage.

Ephemy, schooner, 55 tons, Captain Woods, for Huon Islands. Passengers—Mr. Moir and 2 in the steerage.

Forward, barque, 745 tons, Captain Vandervord, for Shanghai.

Afghan (s.), 1439 tons, Captain Hunt, for Singapore, via Newcastle. Passengers—Mrs. and Miss Hunt.

Brunette, barque, 375 tons, Captain Dow, for Hongkong, via Newcastle.

Magdala, ship, 1240 tons, Captain Jones, for San Francisco, in ballast.

Duke of Abercorn, ship, 1050 tons, Captain Binnie, for Hongkong, via Newcastle. Passengers—Mrs. Binnie and Masters Binnie (2).

Balclutha (s.), 262 tons, Captain W. Beel, for Maryborough and Rockhampton. Passengers—Miss Christopher, Miss M'Lellan, Messrs. H. P. Sabiel, E. G. Savers, and Hillcoat.

Rotorua (s.), 576 tons, Captain Tozer, for New Zealand. Passengers—Mrs. Maude, Miss Maude, Miss M. Maude, Miss E. Maude, Misses Dyer (2), Mrs. Hetley, Mrs. Oxlade, Mrs. Twentyman, Miss Twentyman, Mrs. Ling, Miss Haines, Mrs. Richards, Mrs. Lamb, Miss Deacon, Messrs. Maude, T. Maude, C. E. Maude, A. Maude, C. Hetley, Bardsley (2), T. Pole, Twentyman, T. O. Pleydell, Stanley, Shephard, Butler, Thompson, Butcher, Ling, J. R. Burton, Badger, Farrell, and 50 in the steerage.

Elamang (s.), 1000 tons, Captain F. C. Knight, for Brisbane. Passengers—Mrs. J. Gargett, Mrs. Hicks, Miss Hicks, Mrs. G. Davenport, Mrs. Whitehouse, Mrs. D. L. Brown, Mrs. R. L. Armour, Mrs. Stratford, Mrs. Kennedy, Mrs. Chorlton, Mrs. Walton, Miss Smith, Miss Reid, Miss Kennedy, Messrs. J. Gargett, J. Bancroft, G. T. Bourne, H. Morwitz, F. Warren, H. Barnsmead, P. P. Samuel, Otto H. Skinner, W. Robertson, J. P. Jessop, G. Davenport, Whitehouse, G. Meiklejohn, P. Mooney, W. Anthony, R. L. Armour, John Brown, J. L. Moran, J. Heiner, and 27 in the steerage.

COASTERS INWARDS.—NOVEMBER 8.

Saxonia (s.), from Newcastle, with 300 tons coal; Escort, from Newcastle, with 90 tons coal; Kate, from Broken Bay, with 20 baskets fish; Margaret, from Jervis Bay, with 13,000 feet timber; Amphitrite, from Richmond River, with 90,000 feet timber; Morpeth (s.), from Hunter River, with 220 bales wool, 92 bales hay, 7 bales skins, 39 hides, 12 bags potatoes, 20 bags bone-dust, 153 bags chaff, 80 bags flour, 95 bags oysters, 150 sheepskins, 7 hogsheads ale, 19 bundles brooms, 4 coops poultry, 9 cases eggs, 4 horses, and sundries.

COASTERS OUTWARDS.—NOVEMBER 8.

Saxonia (s.) and Escort, for Newcastle; Beagle (s.), for Manning River; Truganini (s), for Botany; Kate (s.), for Broken Bay; Margaret, for Clyde River.

IMPORTS.—NOVEMBER 8.

[A special charge is made for consignees' announcements in this column.]

May Newton, from Port Mackay: 264 tons sugar.

Wotonga (s.), from Melbourne: 310 bags flour, 101 bales bags, 6 washing machines, 50 cases acid, 40 boxes soap, 12 boxes opium, 101 trunks boots, 50 empty hogsheads, 48 packages sundries, 2 horses, and 40 tons for northern ports.

NOVEMBER 9.

William Duthie, from London: 23,655 pieces board, 500 bags salt, 100 cases oilstores, 43 packages boots, 50 cases whisky, 100 cases milk, 7 pianos, 80 kegs lead, 14 casks paint, 200 cases 1 hogshead brandy, 94 casks lamps, 40 cases wine, 250 cases 150 half-hogsheads vinegar, 21 packages hardware, 5 packages printing material, 400 bags salt, 10 cylinders, 28 hogsheads 23 quarter-casks rum, 29 cases sewing-machines, 9 pianos, 20 cases stout, 30 stoves, 9 pianos, 25 packages bottles, 22 packages bedsteads, 1088 packages.

Nautilus, from Hobart Town: 900 bags bark, 23,000 palings, 3000 staves, 100 tons slag, 1830 cases jam.

Venus, from South Sea Islands: 200 tons copra, 1 ton shark fins, 6 cwt. pearlshell, 2 tons old copper.

Ex Ancona: 5 packages merchandise—Precious, Doust, and Co.

Ex Dirigo: To arrive, 200 packages merchandise—Precious, Doust, and Co.

Ex Rokeby Hall: To arrive, 18 packages merchandise—Precious, Doust, and Co.

Ex Loch Etive, Lochinvar, and Gurstang: 14,138 bushels Adelaide wheat; 500 bags Rowett and Hooper's superfine flour; 1949 bags Cowan and Co.'s superfine flour; 100 bags Trilling and Co.'s superfine flour; 500 bags Vercoe, Brothers', superfine flour; 200 bags Manuel and Hilton's superfine flour; 900 bags Kimber's superfine flour; 300 bags Langlor's superfine flour; 115 bags J. Howie's superfine flour—Nipper and See, Sussex-street.

Ex Maulsden: 41 packages cricketing goods, Berlin black, water filters, chandeliers, bedsteads, Ashantee hammocks, and cutlery—Holdsworth, Gardyne, and Co.

Ex Loch Etive: 3220 bushels Adelaide wheat—Kendall and Sons.

Ex Smyrna: 447 bars 135 bundles 35 plates best best P. G. Yorkshire Crown iron—D. and W. Robertson.

EXPORTS.—NOVEMBER 8.

Ephemy, for Huon Islands: 80 bags rice.

Forward, for Shanghai: 850 tons coal, 134 casks horseshoes, 21 casks glass, 3 casks brass, 35 pieces lead, 1 cask copper, 6 casks steel, 4 casks and 10 bundles iron.

Afghan (s.), for Singapore: 400 tons coal.

Brunette, for Hongkong, via Newcastle: 50 tons coal.

Duke of Abercorn, for Hongkong, via Newcastle: 400 tons coal.

Silvery Wave, for Port Mackay: 21 casks ale, 3 quarter-casks sherry, 1 quarter-cask whisky, 2 casks porter, 1 package tobacco, 220 sacks flour, 6 cases drapery, 91 bars iron, 1 chaffcutter, 1 corn cracker, 8 bars steel, 20 plough wings, 4 cases preserved carrots, 1 jar acid, 71 tons coal, 83 packages tea, 6 cases vinegar, 4 packages sardines, 2 casks soda crystals, 21 cases galvanized iron, 5 cases dates, 12 boxes dried apples, 8 casks currants, 14 cases and 25 drums oil, 1 case sauce, 4 boxes muscatels, 2 cases confectionery, 5 boxes sultanas, 2 cases prawns, 5 kegs and 1 cask white lead, 67 bags salt, 2 cases corn flour, 10 boxes starch, 10 boxes candles, 10 cases jams, 1 case lobsters, 1 case mustard, 1 case pickles, 5 bundles and 60 coils wire, 1 case sugar, 1 cask paint, 3 cases fruit, 1 case blue, 1 case paper, 1 cask hardware, 1 parcel brackets, 1 case guns, 1 case cartridges, 1 cases matches, 1 case gun caps, and 6 packages sundries.

Katoomba (s.), for Melbourne: 1932 bags maize, 337 bales wool, 248 cases schnapps, 44 hogsheads 42 quarter-casks molasses, 16 casks tallow, 78 packages sugar, 9 packages tobacco, 329 ingots copper, 6 cases drugs, 80 bags rice, 10 bags oysters, 10 packages boots, 23 kegs soda, and 31 packages sundries.

Elamang (s.), for Brisbane: 16 cases drapery, 8 casks stearine, 5 bales bags, 40 chests 349 half-chests tea, 36 cases 19 quarter-casks wine, 200 mats rice, 80 bags flour, 100 bags bran, 30 bags bark, 50 cases jam, 21 cases cheese, 127 bundles iron, 25 cases 25 drums oil, 7 bales paper, 61 cases honey, 22 quarter-casks lime-juice, 10 cases tobacco, 64 ingots tin, 45 packages boots, 4 bags cocoanuts, 1 case jewellery, £100, 16 coils rope, 3 bales hemp, 34 kegs soda, 10 packages gas fittings, 1 cab, 6 horses, 3 bulls, 527 cases fruit, and 236 packages sundries.

Balclutha (s.), for Maryborough and Rockhampton: 80 cases, 20 quarter-casks wines and spirits, 88 packages tea, 11 castings, 8 packages boots, 16 cases drapery, 17 casks paint, 2 cases galvanized iron, 9 coils spunyarn, 50 bundles iron, 50 boxes candles, 23 cases pickles, 5 crates, 4 casks earthenware, 20 casks soda crystals, 11 bags salt, 47 packages oil stores, 11 casks butter, 40 bags rice, 3 bags onions, 3 bales paper, 24 camp ovens, 24 hides, 2 horses, 207 cases fruit, and 154 packages sundries.

CUSTOM HOUSE.—Entered Outwards: November 8, Rodondo (s.), 715 tons, Captain Clark, for Melbourne via Newcastle.

The P. and O. S. N. Co.'s s.s. Avoca left Williamstown November 5th, at 6 a.m.; cleared the Heads at 8.55 a.m.; and rounded Wilson's Promontory at 7 p.m. same day; Gabo Island was passed November 7th, at 3.25 p.m.; Cape St. George not sighted owing to dense fog; entered Sydney Heads at 5.25 p.m., on the 8th. Experienced light and moderate S.E. and easterly winds to Wilson's Promontory, from thence to Gabo Island fresh to light N.E. winds and variable weather; from Gabo Island till midnight 7th, light winds and overcast weather; from midnight dense fog was experienced till 9 a.m., 8th—engines slowed down during this time; after fog lifting, moderate fresh N.N.E. wind to arrival. Passed a barque off Wollongong showing M. C. K. W. The Avoca brought 585 packages cargo and 44 mail bags.

The Orient (s.), new, left Plymouth on the 6th instant at 3 p.m., with 625 passengers, for Adelaide, Melbourne, and Sydney. She comes out via the Cape of Good Hope.

The Avoca, schooner, Captain Hardy, left Noumea on the 24th ultimo, and for the first two days had fine S.E. winds, thence light baffling and southerly winds to this coast, then light variable winds and smooth sea.

The Truganini (s.) left the Manning River on Thursday at 11 a.m., and experienced light variable winds all the passage; arrived at Sydney on the 8th, at 10 a.m. Cargo: 2000 feet pine logs, 1300 bags maize, 500 bags sugar, 8 casks tallow, 100 hides, 6 coops poultry, 5 cases eggs, 20 packages sundries.

The Beagle (s.), crossed the Manning bar at noon on the 6th, arrived in Sydney at 9 a.m. on the 7th; experienced light northerly wind to Newcastle, and variable during the rest of the passage. Cargo—945 bags maize, 30 bags lime, 75 pigs, 17 cases eggs, 9 coops poultry, 43 hides, 100 sides bacon, 40 hams, 1000 feet timber, and sundries.

The Diamantina (s.), from the Manning River, brings 1135 bags maize, 30 bags oysters, 20 coops poultry, 73 cases eggs, 1 horse, 135 pigs, 100 hides. She reports that when passing Seal Rocks, on the 7th inst., at 5 p.m., saw the spars of a sunken vessel on the point, apparently a brigantine of about 150 tons. The fore and upper topmast, and maintopmast were above water. The mastheads were white painted, yellow truck, and old sails. This is, no doubt, the Taufthau, schooner, recently wrecked.

The May Newton, schooner, left Port Mackay on the 28th ultimo, and had fine easterly weather to Sandy Cape, which was passed on Tuesday; from thence E. to N.E. winds, with frequent southerly squalls. No vessels were loading at Port Mackay for Sydney.

The Wotonga (s.) left Melbourne at 5.35 p.m. on November 6th, passed Wilson's Promontory at 2.35 a.m. on the 7th, rounded Gabo Island at 7.30 p.m. same day, and arrived in Sydney at 7.30 p.m. on the 8th. Experienced light variable winds and fine weather until midnight of the 7th, when a dense fog set in; engines had to be eased for eight hours; fresh northerly winds and cloudy weather were experienced during the remainder of the trip. Passed the Macedon (s.) at 7 p.m. on the 7th, five miles S.W. of Gabo Island.

The Mary Cochrane (s.), from Macleay River, crossed the bar at 2 p.m., 7th, and arrived in Sydney at 2 p.m. 9th. Had light variable winds to Newcastle, from thence strong southerly to arrival. The cargo consists of 1100 bags maize, 20 hides, 5 coops poultry, 30 pigs, and sundries.

The Derwent (s.), left Maryborough at 11 a.m. on the 5th instant, and arrived at Brisbane at 4 a.m. on the 6th. Left again at 11 a.m. on the 7th, cleared the river at 1.15 p.m., left Moreton Bay by Rainbow Channel, passed Point Lookout at 4.35 p.m., passed Smoky Cape 9.45 a.m. on the 8th, entered Sydney Heads at 5.45 a.m. on the 9th, and arrived at wharf 6.30 a.m. Experienced heavy S.W. squall with thunder and lightning off Point Danger, thence to Port Stephens N. W. and N. E. airs and calms. Thence to port strong S. E. wind and rain. Cargo: 26,400 feet timber, 523 bags maize, 482 hides, 3000 mats and 800 bags sugar, 17 casks and 17 hogsheads tallow, 12 bundles sheepskins, 3 ditto kangaroo skins, 15 bales wool, 27 cases, 72 butter kegs, 7 cases cucumbers, 3 cases pineapples, and sundries.

The Argyle (s.) left Grafton on the 7th instant, at 7 a.m.; took in cargo down the river and anchored above crossing all right, crossed bar 5 a.m. 8th, entered Sydney Heads at 5 p.m. 9th, and moored alongside Brisbane Wharf at 5.45 p.m. Had moderate favourable winds to Crowdy Head, from thence to arrival fresh head winds and fine weather throughout. The cargo consists of 1319 bags maize, 110 bags sugar, 318 bunches bananas, 142 bags tin ore, 318 hides, 7 casks tallow, 6 bales skins, 5 coops fowls, 3 coops pigs, 9 cases eggs, and sundries.

The William Duthie, ship, from London, with a general cargo, came into port on Sunday morning. She left the Docks on July 19, landed pilot at noon of the 25th, having been detained in Channel with a continuation of head winds and thick weather. Had light variable winds until the north-east trades were encountered, they proved light, and were lost in latitude 10° north, longitude 25° west. From thence had strong south west winds to the Equator, which was crossed in longitude 19° west, thirty-four days out; the S.E. trades proved strong, and were lost in latitude 28° south; crossed the meridian of Greenwich, on the 15th September, and that of the Cape, on the 20th of the same month, in latitude 39 south, sixty-two days out; the easting was run down in a mean parallel of 41° south; had moderate breeze, principally from S.E. to north-west, as far as 80° east, from thence, north-west to south-west. On the night of the 21st October in latitude 41·41° S. longitude 107° E., while the ship was running under fore and lower main topsail with a heavy gale from the W.S.W. and violent squalls, a heavy sea struck the ship in the stern bursting in the stern ports, and as the sea rolled along either beam it toppled in on the decks, filling the deck houses and cabins, smashing in bulwarks, and doing other damage; the barometer was 28.55 and the ship ran with the gale, under fore and lower main topsails for four and a half days; and on the 22nd the vessel shipped some heavy water which took away more of the bulwarks; rounded the South Cape of Tasmania on the 30th October 96 days out; from thence to port had light winds principally from N.W. to N.E. Entered Sydney Heads 105 days out.

The Venus, schooner, of 191 tons, from the South Sea Islands, was not long since an English yacht. She was fitted out at Liverpool for a South Sea Island trading voyage, and first visited Esther Island, thence visited Pitcairn Island, Ellis Group, the Line Island Samoa, and other places in the Eastern Pacific. She is last from Fortuna, 15th October, since which date she has had light and moderate winds. No Australian vessels have been spoken. The Venus will make another cruise in the islands.

In another column will be found the particulars of the total loss of the I. S. N. Co.'s steamer John Penn.

The Duchess of Argyle, ship, removed on Saturday from the Australian Wharf to the Circular Quay to put out ironwork for the Government.

The Hawkesbury, ship, for London, proceeded to sea on Saturday.

The E. and A. Co.'s Somerset was on Saturday towed from Smith's Wharf to the Fitzroy Dock at Cockatoo Island.

The Maulsden, ship, from London, was berthed at Parbury's Wharf on Saturday.

TELEGRAPHIC SHIPPING NEWS.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.]

CLARENCE HEADS.—NOVEMBER 8.

ARRIVED.

Fiona (s.), from Newcastle.

SAILED.—NOVEMBER 8.

Lubra, for Sydney.

NEWCASTLE.—NOVEMBER 8.

ARRIVED.

Emily and Oleander, from Lyttelton.
Southern Cross, from Rockhampton.
Claud Hamilton (s.), from Hokitiki.
May Agnes, from Port Stephens.
Coonanbara (s.), Kembla (s.), Rodondo (s.), from Sydney.

SAILED.

Inch Murren, for Rangoon, with 1620 tons coal.
Helen White, for Adelaide.

PORT PHILLIP HEADS.—NOVEMBER 8.

ARRIVED.

Hankow (s.), from London.

SAILED.

Lady Darling (s.), for Newcastle, cleared the Heads at 4 30 p.m.

PORT OF WOLLONGONG.—NOVEMBER 8.

ARRIVED.—NOVEMBER 7.

Hunter (s.), from Sydney.

NOVEMBER 8.

Illawarra (s.), Dairymaid (s.), William Brooks, Enterprise, from Sydney.
Mary Werner, from Botany.

SAILED.—NOVEMBER 7.

Hunter (s.), for Clyde and Illawarra.

NOVEMBER 8.

Illawarra (s.), for Kiama and Shoalhaven.
Dairymaid (s.), for Shellharbour.

SYDNEY HEADS.

DATE.	TIME.	WIND.	REMARKS.
November 8.	8.30 a.m.	N.E.	Cloudy.
	Noon.	N.E.	Ditto.
	5 p.m.	N.E.	Ditto.
November 9.	8.30 a.m.	South	Cloudy.
	Noon.	S.S.E.	Ditto.
	5 p.m.	S.E.	Ditto.

High water at Fort Denison, November 10—3.51 a.m., 4.26 p.m.

METEOROLOGICAL REPORTS.—NOVEMBER 8.

South Australia: Adelaide, 30·01, 61°, W., 18, gloomy and threatening; Eucla, 30·05 rising, 66°, E.S.E., 8 cloudy; Robe, 29·87, 65°, W., 8, fine, smooth sea; Alice Springs, 29·38, 74°, SE., 8, barometers rising, weather cooler to-day. Victoria: Cloudy generally, barometers steady, strong W. wind and smooth sea on coast, squally at Wilson's Promontory, fine at Portland, rain at Melbourne 0·010. New South Wales, Fine and calm up N. and inland generally, dull and threatening down S., showery at Young and Gabo Island, smooth sea with falling barometers and light northerly and N.E. winds generally on coast; see weather map for rain measurement. Queensland. Smooth easterly sea at Brisbane Heads. 3 p.m. Observations.—Victoria: Barometers steady; Portland, W., 48., squally, temperature 62°, smooth sea; Cape Otway, W., 40, temperature 64, cloudy, moderate sea; Wilson's Promontory, W., 40, fine, temperature 60° high sea; New South Wales: Wentworth, S.W., cloudy, threatening, temperature 76°; Deniliquin, squally, temperature 82°; Albury, W., 20, fine, temperature 75°; Goulburn, W., fine, temperature 74°; Forbes, S.W., cloudy, temperature 78°; Eden, N.E., 20, fine, sea smooth, temperature 70; Moruya, N.E., 20, fine, sea smooth, temperature 76°; Cape George, S.W., fresh, thunderstorm, sea smooth; Sydney, E., 14, thunderstorm, temperature 76.; Newcastle, N.E., 20, thunderstorm, temperature 83°; Port Macquarie, N.E., cloudy, sea smooth; Clarence River, N.E., 20, fine, sea smooth. State of Rivers: Murrumbidgee, at Hay, 21 feet 1 inches above summer level; at Balranald, 14 feet 8 inches above summer level; Murray, at Albury, 7 feet 6 inches above summer level; at Euston, 20 feet 1 inch above summer level; Darling, at Wentworth, 19 feet 9 inches above summer level; at Pooncarie, 22 feet 4 inches above summer level; at Menindie, 28 feet above summer level; at Wilcannia, 33 feet 6 inches above summer level.

ASTRONOMICAL MEMORANDA FOR NOVEMBER 10.—Sun rises at 4.54, sets 6.34; moon rises at 2.2 a.m., sets at 2.2 p.m.; Mercury, 5.54 a.m., 8.6 p.m.; Venus, 2.54 a.m., 2.59 p.m.; Mars, 6.48 p.m., 5.6 a.m.; Jupiter, 12.38 p.m., 1.40 a.m.; Saturn, 3.20 p.m., 3.19 a.m. New moon, 13th; full moon, 29th.

THE MAILS.

Mails will close at the General Post Office, as follows:—

FOR MELBOURNE.—Overland, daily, Friday excepted, at 6 p.m.

FOR ADELAIDE.—Overland, via Melbourne, daily, Friday excepted, at 6 p.m.

FOR HOBART TOWN AND LAUNCESTON.—Overland to Melbourne, and thence per steamer, daily, Friday excepted, at 6 p.m.

FOR GOSFORD.—By the Pelican (s.), this day, at 9 a.m.; and on Thursday, at 5.30 p.m.

FOR MANNING RIVER.—Beagle (s.), this day, at 9 p.m.; and by the Diamantina (s.), on Tuesday, at 8 p.m.

FOR BRISBANE AND NORTHERN PORTS.—By the Wentworth (s.), on Tuesday, at 10 a.m.

FOR HOBART TOWN AND LAUNCESTON, VIA EDEN.—By the Tasman (s.), on Tuesday, at 10 a.m.

FOR RICHMOND RIVER.—By the Truganini (s.), on Tuesday, at 3 p.m.

FOR BRISBANE, MARYBOROUGH, AND ROCKHAMPTON.—By the Derwent (s.), on Tuesday, at 3 p.m.

FOR GRAFTON.—By the New England (s.), on Tuesday, at 8 p.m.

FOR MERIMBULA AND EDEN.—By the John Penn (s.), on Wednesday, at 8.30 a.m.

ABSTRACT of SALES by AUCTION THIS DAY.

G. KISS.—At the Bazaar, at 11, Horses, Vehicles, &c.

W. INGLIS.—At Railway, at 9, Hay, Straw, &c.; at 11, Maize, Oats, &c.

R. RICHARDS.—At Darling Harbour, at 10, Carcases Beef.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

SATURDAY EVENING.

In the Import markets there was nothing done today worth mentioning. The late arrivals of breadstuffs from Adelaide are being cleared off, and prices likely to go higher.

From Westgarth's circular we take the following respecting colonial securities:—

"The market has not yet recovered the slackness usual in the autumn holiday season, and the tone has been dull and values depressed during the four weeks since the preceding circular. The very heavy new loan announcements of late from some of the principal Australasian colonies have sensibly affected the market for the worse. The cheapness of money for short loan business has prevented this reaction from going further. The bank rate of discount remains nominally at 2 per cent., but the best short bills are discounted at 1 per cent., and fortnightly loans on colonial Government stocks are to be had as low as 1¼ to 1½ per cent. per annum. With regard to those unusually large new loan intimations, it may be useful to point out how needless is the disadvantage to a colony's credit by making premature loan announcements. The case of New South Wales gives a good illustration, the lately issued loan of 4 per cents. having just fallen as much as much as 3 per cent upon the mere authorization of a very large additional borrowing, which, however, it is understood, will not be acted upon for several years. The excellent financial position of this colony of late had placed its stocks quite at the head of the colonial list, but they have now lost this supremacy in the London market. Another subject calls also for attention on the other side. The practice of sending for sale to this market small municipal, or other local colonial loans, has now become so general, and is attended with so much difficulty, inconvenience, and disappointment, that a few words of explanation on the subject may be useful. New Zealand has been especially fruitful in this way, and the issuing parties, feeling assured of the excellence of their security, are surprised to learn that these small loans cannot be disposed of, not even with so much as 6 and 7 per cent. interest. The fact is that a very small stock, no matter how good the security, is an unnegotiable stock simply because so small. With this prospect the market will never buy such stocks, and the investing public begin to follow the market's precaution. These small loans, therefore, as they pour unceasingly into this market, meet with an ever narrowing range of custom, until there is at last a most inconvenient block of such small stocks. If such loans are to continue to be issued, the only cure is to devise some plan of unifying the stocks by a consolidation arrangement for each colony under a Government Commission. The requirement of the market is a uniform stock of marketable quantity, each successive issue forming a continuation exactly of what preceded. The various borrowing bodies must consent to be jointly and severally liable in such a case. Such a stock, regulated by a Government commission, might be issued at 5 per cent. It is, of course, difficult to make such arrangements; but where there are difficulties *versus* difficulties, it is for those concerned to ascertain which difficulties are the least. The market has varied but slightly, excepting in the case of the newer issues, where considerable stocks are still held for resale, and more especially in those cases which are affected by the late new loan intimations. Thus the new 4 per cents. of Victoria, Queensland, South Australia, and in particular New South Wales, have relapsed 1 to 2 per cent. In New South Wales stocks, the only change is in the 4 per cents., which at 95½-96 have fallen about 1½ per cent. The Victoria fours are also the only case of change, and at 95¼-96¼ have dropped ¾ per cent. Queensland fours at 90, are 1 per cent. lower; and South Australian fours, at 95-96, are also lower by 1 per cent., but the older 6 per cent. issues have improved 1 per cent. Tasmanian fours, at 91½-2½, are fractionally lower by ½ per cent. In New Zealand Stocks, the 4½ per cents., at 96½-97½, are ½ per cent. lower. In municipal and other debenture stocks, the City of Melbourne 5 per cents., at 106-8, are ½ per cent. better. The Napier Harbour 7 per cents., at 101-3, are 1 per cent. better. The Metropolitan Melbourne Gas Company's 6 per cents. at 104½-5½, are about ¾ per cent. higher. In the various other stocks of this list there has been no change."

The Customs duties received to-day were as follows: Spirits, £1353 2s. 7d.; wine (still), £115; wine (sparkling), £21 4s.; tea, £216 16s. 9d.; sugar (refined), £1 11s. 10d.; sugar (unrefined), £76 12s. 6d.; rice, £44 15s. 11d.; dried fruits, £215 16s. 6d.; nuts, £19 7s.; specific duty, £513 9s. 2d.; rent of goods in Queen's warehouse, 6d.; pilotage, £24 17s. 8d.; harbour and light dues, £21 15s.; total, £2624 9s. 5d.

MONDAY MORNING.

The William Duthie, from London, has arrived with a general cargo, amongst which is a large consignment of lumber.

LATEST COMMERCIAL TELEGRAMS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, FRIDAY.

3 per cent. Consols, 97⅞. Bank rate of discount, 3 per cent. Market rate of discount half per cent. below the minimum Bank rate.

4 per cent. Victorian Loan (1899 to 1901), 96¼; 5 per cent. New South Wales Loan, with 2 per cent. annual drawings (from 1874 to 1898), 105; 4 per cent. New South Wales Loan (from 1903 to 1905), 97; 6 per cent. Tasmanian Loan (from 1893 to 1901), 114; 5 per cent. Victorian Loan (1894), 107.

Tin: Straits, £92 per ton; Australian, £92 per ton. The Dutch tin sales are fixed for the 27th instant. 24,000 slabs of Banca are catalogued.

Copper: Burra, £71 5s. per ton; Wallaroo, £74 15s. per ton.

Wheat: Adelaide, per 496 lbs., ex warehouse, 60s. to 61s. Flour: Adelaide, per 280 lbs., ex warehouse, 43s.

Australian Tallow: Best beef, 41s. 6d. per cwt.; best mutton, 43s. 6d. per cwt.

LONDON, SATURDAY.

Tin is quoted to-day £92 10s., being an advance of 10s. upon yesterday's prices. Quotations in other markets are unchanged.

Special Advertisements.

GREAT REDUCTIONS IN FIRE INSURANCE Premiums.

THE LIVERPOOL and LONDON and GLOBE INSURANCE COMPANY are prepared to grant Insurances on first-class dwellings and buildings not used for purposes of trade, within the city and suburbs, at ONE SHILLING and SIXPENCE PER CENT.
LARGE REDUCTIONS have also been made in COMMERCIAL RISKS.
A. STANGER LEATHES, Resident Secretary.
100, Pitt-street.

NORWICH UNION FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY.
Offices—Exchange, Pitt-street.
First-class DWELLINGS in city and suburbs, insured at EIGHTEEN PENCE per cent., and all other risks at proportionately low rates of premium.
W. C. GODDARD and CO., Agents.

SYDNEY INSURANCE COMPANY, PITT and Hunter streets. Capital, £250,000. Reserves, £50,000. Unlimited liability of shareholders.
FIRE risks accepted at premiums as LOW as those of any other office.

THE AUSTRALASIAN CIVIL SERVICE Mutual is the only Company which grants "Life Policies" in combination with "Accident Policies," allowing a reduction of ONE-HALF of the usual accident premiums, and assuring, by the Life Policy, against death by natural causes; and by the Accident Policy, against death or total or partial disablement by accident or casualty—such as paralysis, blindness, insanity, or deafness; with Weekly Compensation in case of temporary injury and allowance for medical expenses. No medical examination required. Prospectuses and forms on application at the Chief office, 145, King-street, Sydney.

PICTURE-FRAME MOULDINGS, BACK-boards, and Glass. B. RITTENBERG and CO., York-street.

ON SALE by DAVID COHEN, and CO., Wm. Edmonds, Jun. and Co.'s celebrated Pig ALE, best brand in the market.

COMPAGNONI AND CO.'S REFRESHMENT PAVILION (OUTER DOMAIN), NOW OPEN.
WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS finest qualities.—ICES, PASTRY, &c., &c.—Special RETIRING ROOMS for LADIES.

GARDEN PALACE.
LOOK OUT for the great PYRAMID!!!

YOU DIRTY BOY.—A CABINET-SIZED PHOTOGRAPH of this celebrated statuette will be given to every purchaser of Pear's Soap at SENIOR'S.

ONE POUND (£1) FREE GIFTS.
To induce the destruction of the wrappers of WOLFE'S SCHNAPPS, there is enclosed
IN EVERY DAY'S PACKING OF QUART BOTTLES
throughout the year
THREE £1 ORDERS,
which will be cashed by the undersigned on presentation.
M. MOSS and CO.,
Wynyard-lane, Sydney; 10, Market-buildings, Melbourne.

ROCK AND COARSE SALT, LONDON DOUBLE stoved fine SALT for SALE, by ALFRED LAMB and CO.

THISTLE BLEND WHISKY ***, IN CASE, FOR SALE by ALFRED LAMB and CO.

CURRANTS, IN BARRELS AND CASES, FOR SALE by ALFRED LAMB and CO.

LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE.
In consequence of Spurious Imitations of
WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,
which are calculated to deceive the public,
LEA AND PERRINS' HAVE ADOPTED A NEW LABEL BEARING THEIR SIGNATURE, "LEA AND PERRINS," which is placed on every bottle of WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE, and without which none is genuine.
Ask for LEA and PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle, and Stopper.
Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c., &c., and by Grocers and Oilmen throughout the World.

CAUTION.
AMERICAN WALTHAM WATCHES
awarded the
GOLD MEDAL,
PARIS EXHIBITION, 1878.
Numerous imitations are in the market. Buyers should see that the Trade Mark,
WALTHAM, MASS.,
is engraved on the Plate of the Watch.

KALUDAH WINE, AT CELLAR PRICES. S. BENNETT and CO., Agents. 460, George-street.

Special Advertisements.

TO SHIPPERS.
Wool and Produce to London insured under special arrangements.
W. H. MACKENZIE and CO.
Exchange-corner, Sydney.

GOODLET AND SMITH, TIMBER AND GALVANIZED Iron Merchants, 483, George-st., near Bathurst-st.

BUENA VISTA HOTEL, MILITARY ROAD, ST. LEONARDS.—REDUCTION IN RATES.
Gentlemen or Ladies can have first-class accommodation at thirty shillings per week. Families arranged with on similar low terms. Mrs. Findlay, at the Hotel, or 324, George-street.

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The Sydney Morning Herald.

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 1879.

Those who have read the articles we have recently published on the kind of religious instruction given in Public and Denominational schools, will be able to form something like a correct estimate of the drawbacks which are said to attach to the one, and of the praises which are lavished on the other. It is of course by the working of both systems that their value must be tested. Arguments in newspapers may show what people think of our school systems, but it is by actual inspection alone that we can gather what they really are. We have been told very frequently of late that while Denominational schools are nurseries of truth and righteousness, Public schools are purely secular institutions, that Christianity is ignored in them, and that their tendency is in the direction of infidelity and immorality. Possibly there are many who believe that this is the real state of the case. Strangers may indeed be pardoned if they get the idea either that our Public school system is wholly a godless one, or that there is much to be said in favour of that view of the question. The reports which we have given of the working of the two classes of schools under the Council of Education will we hope help to correct such an impression. These reports embrace twelve of the principal schools of the metropolis, eight being Denominational schools and four Public schools. It will be remembered that during four hours of each day the curriculum in the two classes of schools is the same. In Denominational schools, however, the fifth hour is left free for such religious instruction as the teacher or the clergy may decide upon.

In most of the Denominational schools visited by our reporters the first hour of each day seems to be really used for religious purposes, although we believe this custom is by no means universal. In one of the large Denominational schools reported upon, religious instruction seems to be given to some of the classes on two days of the week only, and to others on one day only. In another of the larger Denominational schools the religious lessons are read to some of the classes from the Bible, while those given to the other classes do not seem to be taken from the Bible, but are prepared by the teacher from the Old and New Testament, a plan that seems to differ little, if at all, from the one that is adopted in Public schools. As might be supposed the kind of religious teaching supplied in Church of England and in Roman Catholic Denominational schools differs very materially. In the latter the peculiar tenets of Catholicism, such as the blessedness of the Virgin and the supremacy of the Pope figured largely, while in the former the religious lessons seem to deal for the most part with Scripture history, and to be of precisely the same character as those which are given in Public schools. In one of the Public schools visited by our reporters the younger children are catechised in Scripture history every morning, although the religious lessons are only given twice a week to the boys in the senior class. The subject of the lesson at the time of our reporter's visit was the life of Christ. In the second of the schools visited the practice is to give Scripture lessons on two afternoons in each week. In the Fort-street school, the scholars of the third and fourth classes have two Scripture lessons each week, while those of the fifth or highest class have one. The rule in the Public schools seems to be two religious lessons in the week, the exact number given in one of the large Denominational schools visited; and, unless we are misinformed, a larger number than is generally given in Denominational schools throughout the country.

Any one reading the various reports of the religious lessons given in at least Church of England and Public schools without being told to what school the report referred to would be quite unable to gather whether the religious lessons were those of the National or the Denominational system. The lessons seemed indeed to be of precisely the same character. Nor does it appear that the pupils of the Denominational schools were superior to those of Public schools in the matter of proficiency. If there was any advantage at all it was evidently on the side of the Public schools. With the facts of Bible history and the ordinary lessons of Christian duty both classes of children are evidently sufficiently familiar. The only blundering seemed to be in connection with what is called dogmatic theology, a subject which is evidently beyond the range if it is not foreign to the interests of the children attending Denominational schools. It has been objected that the pupils who attend Public schools are taught out of the same book as those who attend Denominational schools. The one class, we are told, receive their lessons from the Bible, and the other from books of extracts. But the really important question is what is the plain practical effect of the two modes of the teaching on the pupils. Taking this as the test, the articles which we have published will certainly not sustain the theory that the Denominational schools are promoting religion, and the Public schools ignoring it. The more the question is examined, the more clearly will it appear that, so far as religious teaching is concerned, the one class of schools has no advantage over the other.

This being the case, the objection to the Public school system on the ground that it excludes religion must be a false one. It is sometimes insisted that the difference between the two classes of schools under the Council is one of tone rather than of teaching. It is not the teaching of ecclesiastical doctrine so much as the luxury of ecclesiastical control that leads to a desire to perpetuate the Denominational system. "The most real question," as the *Times* recently remarked, "is not what is taught or how, but by whom and under whose guidance. Where the clerical influence is supreme its shows its presence at every point. Lessons on the most indifferent subjects can all be thus made to come round to the same conclusion. The dominance of the priest in the school will follow the boy into all his relations in after life. The special doctrine taught or left untaught is no small matter, but even more important is it by whom the teaching is given, and to whose authority the child was instructed to look up. If the Church can get him into its grasp, it may hope thereby to make him entirely its own. But if he is once suffered to recognise a divided allegiance, if the Church can put in its claim to one part only of his time, and if some other power can assert itself over all the rest, the difference will be at once felt." No doubt the acquiring of this influence over the young lies at the bottom of the clerical demand for sectarian instruction. But experience has shown that the advantage of such an influence is in the long run more apparent than real. As the *Times* further remarks, "the atmosphere in which clerical teaching works is very largely an artificial one. The pupil who has breathed it comes by and by to be impatient with it, and to long for a fresher air. He resents the restrictions which have been placed upon his actions, and upon his thoughts. He feels himself tricked by the views which have been imposed upon his young mind, and which, as he soon becomes aware, are not shared by those to whom the outside world looks up with most respect. The reaction is natural, and is not to be guarded against by any early precautions whatever. The product of the French lycée and of the French clerical school is wholly different at eighteen years of age. At three and twenty the difference has been much reduced, at five and twenty it has probably disappeared entirely. The great modern world has claimed back its children, and has taught them its own lessons in the school of real life. The old impressions are like characters traced upon the sand, they abide only until one or two waves have passed over them and they are then gone, and gone for ever." This verdict on the advantage of clerical control over public education will be confirmed by most of the recipients of such education, and if so the value of the clerical influence which Denominational education is supposed to secure, is in the end of as little importance as that of the Denominational teaching which such schools exist to give.

Mr. HURLEY's resolutions for the employment of prison labour on public works were ill-conceived, and unworthy of a better fate than that which they met on Tuesday. It was clearly a mistake to ask the House to ask the GOVERNOR to give advice to his responsible advisers, although it was a mistake of a kind often witnessed before in the case of private motions for roads and bridges. It was an improper interference with the functions of the Executive to lay down the details of a scheme of prison discipline. But the great error which the hon. member committed consisted in the proposal to carry out a system of outdoor prison labour under circumstances of an entirely unsuitable character. To employ a number of hard-labour convicts, under military guard, by night and by day, in the streets of the city, would be to take a course fraught with danger and mischief. The spectacle presented before the eyes of the people would be demoralizing in its tendency, even if no attempts to escape or rescue, and no loss of life occurred as the direct and immediate results of the experiment.

At the same time, the policy lying at the foundation of the resolutions is sound, and remains unshaken alike by the suggested misapplication of it, and by the refusal of the House to give the suggestion any countenance. The rejection of Mr. GREENWOOD'S amendment is not to be regarded as a specific condemnation of the principle it affirmed; but rather as a declaration that there was no need for the passing of any abstract resolution upon the subject. No one would deny that it is expedient to provide some form of outdoor employment for prison labour as a part of the general system of penal discipline. The principle has been adopted and acted upon in days gone by, and has more recently been reaffirmed in a practical way, by appropriations for the construction of the Trial Bay breakwater. There is a division of opinion, as to the wisdom of expending hundreds of thousands of pounds in the formation of a harbour of refuge where, as some think, it would be of little value; but in spite of that division, the money has been voted because of the agreement of opinion as to the wisdom of undertaking some large public work of the kind as a means of providing out-door employment for prison labour. The principle is good; the only question is, how to put it in operation most advantageously. Certainly the streets of Sydney are not fit places for testing it. But it is possible to go to the other extreme. The works at Trial Bay will not be carried on under the daily observation of a crowded population; but may they not be somewhat too far removed from the sight and thoughts of the public? Unless it be taken as proved that the construction of this harbour of refuge is in itself a matter of necessity, or at least urgently required, it may be doubted whether the wants of the Prisons Department could not have been met at less cost, with equal efficiency, and under safer conditions, by employing prison labour to make a dock at Cockatoo that would take in an ironclad. Some day the need for such a dock may be felt, and the reputation or rank of the port will suffer in consequence. The recent expenditure at Trial Bay has been simply upon the erection of a prison for the safe keeping of the men who are to work at the breakwater. Cockatoo has already its prison buildings.

It was said the other day that the cost of constructing the Fitzroy Dock was nearly double that at which it could have been made by free labour. Statements of that kind are often made more or less at random. But even if it be admitted that the actual outlay would be greater with prison labour than with free labour, it should not be forgotten that the excess is practically a payment for value received in the shape of beneficial penal discipline. And in comparing the cost of free labour with that of prison labour in the execution of public works, it should also be remembered that the prisoners would still have to be fed and clothed, housed and guarded, if they were not employed out of doors, but confined within the walls of a prison. Hence the ordinary outlay upon a given number of prisoners in prison should either be deducted from the total cost of executing the work with prison labour, or be added to the probable cost of executing it with free labour. The comparison is not between two sets of men, but between the cost of maintaining one set only to do the work under expensive conditions, and maintaining two sets simultaneously, whilst one of the two is allowed to remain idle.

For many weeks past, the Victorian Assembly has been engaged in a tedious, and sometimes irritating, discussion over new taxes. Part of the Government Customs proposal was withdrawn on account of its unpopularity, and a proposal for Stamp taxes has been substituted. Now, when the discussion is nearly completed, Mr. BENT has asked the House to consider whether there is really any necessity for new taxation at all. Perhaps it was better late than never; but evidently this was a question which should have been considered long ago. The discussion, it appears, came to nothing, being ruled informal in the way in which it was introduced. It is much easier to make out a case against public expenditure than it is to reduce it. Those who have not the responsibility of office can put their fingers upon vote after vote, and say this and that might be reduced without any injury to the country. Their criticisms may be perfectly correct, but those who are in power have not only to govern the country but to keep in office, and the latter necessity often drives them to an expenditure not approved of either by their judgment or their conscience, but rendered necessary by the hunger of their followers. Nothing makes a Government so unpopular as economy, and though gratitude for expenditure is often short-lived, still it is necessary to keep things sweet. Ministers do not like the unpopularity of proposing new taxes, but experience shows that they will face it rather than run the risk of enforcing an obnoxious economy. In this matter the greatest good of the greatest number is not the dominant consideration. The interest of the majority lies in a reasonable economy, because the many must pay the taxes while the few get the plunder; but experience has shown that the political influence of the few is stronger on the Ministry than the real good of the many. Those who press for expenditure are active, energetic, persistent, while the general body of the community are phlegmatic and quiescent. Under these circumstances the tendency to a larger expenditure than is necessary is always in full force, and the power that protects the revenue is not equal to its defence. All our colonial Governments spend more than is really necessary for the good government of the colonies over which they preside, but the conditions under which they govern make them feeble to prevent waste. The price to be paid for this weakness is taxation beyond the real necessities of the case.

Intending bushrangers who have drawn encouragement from the immunities enjoyed by, and the successes which have conferred distinction upon the KELLYS, would do well to pause and consider more recent episodes before entering upon a career of glory. Even the rosy path of bushrangers is, as now appears, strewn with occasional thorns. A reprehensible spirit of resistance to predatory authority appears to be growing up. Fame is no longer to be attained at the cheap rates which have prevailed. Competition has sent up the price. Policemen, when bailed up, display a restiveness which greatly interferes with the smooth flow of business. Bank officials refuse to quail with the readiness which has been so becoming on their part, and the utility of pipe-cases as instruments of intimidation has seriously declined. The KELLYS and their colleagues remain still at large, it is true; but they appear content to wear the laurels they have won, in the very strictest retirement, and of all their imitators not one has achieved any permanent popularity. Aspirants for infamy had better, therefore, submit themselves to the severest course of self-examination in order to satisfy themselves that the impulses which stir their bosoms are truly the promptings of genius, and not merely the suggestions of vanity. Since policemen have taken to leaping off coach-boxes, revolver in hand, and bank managers have abated their complaisance to the point of struggling with gentlemen who look in with the view of robbery, the situation has been greatly changed for the worse. It may be that residents of country towns may yet follow these pernicious examples, and depart from their pleasing practice of non-intervention. In any case it becomes clear that in the avocations of murder and robbery success can only be attained by practitioners of exceptional talent, and aspiring amateurs will do well to pause before committing themselves to enterprises of the kind, however enjoyable these may have appeared.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE position of affairs in Central Asia has reached to that stage when it becomes necessary for the two great European powers so deeply interested in that quarter of the globe to talk about the necessity for a complete understanding regarding the limits within which their respective influence is to be exercised. Our cable messages of this morning state that rumours are current that communications between the British and Russian Governments in regard to Central Asia have been exchanged; and it will be interesting to watch the development of a question, which, it is to be hoped, will lead to an amicable arrangement, and one that will not be unduly irritating to the people whose destiny is in so large a degree dependent upon the will of the two western nations who have so firm a foothold in the East. From the Cape we learn that the Kaffir chief, Secocoeni, is still refractory, and that Sir Garnet Wolseley has threatened to make war against him unless he submitts without delay. The trade of England continues to improve, and its improvement is tending to an increase of wages. This is a matter of vast moment to all classes, especially the wage-getters, happening as it does at a time when winter is about to set in. Our cable messages also announce serious floods in Jamaica, the probable dissolution of the Imperial Parliament, and the indisposition of Prince Bismarck. Our commercial telegrams from London do not indicate any material change in any of the markets.

OVER 9000 persons visited the Garden Palace on Saturday. The storm in the afternoon detained many in the building, so that the grounds were not cleared till nearly 7 o'clock. No damage was done to the Exhibition premises by the storm. During the afternoon the second of the Oratorio performances, "Israel in Egypt" was given. To-day the Friendly Societies' great demonstration will take place, and we direct attention to the arrangements which are mentioned in our report in chief. The Art Gallery will also be opened to-day, and we are enabled to publish the catalogue of paintings so far as it is completed. This will be found most valuable to visitors, more especially as there has not yet been time for the publication of the official list. We may mention that all the pictures in the British courts are not yet hung, and this will account for a few numbers that are missing from our published list. A large number of entries for the exhibition of stock have been received, but there are more till to come as letters posted on Saturday have yet to arrive.

ON Friday afternoon, Mrs. Alexander Campbell gave a garden party, at Rosemont, Woollahra, in honour of the Exhibition Commissioners and of the Captains and officers of the different British and Foreign ships of war now in the harbour. Invitations had been issued to about 500 guests, among whom were the leaders of Sydney society, and nearly all attended, so that the pretty gardens and grounds of Rosemont, gay with flowers, and brightened by the gay little groups into which the visitors collected, never looked more charming. For those ladies and gentlemen who cared for active amusements, lawn tennis and croquet offered a fete; but the majority preferred strolling here and there, or sitting in shaded nooks to chat with friends, or listen to music discoursed by a good band under Mr. Kohler's leadership, by the German band, or by a stalwart Highland piper, alternately. The field must have given our foreign visitors a pleasant impression of our higher social circles. Among the invited guests were:—Sir John and Lady Hay, Commodore and Mrs. Wilson, Sir William and Lady Manning, Mr. Justice Windeyer and Mrs. Windeyer, the Dean of Sydney and Mrs. Cowper, the Hon. F. M. Darley, Q.C., and Mrs. Darley, Judge Dowling, Mrs. and Miss Dowling, the Hon. Professor Smith, C.M.G., and Mrs. Smith, Mr. Rolleston, C.M.G., the Hon. J. B. Watt, Hon. F. B. Suttor, Professor Liversidge, the Hon. S. D. Gordon and Miss Gordon, the Hon. William Busby, Mrs. and the Misses Busby, Mr. and Mrs. James R. Fairfax and Miss Fairfax, Mr. and Mrs. and Miss Stuart, Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Gordon and the Misses Gordon, Dr. and Mrs. Garran and the Misses Garran, the Commissioner for Austria, Captain Purves and the officers of H. M. ship Danae, the Captain and officers of the German ship Albatross, Colonel and Mrs. Richardson, Colonel and Mrs. Roberts, the Hon. James White and Mrs. White, the Hon. W. J. Foster, Mrs. and the Misses Foster, the Hon. S. Samuel, C.M.G.; Mrs. and the Misses Samuel, Mr. P. A. Jennings, C.M.G., and Mrs. Jennings, Mr. Augustus Morris and Mrs. Morris, the Commissioners for Japan, the Commissioner for Belgium, the Commissioner for Holland, Major and Mrs. Clementi, Mr. and Mrs. Gresly Lukin (Queensland), Mr. Davenport (Adelaide), Dr. Hector (New Zealand), Sir George and Lady Innes, &c.

Telegraphic communication between Sydney and Tenterfield, on both lines, was interrupted last evening, and was not restored at a late hour this morning; consequently we could not receive any messages from Queensland.

The Education question was dealt with at considerable length by Archbishop Vaughan, yesterday afternoon, at the laying of the foundation-stone of a new school building at West Balmain. The rev. gentleman criticized, with excessive severity, the proposed amendment of the Education Act. He explained the *modus operandi* of the historical instrument of refined torture known as the "Scavenger's Daughter," in which the victim was gradually and almost imperceptibly crushed to death, and he characterized the New Education Act as the modern "Scavenger's daughter." This modern system of "scientific persecution," as applied to the Catholics, was far more disastrous and cruel than the systems of old, for whereas grown men and women were the only victims in days gone by, little children were now selected for these purposes. He demanded that Englishmen, who loved fair play, should give up this attempted persecution, and urged Catholics to remember that their religion was dearer to them than their life, and that they should be prepared to spill their blood in defence of their faith, as he would, if required. There were about 1000 persons present, and the Archbishop's remarks were frequently and warmly cheered.

The new Bishop of Armidale, the Right Rev. F. E. Torregiani, accompanied by the Very Rev. Father Cherubini, Rev. Father John Paul, Rev. Father Norbertus, Brother Francis, O.S.F., and Brother Lorenzo, O.S.F., all of whom are Capuchins of the Franciscan order, arrived in New South Wales by the last mail steamer via Suez. The bishop will proceed shortly to his diocese, where the Catholic community are preparing to accord him an enthusiastic reception upon his arrival among them.

At St. Joseph's schoolroom, Woollahra, last evening, after vespers, an address was presented, on behalf of the congregation, to the Rev. J. G. Garvey, on the occasion of his leaving Woollahra, to take charge of the church at Hartley. Mr. P. A. Jennings occupied the chair. Mr. H. Austin read the address, which was couched in very affectionate terms. It was accompanied by a purse of sovereigns. The Rev. Mr. Garvey made a suitable acknowledgment of the presentation. It may be mentioned that Archbishop Vaughan preached at St. Joseph's Church yesterday morning on the occasion of the installation of priests of the Franciscan Order.

The weather on Saturday was variable, and towards the evening rather disagreeable. In the morning it was sultry, the barometer ranging up to 82 degrees in the shade. The wind at this time was light, and blew from the east and north-east, but from half-past 8 to twenty minutes past 5 o'clock it blew from the north, after which it changed suddenly to the south. It remained in this quarter for a few minutes and several thunder-clouds with lightning and large rain-drops made their appearance. A storm set in, the densest part of which passed the city to the southward, and the wind, which did not increase its velocity beyond twenty-five miles an hour, changed for twenty minutes, when it went back to the north-east, where it remained until at half-past 7 o'clock it changed again. By 10 o'clock it had gone right round the compass. At the commencement of the storm the barometer rose rapidly, and from that period until half-past 8 o'clock produced a very remarkable curve in the record at the Observatory. A smaller storm passed over the city a little after 7 o'clock, bringing with it very bright flashes of lightning and some rain. The rainfall in both storms was light making an aggregate of only one-tenth of an inch; but we learn that hail fell at Woollahra and Clontarf, and in one instance did a little damage. The storms extended along the coast from Moruya to Newcastle, and extended some distance into the country. Yesterday the weather was more or less cloudy with a southerly wind and a pleasant temperature.

By the William Duthie, from London, there has arrived a large consignment of iron cylinders and the superstructure of the Parramatta River and Iron Cove bridge.

The annual picnic, or wayze-goose, given by the proprietors of the *Sydney Morning Herald* to their employes, took place at Clontarf, Middle Harbour, on Saturday last. The steamer Emu, which was engaged to convey the party, made two trips, arriving with the last load at about 1 o'clock. On arrival the party at once set about enjoying themselves according to their several tastes, some playing cricket, others swinging, many more dancing in the pavilion to the music of the "Metropolitan" band while a few found congenial recreation in strolling along the beach or climbing the hills. A programme of athletic sports, including foot races, throwing the cricket ball, &c., was carried out under the direction of a committee, greatly to the satisfaction of the onlookers, and to the especial gratification of the winners. In the afternoon the whole party, in number nearly five hundred sat down to a lunch, served by Compagnoni, in his best style, and which was enjoyed as only those who make holiday in this pleasant fashion can enjoy a meal. The chair was occupied by Mr. James R. Fairfax, who proposed the toast of "The Queen and Royal Family," after which the memory of the late John Fairfax was honoured in solemn silence. Dr. Garran then proposed "Prosperity to the *Sydney Morning Herald*, the *Sydney Mail*, and the *Echo*," to which Mr. J. R. Fairfax responded in appropriate terms. The next toast, given by the chairman, was "The departments of the *Herald*, the *Mail*, and *Echo*." Mr. W. Curnow returned thanks on behalf of the literary department, and Mr. Hugh George for the business and other departments. Mr. S. Cook proposed "Absent Friends," and the chairman gave "Our Guests," for whom Mr. B. S. Lloyd responded. "The Ladies," proposed by Mr. F. C. Brewer, and responded to by Mr. T. E. Price, closed the proceedings. The various sports were then resumed, and a very exciting series of aquatic contests took place. The amusements were kept up with the greatest zest, notwithstanding that the weather became rather stormy as evening drew on. However, a very pleasant day was spent by all, though it was rather late before the last of the party reached home.

The half-yearly soiree in connection with the Duke of Edinburgh Loyal Orange Lodge was held in the Oddfellows' Hall, Balmain, on the evening of Friday last. The hall was beautifully decorated for the occasion with bunting, and festoons of flowers and evergreens. The company, numbering upwards of 400 persons, after partaking of tea, were entertained by a selection of instrumental musical performances, songs, and recitations, interspersed with addresses from the chairman—Mr. H. Hicks, R.W.G.M., the Rev. W. Moore, chaplain, and the D.G.M., Mr. W. Henson. The chairman, in the course of his address, stated that the lodge was in a most flourishing condition, and that during the past six months it had increased to the extent of one hundred additional members, and, including lodge property, was worth nearly £300. Apologies were received for the non-attendance, on account of illness, from the Rev. Mr. Tress and Rev. J. Cosh, M.A. The Grand Lodge officers, the Rev. Mr. Fry, Alderman Gow, and Mr. A. Hockey, of Grafton, occupied seats on the platform. The proceedings were concluded by the audience joining in singing the hymn entitled "The Sweet By-and-Bye" and the National Anthem, followed by cheers for the Queen and the Orange institution respectively. The piano was kindly lent by Paling and Co.

The members of the Masonic Lodge, Newtown Kilwinning No. 378, under the Scottish Constitution, held their annual festival at Clontarf, on Thursday, the 6th instant. The steamer Lillie Denham having been chartered for the occasion, left Circular Quay about 10 o'clock. Upon arrival at their destination, sports were immediately commenced, consisting of cricket, races for the children for toys, &c.; the chief amusement being dancing, which was ably carried out under the supervision of Brother A. G. Churchwood, who acted as an efficient M. C. About 2 o'clock, the call was made for dinner, which was got up for the occasion by the caterer, Brother W. H. Moon, of Regent-street, in a manner which gave every satisfaction. R. Worshipful Master, Brother David D. Norton, proposed the usual loyal toasts, being "Her Majesty the Queen," also the "Prince of Wales, and all Grand Lodges," &c., &c. The company then betook themselves to all kinds of amusement, a good number availing themselves of a trip to the head of Middle Harbour. Upon their return, tea, ice cream, &c., were served. Steamers left Clontarf about 7 o'clock, arriving at Sydney about half-past 8 o clock, the company having spent a very pleasant day.

The City Coroner held an inquest on Saturday morning at the Brecknock Arms, on the body of the female infant, which was found in Prince Alfred Park on Friday morning, by William Keeley, a labourer employed at the Park. From the evidence of Dr. Egan, who had examined the body, it appeared that the child was stillborn, and the verdict of the jury was to that effect. The inquest on the body of Frederick Miller will be resumed to-morrow morning at 9 o'clock, at the Brecknock Arms.

About a quarter to 9 o'clock last night a fire broke out at 114, Sussex-street, occupied as a dwelling-house by John Garrett. It appears that Mr. Garrett's little daughter was the only occupant of the house at the time. She lighted a candle with a match and then threw the latter among some clothing in the room, which immediately ignited and commenced to blaze. Fortunately the flames attracted the attention of one of the neighbours, who raised the alarm, and, with others, extinguished the fire with buckets of water. Three fire-engines were soon in attendance.

About 12 o'clock on Saturday a young man, named William Hendron, driver of omnibus No. 154, met with an accident that will probably have a fatal termination. He was driving along George-street, near the Queen's Wharf, when he was seen to suddenly fall off his seat into the street, one of the wheels passing over his abdomen, and the other over his head. He was picked up immediately, placed in a cab, and taken to the Infirmary, where it was ascertained that he had received injuries to his head, ear, face, and arm. In explanation of the cause of the accident, it is said by some that Hendron appeared to become giddy, and thus lost his balance, while others attribute it to the fact that he was trying to place his foot on the brake and missed it.

A very serious accident happened on Saturday on the tramway, near the Female Refuge, in Pitt-street. The 5.5 p.m. car had just left the Redfern station, when, going down Pitt-street, a cab containing Mr. Green (of Lassetter and Company), Mrs. Green, and two children was seen coming in an opposite direction. When the cab had approached within thirty feet of the motor, the road was perfectly clear, and the driver of the latter concluded that the cab would keep on its course, as there was plenty of room for it to pass. The motor was at this time going very slowly, and the brake was on. The cab-driver, however, suddenly slewed his horse round, causing his vehicle to back on to the road, and the motor coming at the time, struck it on the near wheel, and capsized it. Strange to say, the horse maintained his upright position, notwithstanding that the cab was capsized and much damaged, and he remained perfectly still until removed from the vehicle afterwards. James Fogarty, the cabman, was thrown with violence to the ground, which stunned him for some time; after he recovered consciousness, he was taken to the Infirmary, where it was found that he had sustained a fracture of the arm, a wound on the head, and a bruise of the back. Fortunately the occupants of the cab were not seriously hurt. However, when the crash came, Mrs. Green was thrown up against one of the side windows, which she struck with her head; the glass was thus broken, and she received a severe cut on the forehead. She was taken into the Refuge, where she was attended to for the time being, after which she went home, accompanied by Mr. Green and the children, who fortunately escaped unhurt. It would be well if cabmen and other drivers of vehicles, when approaching or passing the motor, would turn their horses' heads to it, so that if the animals should become frightened and begin to back they will do no damage; they cannot go further than the kerbstone. The accidents which have already occurred have been mainly due to neglect of this precaution. In this connection it may be stated that since the opening of the tramway nearly 200,000 people have been conveyed by it, and the accident above recorded is the most serious that has yet taken place.

On Saturday last two girls about 12 years of age, named Batten and M'Guire, went to bathe in Cook's River. Both were unable to swim, and got out of their depth into the channel, where a strong tide was running. M'Guire managed to get back into shallow water, and seeing her companion drowning screamed out for help. Two boys of the name of Frederick and Leslie Gannon, aged 15 and 13 respectively, sons of Mr. F. Gannon, solicitor, were on the opposite shore, about three or four hundred yards away; and hearing the cries of the little girl M'Guire, got into their boat and pulled as hard as they could to see what was the matter. When they arrived at the place the girl M'Guire pointed out the spot where Batten had sunk. The boys were just about to dive for her when they saw one of her feet come to the top of the water with the tide just about 20 yards from where she went down. In a moment they were after her, and succeeded in catching her by the foot, and lifted her senseless form into the boat. They immediately pulled for the shore, and sent the girl M'Guire for help. In the meantime the elder boy, who had recently read the directions of the Humane Society for saving life, placed the girl on the bank of the shore face downwards, and he and his brother commenced their efforts to restore animation, and after using almost superhuman efforts, the young fellows were so far rewarded that, in about a quarter of an hour, they had the pleasant satisfaction of observing signs of life. They then continued their efforts, and before any further assistance arrived they had her perfectly restored to consciousness, and able to be carried home. The conduct of the two lads is deserving of all praise, as were it not for their successful treatment of the girl after taking her out of the water she would have been a corpse, as the children were too far away from home to obtain assistance. We think the conduct of these two youths certainly deserves recognition by the Royal Humane Society.

On the 20th October (says the *Fiji Times*) a numerous party of ladies and gentlemen assembled at the Mechanics' Institute, to witness the presentation, by his Excellency the Governor, of the medals accorded to Messrs. Ryder Brothers, and Mr. William Hemings, for cotton exhibited at the late Paris Exhibition. Amongst those present were the Chief Justice Gorrie, the leading members of the bar, the Agricultural Society, and the Chamber of Commerce. His Excellency, after a speech, handed the medals to Mr. Rupert Ryder and Mr. William Hemings, amidst loud cheers. Mr. Rupert Ryder briefly returning thanks. Mr. William Hemings said he was not a shareholder in Mr. Veesey's plantation, and therefore could scarcely claim all the credit. He returned thanks on behalf of himself and Mr. Veesey, and amidst applause handed the medal over to the latter gentleman. Mr. Veesey, in a few felicitous sentences, expressed his acknowledgments. The medal was a most massive one, and will be greatly prized by the holder.

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

[BY ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH.]

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

ENGLAND AND RUSSIA AND CENTRAL ASIA.

LONDON, Nov. 6.

Rumours are current here that communications have been exchanged between the British and Russian Governments, with the view of bringing about a friendly settlement respecting the relations of the two Powers in Central Asia, whereby a complete understanding as to the limits within which the influence of England and Russia is to be exercised in future.

THE IMPERIAL PARLIAMENT.

LONDON, Nov. 7.

Rumours are again current that it is the intention of the Government to dissolve Parliament without delay. They are, however, not confirmed in official circles. Nothing is positively known.

REVIVAL OF TRADE IN ENGLAND.

LONDON, Nov. 7.

In consequence of a revival in the iron and other industries, there is a tendency towards an increase of wages. The ironmasters of the Cleveland district have raised the surfacemen's wages ten per cent.

BOARD OF TRADE RETURNS.

LONDON, Nov. 7.

The Board of Trade returns for October show an increase of £437,500 over the returns of the previous month.

PRINCE BISMARCK.

BERLIN, Nov. 7.

Prince Bismarck is suffering severely from rheumatism, which confines him to his house. Reports that his illness is dangerous are exaggerated. His indisposition is not alarming.

FLOODS AT JAMAICA.

LONDON, Nov. 7.

Telegraphic advices from the West Indies state that serious floods have occurred at Jamaica, causing loss of life, and damage to the sugar and other crops.

THE AFGHAN REBELLION.

BOMBAY, Nov. 7.

Advices from the front state that the British forces at Cabul under General Roberts, and the Jellahabad forces under General Bright, have joined hands, and the communications between the two forces will be kept up, so that they may be able to act in combination on emergency.

THE S.S. SOMERSETSHIRE.

LONDON, Nov 8.

The steamship Somersetshire arrived at Plymouth to-day, from Melbourne.

AFFAIRS AT THE CAPE.

LONDON, Nov. 8.

Advices from the Cape state that Sir Garnet Wolseley has gone to Secocceni's country, who shows no signs of laying down his arms. Sir Garnet has notified to Secocceni that on his refusing to submit without delay the British will make war against him.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.)

WEST MAITLAND.

SATURDAY.

A frightful accident, resulting from the careless use of kerosene, happened this afternoon to a servant girl, named Kate Hinkie, employed at the Rev. Mr. Golstein's, Bourke-street. It appears the girl took a tin of kerosene oil to the fire to make it light up. The oil took fire and exploded in the girl's hands, burning her dreadfully all over the body. Assistance was promptly rendered, and Mr. and Mrs. Golstein did everything to relieve the poor girl's sufferings. Dr. Alcorn attended and ordered the girl's removal to the hospital. The full extent of the injury is not known, but the girl sustained a shock to the nervous system, and lies in a very precarious condition.

There was a terrific wind storm here shortly before 8 o'clock this evening, which lasted twenty minutes. Clouds of dust swept through the streets, and the storm was followed by a heavy deluge of rain, lasting three-quarters of an hour. Business for the time was entirely suspended. No serious damage is reported. It is still raining this evening.

COPELAND NORTH.

SATURDAY.

The Lady Belmore claim crushed 29 tons for 2 ounces 6 pennyweights per ton. Excellent gold was struck this evening at the Centennial prospecting lease.

BATHURST.

SATURDAY.

F. Bradley, auctioneer, to-day sold 32 allotments of land at Grand View Estate, at prices ranging from 15s. 6d. per foot. This land is on the outskirts of the town, and was purchased for building purposes.

Another thunderstorm passed over the town this afternoon. It was preceded by a dust storm, and followed by heavy rain.

In connection with the proposed shipment of meat to England, Messrs. A. H. Brown, W. Collins, and M'Eachern visited Bathurst for the purpose of selecting some cattle and sheep required for slaughter. They made their selection from the herds of Gardiner of Wellington, and Sir John Hay; they also made arrangements for the purchase of 1250 sheep from William Kite. The gentlemen named expressed themselves highly satisfied with the quality of the stock which is to be taken to Lithgow for slaughter.

YASS.

SATURDAY.

There was a heavy shower this morning, which threatened to continue.

Considerable discontent is expressed that tenders are not called for the dwarf wall and railing round the Court-house, or for the interior furnishings. Dissatisfaction is also felt that tenders are not called for the erection of a post-office, as it is known that the plans have been completed for the past six or eight weeks.

As usual there was no quorum at the Municipal Council last night.

Laurence Dunlay has been apprehended on two warrants for horse-stealing at Binalong. He was remanded to Young.

Information previously telegraphed as to the dismissals from the lands department was contained in a letter from one of those discharged to a relative in Yass.

CONDOBOLIN.

SATURDAY.

Great complaints are being made of the non-administration of justice in this district. For three consecutive months there has been no Court held. Yesterday was the Court day, and, as usual, there was no second Justice of the Peace or police magistrate. There were eight cases set down for hearing, and some of the parties came long distances to attend the Court, and after waiting until nearly 4 o'clock, Mr. Innes adjourned the Court for fourteen days. Even this was an advantage over last Court day, when there was no Js.P., and all the cases lapsed, and the parties concerned had to expend further moneys for a chance of getting their cases settled.

A great many teams are passing daily through the town loaded with wool. The river has fallen, so that the contractor for the bridge is again able to resume work.

The weather is very warm.

DENILIQUIN.

SATURDAY.

Robert Harvey Pyke, a well-known hotelkeeper of this town was accidentally drowned this morning while attempting to cross the creek on the north side of Edward River. An inquest was held at noon, and an open verdict returned.

QUEENSLAND.

BRISBANE, SATURDAY.

The Corea (s.) arrived at Cooktown on Friday night from Thursday Island, with 309 cases pearlshell. She sailed south at 10 o'clock to-night. Passengers for Sydney, Messrs. F. Jardine and Stanley. The Corea reports that H. M. S. Renard arrived at Thursday Island, from the South Seas, November 3.

A prospecting party fitted out by private enterprise will leave Cooktown for Peach River on Monday.

The Queensland Turf Club are arranging a programme of events for New Year's Day.

VICTORIA.

MELBOURNE, SATURDAY.

The foundation stone of Ormond College will be laid on the 14th instant, by the Moderator of the Presbyterian Assembly. A dejeuner will be held after, to which his Excellency the Governor, the Bishop of Melbourne, and other distinguished personages are invited.

The Chimborazo sailed early this morning for London via Adelaide. She takes 45 saloon passengers.

The Ministerial organ denies the correspondence on the subject of changes in the Cabinet, but it is known that negotiations have taken place.

Cracknell, who rode Darriwell for the Cup, received £500 for his mount.

SUNDAY.

A terrible mining accident occurred yesterday in Garden Gully mine, by which a miner named William Hoskins lost his life. It is believed that the rope attached to the cage broke, and precipitated it to the bottom. Hoskins was taken out quite dead.

1100 Volunteers attended the church parade this morning after the ceremony of trooping the colours. Colonel St. Hill was in command.

The Opera Company opened to a crowded house on Saturday night. Madame Tasca was very successful in a concert at the Athenæum.

At the practice of the Intercolonial Eleven on Saturday some good cricket was shown, especially in batting.

The flower show at Brighton, on Saturday, was largely attended.

SOUTH AUSTRALIA.

ADELAIDE, SUNDAY.

On Saturday afternoon, a Champion swimming match, between W. M'Indoe, a Victorian, and F. Moore, of Adelaide, took place in Glenelg baths. Both swam well, but M'Indoe held a strong lead throughout in the first two heats, and Moore gave up at the third heat. M'Indoe swam half a mile in a heavy sea in 21½ minutes.

The Volunteers turn out in full marching order for a field day some distance out of town to-morrow.

William M'Kay, advertised as Champion long-distance walker of Scotland, had a match with Francis, the well-known runner, to cover the greatest distance in eight hours. M'Kay stopped at half-past 4, after walking 6½ hours, covering thirty-three and a quarter miles. Francis continued till he finished the eight hours, and travelled forty-seven miles. M'Kay is a very pretty walker, but was out of training. Francis ran nearly all the way, but M'Kay walked.

NEW ZEALAND.

[BY CABLE.]

WELLINGTON, SATURDAY.

Great mortality continues amongst the natives at Parihaka, and large numbers are leaving Te Whiti in alarm.

The House of Representatives by 34 to 29 passed an amendment of the Electoral Bill conferring the franchise on female freeholders.

Considerable quantities of tea, sugar, and spirits are being cleared at the Customs owing to an anticipation of an increase of duties.

WRECK of the STEAMER JOHN PENN.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MORUYA, SATURDAY.

I have just returned from seeing the wreck of the John Penn, at Burrowarra Point, situated six miles from the Moruya Heads, and twelve miles from the Clyde River. There was a thick fog at the time the vessel struck about 1 a.m. in the morning. Captain Holden and the chief officer were on the bridge. The whole of the passengers were landed on the rocks, as the steamer was in danger of breaking up or foundering at any moment. The Hunter came along and took the shipwrecked passengers on board at midday, and at 3 p.m. the John Penn, leaking badly, was taken off the rocks by the Hunter and towed as far as Browlee, where she foundered at about 6 p.m. in deep water, and is a total loss to the company. Captain Holden asserts that the wreck is owing to an error of the compass, as the ship was steered north-half-east, which course should fully take the ship clear of all land. Much sympathy is expressed at Captain Holden's misfortune. The John Penn was a twin-screw vessel, which has for years past traded to the ports on the southern coast, under the flag of the I. S. N. Co. She was built at Blackwall in 1867, and was 199 tons measurement. The loss is a serious one to the I. S. N. Co., as only a few months since they expended several thousand pounds in having the ship lengthened and renovated at Mort's Engineering Works, Sydney.

MRS. MACQUARIE'S CHAIR.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

Sir,—Kindly permit me, through the medium of your valuable journal, to ask "the Powers that be," whether it is their intention to continue the sea wall on the eastern side of Farm Cove, why not continue it to the baths, or at least round the chair? At present, at low water mark, at this place, a conglomeration of unsightly rocks in all their rugged ugliness mars considerably the beautiful view obtained. How much more attractive this spot could be made by the expenditure of a few pounds, and continuing the sea wall as above indicated. The fort which has been condemned as useless for all military purposes should be razed, and thus furnish additional space for the erection of a number of seats. To show you, Mr. Editor, how this place has been neglected, I may mention that five-and-twenty years ago there were six wooden seats near the Chair. This number has been increased by two up to the present time. Contrast this with the lavish expenditure in the Botanical Gardens. It is a matter of regret among many that this place, always accessible to the public, should have been so neglected. I am, &c.,

November 6. COSMOS.

WINE AWARDS AT THE PARIS EXHIBITION.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

Sir,—In this morning's *Herald* I see that notice is made of Mr. Fowler, of Eshcol Park, having won a gold medal for wine at the late Paris Exhibition. While willing to accord that gentleman the honour which he justly deserves, permit me to point out that he is only one of four who have won similar honours at the same Exhibition. I subjoin an extract from the *Home News*, of October 8:—"Class 75—Carl Brecht, Rosemount, silver medal; J. and G. B. Carmichael, Porphyry, silver medal; J. F. and J. Doyle, Kaludah, gold medal; W. Fowler, Campbelltown, gold medal; John Glennie, Orindinna, gold medal; J. Kelman, Kirkton, silver medal; Sir William Macarthur, Camden, silver medal; Alexander Munro, Singleton, gold medal; H. Stephen and Co., Ivanhoe, silver medal."

From this it will be seen that the Hunter River district still retains her power of winning prizes for wine, when competing against the whole world. In this instance, out of four gold medals she has won three, and out of five silver ones she has won four.

My being agent for Messrs. J. F. and J. Doyle must be my apology for requesting your insertion of this letter. The diploma granted by the Commissioners which accompanied the gold medal can be seen on my show stand in the Wine Court of the International Exhibition.

JOHN A. WILKINSON,
Wine Grower and Merchant, A. S. N. Co.'s Stores.
Sydney, Saturday, November 8.

The *Queanbeyan Age* states that a petition is being hawked about Micalago for the removal of Senior-constable Carroll, and remarks thereon:—"We have not seen this petition, nor heard the arguments of its prayer; but this we do know, that amongst the respectable and law-abiding residents of Micalago the senior-constable is held in the highest esteem. The records of our Police Courts and Court of Quarter Sessions show that there are in and around Micalago highly objectionable characters, who neither fear God nor regard man and who, but for the vigilance of the police and the strong arm of the law, would take rank amongst our most notorious criminals. The material is in them, but the repressive agencies and operation of the law keeps the dangerous stuff in wholesome check."

SYDNEY INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.

The weather on Saturday morning was fine and warm, and as usual, there was a large attendance at the Garden Palace, over 9000 persons being present during the day, of which season ticket-holders numbered 527, general public, 6176; children, 1140; exhibitors and attendants, 968; choristers and orchestra, Sydney Choral Association, 230. The storm which came up in the afternoon had the effect of keeping visitors in the building later than usual, and it was consequently nearly 7 o'clock before the grounds were cleared. We are glad to learn that no damage was done to the palace by the weather. Apparently the hailstorm must have taken a circular direction from Petersham to Woollahra, and out to sea, though the rain was heavy in town.

Saturday was the closing day of entries for the stock show; but it may be presumed that notices from exhibitors posted on the 8th will be received if they arrive to-day. For this reason we cannot give details of the entries at present, but we believe that some remarkably fine animals will be shown.

To-day is, as our readers know, the occasion of the grand demonstration of the Friendly Societies, and, should the weather prove favourable, it will be one of the finest sights seen here for many a long day. The Palace will be open an hour earlier than usual, and access can be obtained at the St. Mary's and Botanic Garden gates throughout the day as usual. At the Macquarie-street entrance the general public will be admitted from 9 a.m. until 11 o'clock; between the latter hour and 1.30 p.m. only members of Friendly Societies can pass; and afterwards the public may again enter. This notification will prevent confusion.

At a meeting of the Commission, on Friday last, at the request of the Friendly Societies, Mr. P. A. Jennings, C.M.G. (Executive Commissioner), and Mr. R. B. Smith, M.L.A. (one of the Commissioners), were appointed to make all arrangements for the Procession within the Garden Palace grounds, and to direct and receive the various Friendly Societies as well as the other public bodies. On Saturday morning Mr. Jennings and Mr. Smith met the members of the Demonstration Committee, and afterwards prepared the following programme of the order of procession:—

"The procession of Friendly Societies and other public bodies will be admitted at the main entrance to the Exhibition grounds in Macquarie-street, after 11 a.m., on Monday, the 10th November.

"The bands and the standard-bearers will enter through the carriage gate.

"The processionists, marching five abreast, will enter alternately through the right and left hand turnstiles, and form their line again inside the gates. They will thence march past the main entrance of the Garden Palace, and proceed by the road leading round the Palace to the Fig-tree Road, and by that road to a point indicated by a flag near the bridge; from whence they will form into columns on the cricket ground, facing the platform to be erected for the Reception Committee.

"The bands will then play 'God save the Queen,' after which the procession will disperse."

A small, but neat dais has been erected on the brow of the old cricket ground, midway between Compagnoni's and the Fig Tree Avenue, for the Reception Committee, consisting of Mr. Jennings and Mr. R. B. Smith. The various societies will march and form into columns in front of this dais in the order in which they arrive on the ground. The ceremony will be most imposing, and it rests with the heads of the various societies to carry out the programme and make the demonstration a grand success.

His Excellency the Governor will receive the address from the friendly and trade societies at Government House to-day, at half past 12. The Mayor will introduce the members of the Working Committee presenting such address.

MUSIC AT THE GARDEN PALACE.

Handel's sublime oratorio "Israel in Egypt" was given by the Sacred Choral Association in the north nave of the Garden Palace on Saturday afternoon. This great oratorio, composed by Handel, in 1738, was first performed in its entirety in Australia in March, 1859—portions having been publicly given as early as 1855. It is a favourite oratorio with modern choral societies, though when written it was pronounced "the least popular oratorio yet produced." During Handel's lifetime it was performed but nine times, and in the year of his death (1759) the score remained unedited. Yet the work is indisputably the author's greatest triumph of genius; there is nothing in the history of music to correspond with the twenty-eight colossal choruses "piled up like so many Ossas on Pelions." This wondrous history of the vicissitudes of the people of Israel was written by Handel without an overture. Mendelssohn was asked by the London Handel Society in 1844 to write one, he declined, but consented to examine the manuscript and revise it. This he did, by producing a supplementary or special organ part which, while preserving with a loving faithfulness the landmarks of the great author, has materially enriched the instrumentation of the accompaniment. On Saturday we were therefore surprised to find the oratorio preceded by "a preludio and march written expressly for the occasion." On the musical merit of the novelty we decline to pronounce an opinion, as it was heard to very great disadvantage; we did our utmost to hear the pianoforte music in other parts of the Exhibition before the commencement of the oratorio; and knowing that Handel's "Israel" contained no overture did not pay special attention to the playing of the orchestra, in advance, as we thought. Mr. Stanley was the conductor, he had necessarily arranged his chorus in two divisions for the double choruses, he worked very enthusiastically, and his efforts under more fortuitous circumstances would, doubtless, have met with their reward, but the result was not a success, and probably no one felt that more deeply than the conductor himself. "A house divided against itself cannot stand;" so far as the public are aware of its constitution, the Sacred Choral Association is tolling the knell of its own dissolution. The various bodies who form the combined chorus, seemed more than ever distinct on Saturday; there was a noticable determination in more than one section to sing in the style to which each had become accustomed, and to look upon the conductor's baton as a secondary, rather than a principal, guide. Mr. Parkinson undertook the whole of the tenor, and was successful. His most important solo, "The Enemy said," was taken too fast, and more than once his voice failed him; but midway he took the *tempo* in his own hands and managed it so well, that before the end he had the audience with him, and the close was musically good, deserving the applause it received. The alto solos were handed over to Mr. Gooch, we know not on what grounds. With the singer to whom they were assigned we find no fault, his delivery throughout was refined and scholarly, but it was a startling innovation. To meet the popular taste, or to vary the monotony of so many successive choral numbers several recitatives and arias have from time to time been introduced; one highly effective bass solo, "He layeth the beams" has become almost an integral part of the Oratorio, yet, because it was not in Handel's original version, it was omitted by the Sacred Choral Association, while the same body unhesitatingly gives the alto solos to a bass voice, and makes what the composer wrote as a duet, "The Lord is a man of war," a chorus for *tenori* and *bassi*. The practice and principle differ greatly. In the chorus "They loathed to drink of the river," there was a general confusion; the tenors and altos began fairly enough, but the sopranos sang sharp; they commenced nearly a beat too soon and with scarcely an exception they did the same in every chorus, to the serious detriment of the general effect. Mr. Gooch reproduced the "air for mezzo-soprano, or low treble voice" with his full rich tones; the accompaniment tells the subject very clearly, and the image of the frogs leaping, is perhaps stronger than would be accepted as within the limits of musical art, now adays. The double chorus following was a scramble, chiefly through the hurried time at which it was taken; probably from want of sufficient united rehearsals the leads were so badly taken up, so mixed, that the responding character of the phrases was lost, and this ruined the beautiful "Hailstone." Handel in this chorus, reached the culminating point of producing images by sound, the fire and the hail run "along the ground," almost in our sight, and yet the musical development, the free and beautiful expression of the chorus are undisturbed. But for the orchestra a breakdown would have been inevitable, the players held their course most vigorously, and several times they literally "saved" the chorus.

The slow movements were very much better, the fugal phrase, "He led them forth [illegible] good; so also the opening "He rebuked [illegible] but this was directly afterwards marred by the rendering of "And it was dried up." At the [illegible] the first part No. 15 was forcibly and effectively delivered, and in No. 16 there was the best result from the mass of voices that was furnished during the oratorio. The "Lord is a man of war" taken as a semi-chorus, in accordance with present home fashion, gives a rest to the other choral voices; though it is a "catchy" number for two singers, and increasing the number of voices, scarcely lessens the difficulties. No. 18 "I will sing unto the Lord," began excellently, later the singers took the lead, and the conductor had to follow, the band forced them back into time at the end. The duet for two sopranos was omitted (No. 19). After "The Enemy said" already noticed, Miss Shipway sang the solo "Thou didst blow," with a fine clear voice, which led us to expect a good delivery of the solo in the final chorus—this, however, was beyond the singer's capabilities; she seemed afraid of the passage, and slided uncertainly from note to note, instead of attacking each fearlessly. Miss Foxall, a young lady who in the alto chorus was conspicuous for the faithfulness and precision with which she sang through the oratorio, joined Mr. Parkinson in the duet "Thou in thy mercy," her purity of tone, and conscientious interpretation, were highly enjoyable; her voice has apparently had little special cultivation, but it is naturally good, and she uses it very heartily. Mr. Gooch was *encored* in, and compelled to repeat the song "Thou shalt bring them in," which he sang with excellent taste. Nos. 30 and 31 were omitted, also the first chorus, "The Lord shall reign." The audience received the oratorio with much interest; there were numbers of listeners who carefully followed the score, and many of them were evidently quite familiar with the music. The band, especially the violins, deserve high commendation; Mr. Massey did his best at the organ; the piano was very little heard. Mr. Stanley, as we said of Mr. Packer, had to contend with exceptional difficulties; and no musician is to be envied who has the questionable honour of conducting one concert only in the Exhibition Building. If the society has the interests of *music* at heart let the members and the committee agree to put small feelings aside, let them appoint *one* conductor in whom they will place implicit confidence, and whose power musically shall be absolute; with two or three masters success is impossible. We shall rejoice if these meritorious members now apparently of divers opinions, can unite and form one body—union is the first essential, if this be firmly established and recognised, the people of Sydney will not be slow to provide a hall and an organ too where grand choral musical gatherings may be suitably held.

The piano recital announced for 2 p.m. at the Brinsmead platform, in the north nave, was suddenly cut short by the preparations for the oratorio. After Mdme. Summerhayes had played one solo, Miss Hyam, in the gallery of the French Court, played a short selection on the Pleyel grand. A "Rhapsodie Hongroise" (Lizst), an Impromptu (Chopin), and a melody in F (Rubenstein)—these seem to be among the favourite pieces of the various players; they are heard almost daily. A large number of visitors waited patiently through the greater part of the oratorio at the German Court, surrounding the Bechstein grand, where Monsieur Meilhan, at 5 p.m., gave one of his excellent recitals. The satisfaction seemed nearly equally divided between the beauties of the instrument and the skill of the player, who developed them so artistically. M. Meilhan's programme included compositions of Mozart, Chopin, Mendelssohn, and, not the least interesting, some by the player.

THE ART GALLERY.

One of the chief and most attractive features at the International Exhibition to-day will be the opening of the Art Gallery. It will be remembered that some most valuable paintings have been sent from Europe, and lent by the owners for exhibition at the Garden Palace. Her Majesty the Queen has been pleased to contribute, and has allowed the exhibition of four pictures from her collection, and H. R. H. the Prince of Wales has sent one. There is a large collection of British exhibits, numbering over 500, and including oil and water-colour paintings, architectural drawings, decorative designs, sculpture, engravings, etchings, and photographs. The other Courts are the Belgian, Austrian, French, and German.

Of these the Belgian and Austrian Courts are completed, and the French and German nearly so. In the British Courts the water colour paintings are arranged, and many of the oil paintings, including those from the Royal collection, are hung. It may naturally be asked how so much has been done in the short time since the building was handed over by the contractor, and the reply is that it is entirely due to the exertions of the gentlemen who have undertaken the arrangements of the different courts. They have laboured unceasingly and literally by night as well as by day. It was 6 o'clock on Friday night before any real commencement could be made, and since that time the working committee have been occupied at least eighteen hours out of the twenty-four. To Messrs. Combes, C.M.G., E. L. Montefiore, and E. Du Faur, the thanks of the community are due for their untiring labours, and more especially so as they have given their services purely from love of art, and from a desire to render this portion of the International Exhibition a great and worthy success. They have arranged not only the British Courts so far, but also the Belgian, while Mr. H. L. Neumann has arranged the Austrian. We have received a list of the paintings duly catalogued, which we are enabled thus to place before our readers this morning. It will be observed that the list of the British Water Colour Gallery is completed, as well as those of the Belgian and Austrian exhibits. We give the catalogue of the British oil paintings, so far as it is ready:—

BRITISH COURT.

OIL PAINTINGS.

1. The Unwilling Salute—J. C. Horsley.
2. Dessert—T. Davidson.
3. Daughter of the House—J. R. Dicksee.
5. A Bird Cage—Mrs. Alma Ta-dema.
6. Tombs of the Mameluke Sultans, Cairo—F. Dillon.
7. Jack o' Lantern—R. Redgrave.
8. Father's Nets—F. Moscheles.
9. Going through the Orchard—T. G. Cotman.
10. Woodland Stream—H. Campion.
11. Meeting of Scotch Jacobites—C. Calthrop.
12. Finishing Touches—C. E. Perugini.
13. A Late Visitor—E. Sainsbury.
14. Eaves Dropping—F. Dillon.
15. On the House Tops, Algiers—A. Elmore.
16. Friends and Foes—A. W. Bayes.
17. Where heaves the Turf—J. Fulleylove.
19. Rest—W. H. Hopkins.
20. A Gipsy Encampment—C. E. Johnson
21. Happy Children—C. Bauerle.
22. Gleaners—H. R. Robertson.
23. The Mufti's Solace—W. C. Horsley.
24. The Model—F. R. Stock.
25. Portrait of Sir C. Nicholson—Lady Nicholson
26. Britomartis and her Nurse—G. F. Watts.
27. The Young Cavalier—W. Fyfe.
28. Samson and Delilah—Sir F. Leighton.
29. Joan of Arc—P. H. Calderon.
30. Esau—G. F. Watts.
31. Portrait G. C. Ogg—W. Fyfe.
32. Pettoe—G. A. Storey.
33. Leafy Lanes—A. Johnston.
34. Crossing the Bar Scarborough—J. Mogford.
35. Waiting for the Ferry—W. H. Hall.
36. Among the Buttercups—Val. Davis
37. The Victory cutting the Franco-Spanish Line at Trafalgar—A. Ballin.
38. The Royal Family in 1857—Belli, after Winterhalter (Royal collection).
40. The Cleopatra in a Hurricane—E. W. Cooke.
41. Mamma's Flowers—E. G. Girardot.
42. A Coming Storm—T. R. Miles.
43. H.R.H. the Princess of Wales—C. Baxter.
44. The Three Sons of Sir. C. Nicholson—Lady Nicholson.
45. The Queen receiving the Sacrament—C. R. Leslie (Royal collection).
46. All Among the Barley—E. H. Fahey.
47. Marriage of Prince of Wales—W. P. Frith (Royal collection).
48. After the Apple Harvest—J. Hetherington
49. The Water Lane—C. J. Lewis.
50. A Welsh View—C. J. Lewis.
51. Opening Vienna International Exhibition—N. Chevalier (H.R.H. the Prince of Wales).
52. Carse of Gowrie—E. Hargitt
53 Royal Procession to St. Paul's Cathedral, 27th February, 1872—N. Chevalier (Royal collection).
54 The Home of Many Generations—F. Walton
55. A Song Without Words—Miss Fontana.
56. Maternal Affection—H. H. Couldery.
57. On the Thames—H. Campion.
58. The Miller's Belongings—J. G. Bingley.
59. On the Portland Road—T. Griffiths.
60. Caerleon Cove—H. H. Canty.
61. A Normandy Farmyard—H. Hume.
62. Cupboard Love—J. C. Horsley.

Aurora, ...
October ...
...m.
..., R.A.
...Sidney Cooper.
...an.
... F. Mutrie.
...Bromley.
...Anerle.
...—J. M. Barber.
...dow's Son—W. C. T. Dobson.
...broke—M. E. Dockree.
77. ...ea—E. Armitage, R.A.
78. Fr... ...d to Ben-y-gloe—A. S. Edward
80. Dalgar... —J. Aumonier.
81. The Mothe... Moses—E. Armitage, R.A.
82. From the Ballad of Sir Patrick Spens—J. Archer.
83. Mowers—J. M. Barber.
84. Spring Time in Egypt—F. Goodall.
85. The Five Sisters of York—Mrs. Jopling.
86. Convalescence—A. D. Lancaster.
87. Ophelia—R. Lehmann
88. Pass of the Lyon—A. K. Brown.
89. "In that sweet Mood"—Rosa Koberwein.
91. Millstream in Wales—E. A. Waterlow.
92. The Penny Story Book—Miss M. Brooks.
93. Banks of the Nile—F. Goodall
94. Evening: Girl and Dogs—R. Ansdell, R.A.
95. Morning in Market-place, Cairo—R. Dowling.
96. A Modern Bacchante—C. E. Perugini.
97. On the Kanagawa—F. Moscheles.
100. A Wounded Knight—P. F. Poole.
101. Farm near Fairlight—J. W. B. Knight.
102. On the Beach, Kent—L. Watt.
103. A Little Picnic—L. Watt.
104. A Bridal Welcome, Florence—F. W. W. Topham.
105. Sheepfold, Winter—W. E. Marshall.
106. Carting Turf—T. Griffiths.
108. Doge and Senate in Council—Sir J. Gilbert.
109. Mist and Sunshine—H. Moore.
110. Partridge Shooting—R. Ansdell.
113. Home, Sweet Home—J. W. B. Knight.
114. Fair Margaret—J. B. Bedford.
115. Bedouin Caravan, en route to Mount Sinai—R. Beavis.
117. The Towing Path—F. E. Cox.
118. Foolish Virgins—A. Hill.
119. White Lilac—Miss M. D. Mutrie.
120. The Last Chapter—Sophia Beale.
121. A Provincial Tour, South Devon—J. Hetherington.
122. Song of Solomon—F. Dicey.
124. Lieutenant Cameron's Welcome Home—C. W. Cope, R.A.
125. Joseph and his Brethren—D. W. Wynfield.
126. Porten Cross Castle—J. M'Culloch.
128. Minster Marshes, East Kent—T. Sidney Cooper.
131. Dawn of Christianity in Britain—L. L. Pocock.
132. Lost—J. E. Hodgson.
133. Andrea dal Castagno—J. Collier.
134. Non Angle, sed Angely—K. Halswelle.
135. Making Hay while the sun shines—F. Chester.
139. Linen-gatherers—Val Princep.
140. Threshing-floor at Gilgal—R. Beavis.
142. The Anxious Mother—R. Ansdell.
143. Preparing for the Festival—J. H. Walker.
145. On the Road to Llarnwst—J. Bromley.
146. Our Soldiers Past and Future—A. Stocks.
148. The Old Curiosity Shop—J. W. Chapman.
150. Loch Carron Ross—J. Archer.
153. At Greenwich—V. P. Vglesias.
154. First of May, Hazelmere—Mrs. A. E. Pratt.
155. Haunt of the Fallow Deer—E. N. Downard.
156. Miss Thackeray's Elizabeth—L. Alma-Tadema.
157. Waiting—Mrs. Goodman.
159. English Flowers—W. Hughes.
160. The Forest of Balloch-Rhui, Balmoral—A. M'Callum.
161. James IV. before Battle of Flodden—J. Fald.
162. Going to Market—W. Bromley.
163. Tramps—H. H. Canty.
164. Spring—L. Alma-Tadema.
165. Sunflowers—L. Alma-Tadema.
166. Dorothy—Miss Fontan.
168. The Founder's Tomb—S. Fry.
169. Rosetime—Miss L. Starr.
170. O'er the Downs—T. Graham.

WATER-COLOUR DRAWINGS.

1. Fruit piece—Westcott.
2. Roses—Henrietta Miller.
3. Jug of Roses—Henrietta Miller.
4. "I'm Monarch of all I survey"—J. G. Cotman.
5. The Old Sundial, Hastings—Gustave Bouvoir.
6. On the Coast of Devon—C. J. Barrand.
7. The Time at Mendon—Joseph Dakin.
8. An English Village—W. F. Stocks.
9. A Path through the Ferns, near Falmouth—J. Mogford.
10. Ben-na-Caleach, Ryle Akin Skye—J. Macculloch.
11. Gossips of Many Years—Miss Mead.
12. A Farm Yard—T. Wade.
13. Thirlwall Castle, Northumberland—H. G. Hine.
14. English Homestead on Sussex Downs—Charles Earle.
15. Interior of Chapel of St. Peter's Orphanage—J. P. Shaddon.
16. Rouen, the "Butter Tower" of the Cathedral—T. C. Dibdin.
17. London Street—E. Beckman.
18. Edinburgh, from Carlton Hill—W. Severn.
19. Church at Hux on the Meuse, Belgium—R. P. Spiers.
20. The Emigrant Ship, Sunday Evening—J. Absolon.
21. Evening—E. Hagitt.
22. View from St. George's Hill, Weybridge, Surrey—Mrs. Marrable.
23. At Wareham, Dorsetshire—H. G. Hine.
24. The Common—A. D. Fropp.
25. Autumn's Touch—G. Lucy Lyon.
26. The Hipway, Ryde, Isle of Wight—Mrs. A. Pratt.
27. Court of Justice, Cairo—R. P. Spiers.
28. Ben Nevis, from Lochlochy—A. P. Newton.
29. Boscastle, North Coast of Cornwall—W. Severn.
30. Wall Flowers—Mrs. A. L. Guerin.
31. On the Downs, Somersetshire—Minnie Watt.
32. Loch Earne—J. A. Houston.
33. Guy's Cliff, near Warwick—A. B. Donaldson.
34. Ancient Larches, Engadine—Mrs. Marrable.
35. Trevillet Mill, near Tintagel, Cornwall—J. H. Mole.
36. Bamborough Castle—E. Lott.
37. Azaleas—Mrs. A. L. Guerin.
38. Glen Sannox—J. A. Houston.
39. North side of Choir, Westminster Abbey—E. A. Heffer.
40. Cornish Harvesting, near Orangewood—J. Mogford.
41. Cottage at Shere, Surrey—Mrs. A. L. Guerin.
42. Striped Azalea Tree—Mrs. A. L. Guerin.
43. Cuniag, Stark, White Castle, near Arrochar—J. A. Houston.
44. May Time in England—F. Smallfield.
46. Duncraggan, Trossachs, Scotland—J. Bannatyne.
47. Ryde Boat off Portsmouth—Edwin Hayes.
48. A Study near Hurley Mill, on the Thames—E. Duncan.
49. Choir of St. Marc's, Venice—Miss Clara Montalba.
50. Mont St. Michel, Coast of Normandy—G. Nattress.
52. A Clearing in the New Forest, Hants—E. G. Warren.
53. Preparing the Banquet—J. M. Jopling.
54. Louis XIV. transacting Business with his Minister in the apartment of Madame De Maintenon—Sir John Gilbert.
55. Interior of St. George's Chapel, Windsor—W. Bayliss.
56. Wreck on the Baltic—Miss Clara Montalba.
57. Easton Broad, near Lowestoft, Suffolk—J. Mogford.
58. Highland Drovers—E. Hargitt.
59. Druidical Remains—J. A. Houston.
61. Street in Old Cairo, Grand Vizier's Palace—W. Severn.
62. Venetian Boats Becalmed—A. Severn.
63. Old Road to Trossachs, Scotland—J. Bannatyne.
64. Santa Catarina, Lago Maggiore, Italy—Mrs. Marrable.
65. Farm Houses, Shere, Surrey—Mrs. A. L. Guerin
66. Warwick Castle—L. W. Donaldson.
67. Paris, from the Salle d'Apollon of the Louvre—E. Beale.
68. The Miniature—Mrs. O. P Gilbert.
69. The Casket—E. Tayler.
70. Madame Desmoulins—J. Absolon.
71. Far Away—E. Tayler.
72. Lily—J. M. Jopling.
73. Colzeau Castle, West Coast of Scotland—J. Mogford.
74. Beatrice—Miss O. P. Gilbert.
75. "Holy Bible, Book Divine, Precious Treasure, Thou Art Mine"—Miss E. G. Guinness.
76. In the Boathouse, Saint's Day, Guernsey—Henrietta Miller.
77. Coronation Stone, Kingston-on-Thames—E. A. Heffer.
78. Old Cottages—T. Wade.
79. Rue de la Grosse Horloge, Rouen—T. C. Dibdin.
80. Loch Vennacher and Ben Venue—J. A. Houston.
81. Venice, from the Lagunes—E. A. Goodall.
82. Near the Pyramid, Sokhara—E. A. Goodall.
83. Church of Nedanut, Brittany—J. Absolon.
84. Florence, from Albergo D'Amo—A. Severn.
85. Silk and Calico Bazaar, Cairo—E. A. Goodall.
86. The Grendale Oak, Welbeck, Sherwood—E. G. Warren.
87. Rood Top in the Church of Dixmude—Louis Haghe.
88. Whale Boats Saving a Wrecked Crew—O. W. Brierly
89. Desert Travelling, Valley of Sinai—J. A. Bennett.
91. La Maison Des Templars—Lennard Lewis.
92. Harlech Castle, North Wales—J. A. Houston.
93. The East Cliff, Hastings, Sussex—H. G. Hine.
94. The Mount of God, Sinai—H. A. Harper.
95. A Bit of Wiltshire—J. Absolon.
96. Sale of Justice Alhambra—E. A. Goodall.
97. The Clef D'or Rouen—T. C. Dibdin.
98. A Yew Tree—Miss Mead.
99. Old Letters—Miss Ellen Gilbert.
100. For the Midday Meal—J. Bromley.
101. An Anxious Moment—Val. Davis.
102. Good Friends—O. H. P. Riviere.
103. The Terrace, Belcarres, Fyfe—J. M. Jopling.
104. A Rainy Day—J. W. Smith.
105. A Sunny Corner—Miss Ellen Gilbert.
106. A Study in the New Forest—A. P. Newton.
107. In the Cloisters of the Hiptskirche—Carl Haag.
108. Chapel of St. John, Westminster Abbey—E. A. Heffer.
109. Wreck of an Indiaman on the Longships—W. C. Smith.
111. Brighton—James Webb.
112. The Thames at Bray—A. Stevens.
113. Blaven, Skye—James Macculloch.
114. Chrysanthemums—Henrietta Miller.
115. Dutch Pinks Returning from Sea—Edwin Hayes.
116. The Boulogne Boat in a Storm—A. Severn.

BELGIAN COURT.

1. The Studio—Pierri Oyens.
2. Spring—J. Portails.
3. The Notched Sword—C. Soubre.
4. Fisherwoman—Felix Coyew.
5. Persecution.—T. Stevens.
6. The Quay at Ostend—Francais Musia.
7. Landscape—Victor Kuhnen.
8. Farm in the Campagna of Rome—J. C. Mellery.
9. The Fugitive—J. Portaels.
10. The Christmas Pudding—A. Iverhorven Ball.
11. Oak Trees at Woodare—Md. E. Beernaert.
12. The Tambourine—E. Schutzmeyer.
13. Flowers and Ferns—J. Rohie.
14. Monks begging at Antwerp—E. Seeldrayers.
15. A Meadow in Flanders—Lewis Robbe.
16. Homesick—A. Serrure.
17. Reverie—A. Stevens.
18. Naughty Pussy—E. Farasyn.
19. The Lesson in Botany—F. De Bruycker.
20. A Visit—J. Berlin.
21. A Village Shop in Flanders—T. Heyermans.
22. Young Girl of Albano—J. Stallaert.
23. Bad News—J. Berlin.
24. La Follie de Hughes—Engraving.
25. Brunette—J. Herbo.
26. The Tower of London—A. Musin.
27. The Beguinage at Bruges—J. Vermée.
28. View at Delft—F. Shoohaut.
29. Sunrise—A. J. Heymans.
30. Tigers—A. Clarys.
31. Map of Africa.
32. Winter—H. Van Leben.
33. Heath near Westminster—Verheyden.
34. The Race—A. Clarys.
35. Deer Shooting—J. Rayemacker.
36. Old Mill at Bievre—A. de Biseau.
37. Reverie—A. Kuhmen.
38. View at Antecola, Corvado, Italy—J. Carabam.
39. After Rain—Madame M. Collard.
40. Thou shalt not Kill—J. Portaels.
41. Martha's Pigeons—T. Verhas.
42. In the Corner—J. Verhas.
43. On the Beach, Shevininingen—A. Francia.
44. Cromwell by his Daughter's Deathbed—Markiebach.
45. Cornelia, Mother of the Gracchi—R. Mellery.
46. Share Alike—Th. Gerard.
47. A Winter's Day—A. Asselbergs.
48. La Petit gâte Sauce—A. Chyesnaar.
49. Midday on the Scheldt—J. Rosseels.
50. The Scheldt at Tolen—A. Bouvier.
51. The Stein at Antwerp—V. Kuhnen.
52. The Water Mill—F. Keelhoff.
53. The Market Place, Nieuport—R. Hurth de Freus.
54. Jag Shooting—I. Rayemacker.
55. Little Greedy One—A. Jacobs.
56. Italian Peasant—V. Kuhnen.
57. Business before Pleasure—Boyens.
58. Cows at Pasture—Alfred Vervée.
59. The War in Montenegro—E. Vantden Bussche.
60. A Cabaret under the Directory—A. Slibert.
61. Etching—A. de Buiseau.
62. Ditto, ditto.
63. Mutual Love (Terra Cotta)—C. Wiener.
64. The Captive (marble statuette)—Th. Vinçotti.

AUSTRIAN COURT.

1. Racehorse—Adam.
2. Konig's See by Moonlight—Schweninger.
3. An Evening in a Hungarian Forest—Russ.
4. The New Vase—Liebschitz.
5. Racehorse—Adam.
6. Hinter See—Schweninger.
7. The Broken Vase—Liebschitz.
8. The Retail Shop—Burger.
9. Study of Sheep—Hoffner.
10. Sheep Grazing—Ranzoni.
11. King Strasse in Vienna—Van Bomel.
12. Milford Sound—E. Von Guerard.
13. Agnes Bernauer—Menzler.
14. View in Holland—Achenbach.
15. Cows in Repose—Dolinger.
16. Cows Drinking—Malknicht.
17. Bull-fight in the Roman Campagna—Bourlard.
18. The Bay of Palermo—Lojakono.
19. Cows Returning Home—Dolinger.
20. Philippini Welser—Menzler.
21. Austrian Grapes—Lach.
22. The Twins—Schmary.
23. Sheep Grazing—Ranzoni.
24. Battle of Lissa (naval)—Battner
25. Joseph II. of Austria (sketch)—Bartsch
26. Still Life—Schodel
27. Pastoral scene—Ranzoni.
28. The Coquette—Berger
29. Alpine study (wood carving)—Defregger.
30. Vier Wallstadter See (Swiss)—Horst-Hacker.
31. Plains in Victoria—Von Guerard
32. Orphans—Brown.
33. Angel—Romako
34. Hills in Victoria—Von Guerard.
35. The Politician—Wieser.
36. St. Cecilia—G. Max
37. The first Pipe—Riedel.
38. Christ in the Temple (sketch)—G. Max.
39. Winter scene, the North Sea—Munthe.
40. The Erndel See—Horst-Hacker.
41. A favourite Dog—Amerling.
42. Hungarian Landscape—Meszoly.
43. The Beauty of the Village—Milig.
44. Landscape after Rain—Richter.
45. Sea Coast—Tiepenhausen.
46. The Supper—Schodel.
47. The Breakfast—ditto.
48. The Roman Coliseum by Moonlight—Arnz.
49. Villa Frascati, Rome—ditto.
50. A Mountain Church—Dornauer.
51. The Travelling Circus—Schaumann.
52. Rose—Lach.
53. Rose—ditto.
54. Battle of Heligoland—Büttner.
55. The Pusta—Thorea.
56. Sunday Afternoon—Mayer.
57. Still Life, The Toilette—Schödel.
58. Amateur's Saloon—Schödel.
59. Children in the Meadows—Befuke.
60. Alpine Flowers—Lach.
61. Bay of Naples—Achestach.
62. The Prize Cow—Richter.
63. Roses—Lach.
64. A Village Fair, The Juggler—Beinke.
65. A Fisher Village on the North Sea—Munthe.
66. Repose—Munsch
67. The First Experiment—Maisch.
68. Landscape—Cicer
69. Austrian Scene—Bauer.
70. Roman Woman—Russ.

THE LADIES' COURT.

The exhibits in this Court are not yet quite completed, but, judging from the varied and beautiful assortment of work already displayed, there is not the slightest doubt but that this, though the last, will not be the least attractive section of the Garden Palace. There is a good deal yet to be done in the way of decorating, but when all is finished the display will be worthy of the colony, and in many instances the exhibits will compare most favourably with those from the Continent.

We have already noticed in our issue last week the West Maitland exhibit, which was then almost the only one placed; now, however, there is subject matter quite sufficient to engage our attention, and visitors will find plenty to admire and to interest them, in the showcases of Mrs. Campbell, Mrs. Monroe, and Mrs. M'Coy. The specimens of macranie lace exhibited by the second lady mentioned are of the most tasteful description, while Mrs. M'Coy's embroideries are both ingenious and varied. But pre-eminently deserving of notice is the work sent by Mrs. Campbell, the principal of the Ladies' School of Arts and Needlework. Her exhibits fill two large glass cases, and five smaller ones, and consist of all the best descriptions of modern art needlework that female ingenuity has been able to devise, not to speak of imitation flowers that would rival those of the Queen of Sheba, and tempting-looking laces shown on the pillows on which they are worked, with the countless bobbins and pins that have been used in the manufacture of these yards of delicate fabric.

It is difficult to know of what to speak first, but what pleased us most was a picture that at the first glance appeared a gracefully painted representation of a flower-girl, but on closer inspection proved to be the finest tapestry needlework, the shades and colours being worked in with consummate skill, the effect produced being most artistic and pleasing. A mantle-piece border of raised flowers in cloth, coloured to imitate nature most closely, next claims our attention and calls forth our admiration, both for the taste that designed it, and the patient cleverness that executed its many details. On either side of the picture are handsome specimens of Cabul and Byzantine embroidery on sofa cushions, and a pair of elegant banner-screens worked in sun flowers, whilst underneath is a piece of arabesque embroidery and samples of macranie lace.

The case on the other side of the court contains four "lace pillows" most tastefully covered with different coloured satins, and decorated with bows, showing off to advantage the gossamer-like productions that are known under the name of Bedfordshire, Northamptonshire, and Maltese laces.

But the lace pattern, *par excellence*, that claims our admiration, is that under a smaller glass case on the right hand side of the court. It is a "Bertha," of Maltese lace, as worn in the sixteenth century, is from ten to twelve inches deep, and of a most lovely pattern, in the making of which thirty-seven dozen bobbins have been employed. But to return to the case on the left, where two other embroidered sofa cushions represent two other sorts of embroidery, and round the sides of which are hung a tea-cosy, tastefully worked in various colours on a gold ground, some hand screens, and various stripes of embroidery, all worthy of minute descriptions if space allowed.

Crossing over to the wall side of the court are some specimens of an art which, though very fashionable at home, is a novelty in Sydney. We refer to the lovely pieces of china painting, by Miss Fuller, a young lady friend of Mrs. Campbell's, and a fellow-worker with her in the cause of art. It is gratifying to see that two ladies, at least, in the colony are trying to keep pace with all that is new and beautiful in art work, as practised at home, and the fact of these "plaques" being as yet the only ones painted and baked in New South Wales gives an additional interest to this new and (to the ladies) charming means of decorating their drawing-rooms. This exhibit reflects very great credit on Miss Fuller, who, besides the above, also shows what she can do in decorative painting on white wood, menu cards, fans, &c. Whilst on the subject of painting, we must not omit to mention a charming little table, painted in flowers by Miss Maude M'Kenzie, to our mind one of the gems among the many charming exhibits sent by the ladies. In describing Mrs. Campbell's first case we refrained from mentioning the specimen glasses filled with flowers that ornamented the top of the mantel-piece boarder, because we intended to speak of them later among the exhibits of that class; but at the first glance we must confess that we thought they were real blossoms, placed there as decorations and renewed every day, for so natural are they that even when we were disabused of our error we could hardly be persuaded to believe we were looking at unfading flowers of rice paper and wax. In other cases also are shown some very fine specimens of the Australian flora imitated to perfection in wax, and a charming little garden of English daisies, made by Miss Alexa Campbell, that looks characteristically home like. Miss Cook, of Marrickville, shows a very carefully prepared necklace, a pair of bracelets, and set of serviette rings. These are constructed of seeds, most ingeniously grouped together by beads, and form a most tasteful piece of work. Altogether, we can congratulate Mrs. Campbell most thoroughly on the variety and perfect taste of her unique collection, and wish her every success in her undertaking to provide the ladies of Sydney with intellectual and refined employment for their leisure hours.

THE ETHNOLOGICAL COURT.

The Ethnological Court in the north-eastern gallery, which has for some time past excited so much curiosity on the part of the public, from the fact that they were excluded from it, and could only gaze at its exhibits over the top of the canvas barricade erected to prevent their admission, is now almost in a state of preparedness for the inspection of visitors, only a few finishing touches being required to complete the labours of the gentlemen who have had the matter under their care. The Ethnological Committee is composed of the following gentlemen:—Mr. W. J. Stephens, M.A.; Dr. Hector, Professor Liversidge, Professor Rouleaux, and Dr. Alfred Roberts; the latter being the chairman of the committee, and together with Mr. Stephens and Dr. Hector, he has given much thought and supervision to the display of the exhibits. The gathering together and arranging of so grand a collection must necessarily have entailed much labour, and we have to congratulate the committee that they have arrived at such a very satisfactory result in so short a time, as we learn that it was not till the beginning of September that work was begun, and it is the intention of the committee to throw the gallery open to-day, the 10th instant, when it will no doubt attract a very considerable share of attention. The principle on which the Court has been arranged has been to render as marked as possible the characteristics of the impliments, weapons, and adornments of the various races and tribes which are here represented, the specimens from each locality being arranged as nearly as possible in geographical order, and the whole presenting a most attractive and picturesque effect. We shall take an early opportunity of giving a detailed description of the various exhibits, but must at present content ourselves with stating the names of exhibitors and the localities from which their exhibits have been obtained. This Court will probably be one of the most thoroughly popular in the Exhibition. The following list shows the number of exhibits, the exhibitors' names, and the localities represented:—1-1900, Australian Museum, a general ethnological collection; 1-118, Rev. J. P. Sunderland, agent, London Missionary Society, chiefly New Guinea; 119-133, Dr. Herbert Duke, 2, Lady Young-terrace, Bridge-street, Solomon Islands, Santa Cruz and Loyalty Islands; 134, Dr. Roberts, New Guinea; 135-146, Mr. S. J. Hardy, St. John's School, Darlinghurst, New Hebrides, Kingsmill, Australian, Fijian, Solomons, New Caledonian; 147, Mr. E. Reading, Castlereagh-street, Fiji; 148-345, Mr. J. Goldie, New Guinea; 347-383, Mr. D. Fletcher, Wynyard-square, New Hebrides, Fiji, and Solomon Islands; 384, one Malay kreese; 385-400, Mrs. Graig, Day-street, off Erskine-street, Fiji, New Hebrides, Solomon Islands, and Line Islands; 401-417a, Messrs. E. J. and N. Dowling, English and Australian Chartered Bank, Tonga, Victoria, New Hebrides, and New Zealand; 418-429½, Mr. and Mrs. Coleridge Nixon, Aringa, Elizabeth Bay, Fiji, and New Ireland; 430-451, Mr. P. N. Trebeck, George-street, Fiji; 452-479, Mr. J. Brazier, Windmill-street, N. E. Australia, Marshall and Solomon Islands, Caroline and Kingsmill Islands, and New Guinea; 480, Mr. Parrott, Ashfield, stone axe, from Iron Cove Creek; 481-506, Mr. A. T. Black, Customs, Broken Bay, New Zealand and Solomon Island; 507-894, Mr. J. C. Cox, M.D., a very extensive collection from Australia, New Zealand, New Guinea, Solomons Island, Fiji, New Hebrides, Kingsmill, Caroline, &c.; 895-909c, Mr. E. G. W. Palmer, Burwood, Fiji, Santa Cruz, Australia, and Hervey Group; 910-926, Mr. J. A. Thorpe, Museum, New Britain, New Caledonia, Banks Island, and Cape York; 927-930, Mr. J. Brazier, Windmill-street, Caroline Island and Yule Island; 931-935, Mr. F. H. Moore, Laurelville, Elizabeth Bay, New South Wales; 936-938, Mr. W. E. Henry, Department of Mines, Tahitian chief's costume; 939-940, Mr. L. E. Threlkeld, Sydney, 2 volumes Threlkeld's Australian Grammar and Key; 941-950c, Mr. A. Macdonald, New Zealand, Fiji, and Solomon Islands; 951-1010, South Australian Commissioners, Northern territory of South Australia; 1011-1097, Mr. A. H. Palmer, of Queensland, Queensland, New Guinea, Solomon's, &c.; 1098-1241c, Queensland Museum, Queensland, New Guinea, and Solomon Islands; 1242-1244, Mr. H. F. Birley, Messrs. Cowan and Co.'s, Sydney, Zulu shield and assagiais; 1245-1262, Tasmanian Commissioners, Tasmania; 1263-1289, Rev. J. P. Sunderland, Solomon Islands, Kingsmill, Marshall, and Loyalty Islands; 1290-1379 a, Commander of the Wolverene, New Guinea and adjacent islands, and Solomon Islands, Fiji, and New Hebrides; 1380-81, Mr. Broadmead, H. M. S. Danae, Admiralty Islands and Duke of York Island; 1382-1402, Mr. J. J. A. Sloane, H.M.S. Danae, Admiralty Island, Duke of York and Solomon Islands, and New Hanover; 1403-1405, Mr. Hebblewhite, George-street, New Hebrides; 1406-1425, Mr. J. Williams, Redmyre; Samoa, Marshall I., Loyalty and Solomon I.; 1426-1567, Commissioner for West Australia, Western Australia; 1568-1573, Mr. A. Mailer, Port Stephens, Australian; 1574-1580, Mr. E. G. W. Palmer, Burwood, Australian; 1581-1599, Mr. Pearse, Orange, Australian; 1600-1632, Mr. H. Moss, Shoalhaven, Australian.

PUBLIC SPIRIT IN BENGAL.—The public spirit of private persons led them to spend, last year, some 2½ lakhs of rupees on the improvement of Bengal. Over 200 tanks were built by these private persons, at a total cost of of 1,39,524 rupees; and 85 wells, at an average cost of about 270 rupees each. Besides these, there were 8 bridges, 15 roads, a serai, 2 schools, 2 charitable dispensaries, and some embankment, drainage canals, and ghats. All these works of public utility, says the Lieutenant-Governor, will compare favourably with those that have been carried out in any previous year; and his Honor has great pleasure in acknowledging the liberality and public spirit herein displayed. The largest contribution of rupees, 17,616, was spent on roads for the Julpigoorie district, and was "provided by the Court of Wards on behalf of the Rajah of Cooch Behar."

EPPS'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately-flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctor's bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—*Civil Service Gazette.* Sold only in packets labelled—JAMES EPPS and Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London.—ADVT.

AMUSEMENTS.

THEATRE ROYAL.

"Struck Oil" and the "Chinese Question" were repeated at the Theatre Royal on Saturday night. The house was crowded in every portion. Both drama and farce were smoothly and, as usual, efficiently performed. Mrs. J. C. Williamson's songs and dances had frequently to be repeated, to silence the almost deafening applause they evoked. Both pieces will be again produced to-night.

QUEEN'S THEATRE.

At the Queen's Theatre on Saturday night, in the presence of a large audience, the "Irish Immigrant" and the "Lost Son" were produced. In the former piece Mr. T. J. Farron assumed the character of Pat O'Brien, and in it made his first entry into the domain of legitimate drama. Mr. Farron has become so intimately associated with productions which call for the display of little but music hall accomplishments, thereby acquiring the possession of none other, that it is somewhat surprising to find he is gifted with histrionic capabilities of a higher order, and that he has the power of rendering such a part as this interesting and amusing, without the extreme number of tricks and "gags" "song and dance performers" invariably and so tantalisingly employ. He is to be congratulated upon his success, but at the same time recommended to drop certain mannerisms of which he is yet guilty, and which tend to mar the general efficiency of his performance. His habit of following up the effect of a joke by introducing another is amusing, and suits the plays in which he has heretofore appeared, but is decidedly out of place even in a drama like the "Irish Immigrant." The songs he has somewhat incongruously inserted into the text were exceedingly well sung and vigourously encored. Mr. Leston's Tom Bobalink and Mr. Daniels' Sterling were both played with spirit and success, and Miss Marion Willis's Polly was characterised by a self-possession and an earnestness that thoroughly pleased her audience. The other characters were fairly sustained. The entertainment concluded with the "Lost Son." This is Buckstone's old drama "Luke the Labourer," written so far back as 1828, introduced under a new name, and is a work that should long since have been banished from the stage. It is a relic of a very indifferent melodramatic school of plays, and really has nothing in it that warrants its retention upon the list of modern acting dramas. Moreover, it was poorly played on Saturday night, and the combination of two such ills resulted in anything but the approbation of the audience. Mr. Sam Emery's Luke, the only redeeming feature in the production, was a clever impersonation, but the character is of the class in which an audience takes little interest, and consequently his representation of that unfortunate and lugubrious hero was not thoroughly appreciated. Mr. Daniels' Michael, although somewhat overdrawn, was an effective one, and Mr. Leston's Bobby Trot was very amusing; but Mr. Thorpe's Philip was simply absurd, and the other parts merit no special mention. The pieces were creditably mounted. The same programme will be repeated to-night, and on Tuesday another complete change will take place.

VICTORIA THEATRE.

What was advertised as Professor J. H. Pepper's original romantic drama "Hermes and the Alchymist," was produced at the Victoria Theatre, on Saturday night, to a large audience. It is certainly an original drama, for nothing like it has ever been put upon the Victoria stage before, and wildly romantic it must be allowed to be, since the cast of characters includes the Alchimist (the discoverer of the mode of making diamonds); the Great Hermes (the Egyptian Prince and Alchymist, who has discovered the secret of the Elixir of Life, and who is supposed to be 3000 years old; a grand duke who endeavours to destroy the Alchymist and finishes by marrying that gentleman's daughter; a headsman, a gaolor, and a lot of demons. During the progress of the drama, Professor Pepper's wonderful effects of metempsychosis, the ghost, and the electric light; of fluids and scrolls bursting into flame spontaneously are introduced, and it might have been expected that the drama would have run successfully. As a matter of fact, however, it was a disappointment, and act after act finished amid profound silence on the part of the audience, or else, with the accompaniment of a hiss. The waits were very long, the actors did not know their parts, and the whole performance resembled more a first rehearsal than anything else. It will not bear criticism, and should not receive it until it is properly repeated.

PROTESTANT HALL.

The Carandini Concerts at the Protestant Hall, after a fair run of success since the inaugural evening, terminated on Saturday night. During the season, the talented artists of which the company is composed, have offered a collection of the most choice ballads and concerted vocalisms it was possible for refined taste and experienced judgment to select, and on all occasions their efforts have been favoured with strong and well-merited marks of approval. On Saturday the programme comprised eighteen instrumental and vocal gems of the best quality, and as these were placed in the hands of such executants as Madame Carandini, Miss Marie Carandini, Miss St. Clair, Miss Melville, Mr. Sherwin, Mr. Vernon Reid, and Mr. G. Gooch, it may be imagined that they were made extremely attractive.

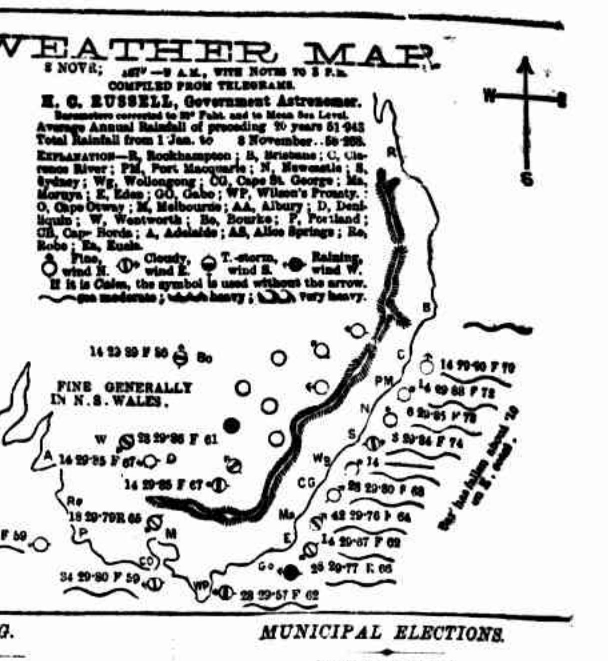
THE SCHOOL OF ARTS.

The entertainment which Captain Ferris has organized at the School of Arts is not only of a novel character, but is likely to prove exceedingly interesting to ethnologists. One of its features is the presentation of a series of photographs which are transmitted on to a screen by means of a magnifying reflector and an oxyhydrogen light. Beauty rather than novelty is perhaps the chief characteristic of these photographs, but they have the merit also of bringing one face to face with the wonderland of nature which is revealed in New Zealand. The principal features in the entertainment consist of a number of songs and dances executed by Maories of either sex. Of course the singing sounds harsh to a nice ear, although no one can think that it is discordant. It has the merit of original freshness, however, and, although the melodies are crude and nothing like part-singing is attempted, the guttural savage music dwells on the memory for a long time after it has been rendered. The dancing is simply a wonder of automatic precision. The arms, the legs, the feet, the bodies, and the heads of the dancers all move simultaneously to a wild chant, and in doing so have a most peculiar effect. The history of the performers is rather interesting. They are representatives of the Ngatiporou tribe who dwell on the East of New Zealand, not far from Poverty Bay, and they are extremely well developed from a physical point of view, and possess—most of them—very agreeable intelligent features. Indeed the features of some are almost of the Caucasian type and were it not for the warm tints of the skin it would be difficult to realise that they did not belong to a European branch of the human family. The performers cannot be ranked with the ordinary Maori, inasmuch as they are all of high caste, and are proprietors of considerable quantities of land which they will not part with under any ordinary circumstances. Captain Ferris, who carries with him the New Zealand medal, has known them for sixteen years, and having fought with them is in a position to speak authoritatively of their characteristics. Most persons who have had experience of the Maori race speak favourably of the intelligence and energy which they display; but Captain Ferris goes further and says that the Ngatiporou men combine unsurpassable bravery, with skill and loyalty to the English Government, with energy. Rapata Wahawaha, one of the principal chiefs of this tribe, he says, is now a Major in the New Zealand Militia, who was presented with a sword of honour from the Crown, and received the Victoria Cross, not for an isolated instance of courage, but for long sustained bravery. Pineanine Tuhaka, the chief of the contingent that is now visiting Sydney, is a fine stalwart specimen of the human race. He is about five feet eight inches in height, broad shouldered, strong limbed, and looks a warrior in all his inches. Some of the young chiefs with him are taller, more agile looking, and more active looking, but none appear to have a more manly or intellectual face. All of the company appear in native costume, and adorn themselves with the bits of finery that are so agreeable to an uncultured taste. The females, of whom there are seven, are comely, of strong physique, and have their features animated with a benevolent pleasing expression. They paint as unpardonably as some of their fair sisters, but not so artistically perhaps. They lay the pigments on in thick patches, which, however, form pleasing contrasts to the colour of their skins. Some have beautiful mantles of feathers, and all are dressed in accordance with native taste. These people not long since developed desires to travel, and to visit the International Exhibition, but it was difficult for a long time for them to give effect to their wishes, because they were not sufficiently acquainted with the English language to make their general requirements understood. So they placed themselves under the protectorate of their old friend, Captain Ferris, and have now launched themselves on a course of travelling which may terminate in Great Britain if financial affairs in connection with their entertainment prove satisfactory.

THE CIRCUS.

The attendance at the Circus on Saturday night was good, notwithstanding a transient storm. Mr. Burton now includes in his company some of the best performers procurable, and offers to his patrons one of the most complete circus entertainments that could be produced here. To-day there will be a matinee, and this evening a special programme will be introduced, concluding with the "Steeplechase."

Stations	W'th'r	Max	Min	Rain
Tenterfi'ld	b	79	55	0
Grafton..	b	83	60	[illegible]
Inverell..	b	82	49	0·14
Walgett..	..	..	..	..
Bourke ..	c	96	70	0
Narrabri..	b	89	66	0
Armidale.	b	87	48	0
Gunnedah				
Coonab'an	c	111	50	0
P. Macqrie	b	77	60	0·10
Murr'undi	b	79	62	0
Casilis ..	b	85	..	0·42
Mus'brook	b	97	61	0·14
Dubbo...	b	86	63	0
Mudgee ..	b	88	57	0
Maitland .	b	83	65	0
Newcastle	b	84	..	0·01
Orange ..	b	78	47	0
Bathurst..	b	80	52	0
MtVictoria	b	76	53	0
Forbes...	b	78	63	0·05
Bendemeer	b	84	52	0
SYDNEY	b	75	62	0
Wentw'th	u	83	59	0
Young...	p	79	59	0·06
Woll'gong	b	74	61	0
Moss Vale	u	73	56	0
Euston...	b	67	63	0·04
Goulburn.	b	78	49	0
Wagga ..	u	86	51	0
Cape Geo.	b	71	..	0
Queanb'an	b	82	54	0
Deniliquin	b	88	65	0
Albury...	u	89	57	0
Bodalla ..	u	80	50	0
Cooma...	u	79	47	0·02
Eden....	u	72	55	0·10
Gabo Isld.	p	71	59	0·09



WEATHER MAP
8 NOV'R; 1879—9 A.M., WITH NOTES TO 3 P.M.
COMPILED FROM TELEGRAMS.
H. C. RUSSELL, Government Astronomer.
Barometers corrected to 32° Fahr. and to Mean Sea Level.
Average Annual Rainfall of preceding 20 years 51·943
Total Rainfall from 1 Jan. to 8 November..50·288.
EXPLANATION—R, Rockhampton; B, Brisbane; C, Clarence River; PM, Port Macquarie; N, Newcastle; S, Sydney; Wg, Wollongong; CG, Cape St. George; Ms, Moruya; E, Eden; GO, Gabo; WP, Wilson's Promty.; O, Cape Otway; M, Melbourne; AA, Albury; D, Deniliquin; W, Wentworth; Bo, Bourke; P, Portland; CB, Cape Borda; A, Adelaide; AS, Alice Springs; Ro, Robe; Eu, Eucla.
Fine, wind N.
Cloudy, wind E.
T.-storm, wind S.
Raining, wind W.
If it is Calm, the symbol is used without the arrow.
sea moderate; heavy; very heavy.
FINE GENERALLY IN N.S. WALES.
14 29·89 F 86 Bo
W 28 29·86 F 61
14 29·85 F 67 D
14 29·85 F 67
18 29·79R 65
40 29·88 F 59
34 29·80 F 59
14 29·90 F 79
14 29·88 F 72
6 29·85 F 78
8 29·84 F 74
28 29·80 F 68
42 29·76 F 64
14 29·87 F 69
28 29·77 F 66
28 29·57 F 62
Sky has fallen about ·10 on E. coast.
R
B
C
PM
N
S
Wg
CG
Ms
E
Go
WP
CO
M
P
Ro
A
E

SPORTING.

VICTORIA RACING CLUB SPRING MEETING.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]
(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MELBOURNE, SATURDAY.

The weather to-day was fine, and the attendance large. The meeting has been the most successful yet held. His Excellency the Governor was present every day, and the weather has been throughout most favourable. The race between Suwarrow and Petrea for the Mares' Produce Stakes was most interesting, and produced a splendid contest. All the racing has been close.

The following are the results of to-day's running:—

THE FLEMINGTON STAKES, a handicap sweepstakes of 5 sovs. each, 2 forfeit, with 100 added; for 2-year-olds 5 furlongs.

Captain Osborne's br f Lady Emma ... 1
Mr. S. Martin's br c Trevallyn ... 2
Hon J. White's b f Sapphire ... 3

The starters were Remembrance, Cinnamon, Geraldine, Otira, Progress, Western Princess, Trevallyn, Dougalston, Stanley, Totalisator, Lady Emma, Haidee of Hills, Sapphire, Wizard, Songster, Standard Bearer, Zulu, Wentworth, and Incognito.

At the start Remembrance showed in front with Lady Emma and Songster well up on crossing the carriage paddock. Totalisator, Lady Emma, Sapphire, and Haidee of the Hills, were prominent with Cinnamon and Sapphire well to the front. At the finish Lady Emma shot to front and won easily by a length from Trevallyn, Sapphire third, Totalisator fourth, and then Western Princess. Time, 1 minute 8 seconds.

MARES' PRODUCE STAKES, a sweepstakes of 10 sovs. each, h. ft., 2½ forfeit only if declared and paid before 4 p.m. on the first Monday in October, 1879, with 100 added; for three-year-olds. One mile and a quarter.

Mr. R. Howie's g c Suwarrow ... 1
——— Petrea ... 2
L. L. Smith's b f Chatterbox ... 3

The following also started:—Mercury, Belladrum, Geide Olgothach, Caspian, Lohengrin, Caractacus, Terrific, Rivalry, and Nellie.

After a good start Terrific led for nearly a quarter of a mile, and then Caspian took up the running, with Suwarrow fourth, and Petrea in the centre of the field. Caspian kept in front to nearly under the hill, with Geide Olgothach also well up; then coming to the home turn Suwarrow, Petrea, Nellie, and Lohengrin were to the front. Suwarrow led soon after entering the straight, with Chatterbox, but half-way from home Petrea came with a fine rush, and Suwarrow only won on the post by half a neck, Chatterbox third. Time, 2 minutes 11¼ seconds.

THE V. R. C. HANDICAP, a sweepstakes of 7 sovs. each, 3 forfeit, with 150 added. For 3-year-olds and upwards. 1½ mile.

Mr. G. Fraser's ch h Le Loup, 5 years ... 1
S. Mahon's br h Tidal Wave, 4 years ... 2
J. Mayo's ch m Colima, 5 years ... 3

The starters were Le Loup, Secundus, Glenormiston, Tidal Wave, Colima, Riverton, Emerald, Faublas, and Coongoola.

All got away on good terms, with Tidal Wave and Coongoola first in front, and all the rest well together. Along the river and the back of the course Tidal Wave was still leading, and Le Loup then came up third, and Colima well up. Under the hill Le Loup drew up to the front, and gained the home turn with Tidal Wave. A capital race home ensued, Le Loup winning easily without the whip, Colima third; time, 3 minutes 12½ seconds.

STEEPLECHASE, a handicap sweepstakes of 10 sovs. each, half-forfeit, with 300 added. The second horse to receive 50 sovs. out of the stakes. About 3 miles, over such course and jumps as the stewards shall direct.

Mr. W. Bailey's g g Simpleton, 5 years ... 1
H. Gallagher's br m Twilight, 6 years... ... 2

Postboy, Sarchedon, Starlight, Turpin, Hamlet, Ace of Trumps, Novelist, Ristori, Robroy, and Almond Bush also started.

Simpleton led slightly at the start, but gave place to Twilight who went away at a great pace, followed by Hamlet and Robroy. Then a chapter of accidents occurred. Hamlet fell, and Cruiser lost his rider. Twilight continued to lead all round with Starlight and Simpleton; under the hill, the last time round, only Simpleton and Twilight were left in, all the others having either baulked or fallen. Simpleton won easily; no third was placed. Time, 6 minutes 57 seconds.

CANTERBURY PLATE, a sweepstakes of 10 sovs. each, half forfeit, with 300 added; weight for age; 2¼ miles.

Mr. R. Howie's g c Suwarrow, 3 years ... 1
J. Wilson's b h First King, 5 years ... 2
E. A. Johnston-Boe's br m Wellington, 4 years ... 3

Swiveller and Falmouth also started.

Suwarrow led after a fine start, with First King, Swiveller, and Wellington next. He made the pace very severe, and increased his distance. The last time round the others drew up to him, but Suwarrow still kept in front, and was leading round the home turn. Then First King made a grand effort, but Suwarrow won by a head; Wellington 3rd. Yeoman's on First King, delayed rather long. Time, 4 minutes 13¾ seconds. The winner was greatly cheered.

FREE HANDICAP, a handicap sweepstakes of 5 sovs. each, 2 forfeit, with 150 added, for two-year-olds and upwards. 1½ mile.

Mr. A. K. Finlay's bl h Tocal, 6 years ... 1
J. S. Purves' br h Waxy, aged ... 2
F. Leng's b h Monarque, 4 years ... 3

The starters were—Tocal, Tom Kirk, Sussex, Columbus, Trump Yoss, Timothy, Monarque, Transit, Waxy, Lady Ellen, Colima, Diamond, Roland, Zambesi, Violet, Narrabri, Haricot, Chatterbox, and Albyn.

AMATEUR SAILING CLUB.

The general monthly meeting of the members of the Sydney Amateur Sailing Club was held at the Sydney Exchange Hotel on Friday night, Mr. S. H. Hyam in the chair. The minutes of the previous meeting were read in the usual way. A letter was received from the secretary of the Colac Regatta, Victoria, offering very tempting inducements in the way of prizes in order to induce Sydney to compete. It was proposed by Mr. Johnson, that a deputation consisting of the commodore, vice-commodore, secretary, and Messrs. Soutar and Grant be requested to wait upon his Excellency Lord Augustus Loftus, and ask him to become patron of the club. It was resolved on the proposal of Mr. Johnson to ask Mr. G. R. Dibbs to become president of the club, and Messrs. C. J. Roberts, William Laidley, F. H. Danger, Angus Mackay and Thomas Cadell, vice-presidents. It was decided that in order to avoid the danger attendant on racing boats rounding Shark Island a permanent buoy should be placed in Rose Bay. The arrangement of club races was proceeded with. The following fixtures were made: Laidley Trophy for 18-foot boats and the 24-foot handicap, 22nd November; 22-foot race and dingies, 29th November.

CRICKET.

A committee meeting of the New South Wales Cricket Association will be held to-morrow evening (Tuesday), at Tattersall's Hotel, for the transaction of general business. To-day being a general holiday, a match has been arranged on the Association Ground between the first elevens of the Newtown and South Sydney Clubs.

BALMAIN REGATTA.

The annual Balmain Regatta will take place to-day, at the entrance of the Parramatta River, and is expected to be one of the most successful that has ever been held, on account of the immense number of competitors, and the numerous new racing boats that will compete for the first time. The City of New York will be the flagship, and ferry steamers have been arranged to ply between the ship and Erskine-street wharf throughout the day. The programme comprise a large number of important yachting and rowing events. Notably amongst the former is the second class yacht race, a handicap for which the following have entered: 1, Guinivere, 4 minutes; 2, Oithana, scratch; 3, Meteor, 8 minutes; 4, Pleiades, 7 minutes; 5, Harpy, 8 minutes. A good deal of interest is felt as to the result of the All-comers' Race in wager boats, comprising the following competitors:—W. Trickett, R. Edwards, E. Laycock, S. Edwards, A. B. White, L. Nicholson, J. Power. A contest of a very keen nature is expected between the open-boats Deronda, Victor (new), Lottie, and Carlotta. Two races are set aside for men-of-war boats, and the Danae, Rhin, Nautilus, and Albertross, have entered.

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

DENISON WARD.

Mr. Francis Abigail held a meeting of his supporters on Saturday night, in the Pyrmont division of Denison Ward. There were about 200 electors present. After certain preliminary steps had been settled in committee, Mr. Abigail was introduced to the electors by Mr. Varley, chairman of the meeting, in most eulogistic terms. The candidate then addressed the meeting for nearly an hour on all the leading topics in municipal politics. He was warmly received and frequently applauded. He dwelt especially on the sewerage and water supply questions, advocated the abolition of the Transit Commission, and of the tolls on the Pyrmont Bridge, and referred generally to many of the most important of the questions that are now agitating the minds or attracting the attention of the people of Sydney. A vote of confidence was proposed by Mr. Stringer, and seconded by Mr. Williamson, and carried unanimously with applause. A vote of thanks to the chairman, and three cheers for the Queen, brought the meeting to its termination.

FITZROY WARD.

A meeting was convened for Saturday evening by Mr. R. Hordern, one of the candidates for the representation of Fitzroy Ward in the City Council, to be held at the Phœnix Hotel, Oxford-street. It was intended that the candidate should address the ratepayers from the verandah of the hotel, and a considerable number of citizens took their station opposite the hotel at the hour named for the meeting. The chair was taken by Mr. M'Elhone, M.L.A., and he was supported by a number of the members of Mr. Hordern's committee. The candidate commenced his address stating that he would make it his first business in the Council, if elected, to have the drainage of the ward into Woolloomooloo Bay attended to, as it was the most urgent want of the city at the present time. He denied having used Mr. Carpenter's name for the purpose of abuse at his previous meetings, and stated that if elected he would not support Mr. John Davies for the position of Mayor. At this juncture a heavy shower of rain descended, and nine-tenths of the audience disappeared, and it was unanimously resolved by those who remained, to adjourn the gathering until some future time. The meeting accordingly came to an end about five minutes after the chair was taken.

BOROUGH COUNCILS.

WATERLOO.—The usual fortnightly meeting was held on October 3. Present—The Mayor (Alderman Torning), with Aldermen Veseys, Hogan, Burt, Crane, Evans, Gray, and Mulder. Minutes of the preceding meeting were read and confirmed; after which letters were read:—From Mr. George Slade, in answer to one from the Council, with reference to a "reserved road" called Surry-street, and furnishing a sketch of it. The letter was received, and Mr. Slade was to be requested to dedicate the same to the extent of his interest therein, to enable the Council to do necessary work there in, as it was the only access to Boundary-street on the east. From the Redfern Council, appointing to meet a committee of this Council with reference to the culvert in Phillip's-street; letter received. From Mr. Telfer, with reference to the path opposite his premises in Raglan-street left with the Works Committee. From Mr. Robert Coats, for permission to erect an awning to his premises, Botany Road, which was granted. The report of the Inspector of Nuisances was then received, after which the Mayor (as chairman of the whole) submitted a report of the Works Committee, recommending that the proposed kerbing and guttering in Morehead-street be left to a future time. 2. As to proposed sites for "new Town Hall," they proposed one at the corner of Kellick and Elizabeth streets as the most likely to be obtained on the best terms. 3. As to repairs proposed opposite Wesleyan Church in Raglan-street, which was estimated to cost £70, they thought the work was urgently required. 4. As to Cooper-street, from the northern boundary, they found that drainage refuse for some distance beyond the borough overflowed the street, and flooded the houses of many persons adjacent thereto, and that Byrnes-lane the main outlet for the drainage was so choked with mud and filth, as to be detrimental to the health and interest of the inhabitants, and recommended that measures be taken at once to abate the evil. 5. This referred to the drainage from houses, which was left to the Mayor, with a recommendation that slips be printed calling attention to the law on the subject. The report was received, and subsequently adopted. The Mayor reported that he had attended the Redfern Council with reference to the state of Phillip-street, and it was directed that a letter be sent to Mr. Whiting requesting him to cover the culvert, with a view to ulterior works. The finance report was then received and adopted, and payment of £228 authorised. The Mayor, with Aldermen Hogan and Fusedale, were then appointed a deputation to Mr. Buckland, for a plot of land for Town Hall. It was wished by Alderman Burt that Schimel-street be ballasted, but it was advised that the street be first levelled to its width, and application made to the City Council to lay on water. After a short discussion, this was assented to. A special meeting of the Council was held on Monday, October 13, to take into consideration two communications from Mr. Whiting with reference to the culvert in Phillip-street, Victoria Town, and other matters connected therewith. Present—The Mayor, Alderman Fusedale, Veseys, Burt, Crane, Evans, Mulder, and Hogan. The letters having been read and received, after a short consultation, the Mayor and Alderman Fusedale were appointed a deputation to wait on Mr. Whiting, to confer on the subject; this was adopted, and the Council rose. An ordinary meeting was held on October 17. Minutes of preceding meeting read and confirmed; a letter and memo. from Mr. Buckland, in answer to one from Council, "re site for new Town Hall," as also another stating terms on which he would grant the same (reserved for the decision of Sir Daniel Cooper), were severally read and received. From Mr. S. C. Brown, solicitor for Messrs. Atkins, Brothers, calling upon the Council to fulfil their agreement with his clients, was received, and a reply directed to be sent. From G. R. Whiting, requiring to be furnished by the Council with the exact boundary of this borough in Phillip-street before he proceeds to finish the culvert there. Letter received, and Mr. Whiting to be furnished with what he required. The Mayor, in explanation of these communications, gave short report of the interviews with Mr. Buckland and Mr. Whiting during the past week. The finance report was received and adopted, and payment of £246 [illegible]s. 5d. authorized. The Mayor then, in pursuance of notice, moved that £70 be expended by the Council for repair of Raglan-street, from Pitt-street to Wesleyan Church, work to be done when works now in progress are finished. Alderman Fusedale assented, and motion then passed.—C. HARRIS, Council-clerk.

THE NORDENFELDT GUN.—Experiments with the new machine gun, which has been called the Nordenfeldt, after the name of its inventor, are going on at Woolwich. The weapon has been adopted by the Admiralty for use on board ship. The particular purpose of this gun is to repel the attacks of torpedo boats, which are being designed upon a plan supposed to render them invulnerable under a fire of rifle bullets, being protected by a light steel armour. Considerable secrecy is observed in conducting the trials, which the War Department have undertaken solely for the information of the Admiralty, and there is apparently some mystery about the gun which it is thought desirable to conceal. The barrels are very stoutly made, being more than three inches in external diameter, where strength is most necessary, providing a thickness of metal adapted for the employment of gun-cotton cartridges, and the mechanism of the breech is combined with magnetic batteries and electric coils in some manner which cannot at present be explained. The gun is very rapid in action, it is traversed and elevated by simple appliances, and it has made very accurate shooting, even at long ranges. Its stand is a kind of a bed of iron, and the whole apparatus has the appearance of being exceedingly heavy. As already stated in Parliament, a large number of these Nordenfeldts have been ordered for the use of the Royal Navy.—*Broad Arrow.*

THE ARMIES OF EUROPE.—The relations which exist between the Great Powers of Europe at the present moment being of somewhat doubtful amity, the armed resources of each are a matter of interest and importance. The German army may be estimated according to the Berlin correspondent of the *Standard*, at one million three hundred thousand men. In addition to this there are the Landwehr and the Landsturm, which include all the drilled soldiers from thirty-two to fifty years of age. These would, after making due deductions, number one million three hundred thousand men. All these two million five hundred and fifty thousand soldiers can be marched in twenty-four hours after being called out. From this total must be deducted two hundred thousand for the fortresses, one hundred and fifty thousand for the coasts and against Denmark, and one hundred thousand for depots; so that two million one hundred thousand men are available for real warfare, and the last of whom would only require a fortnight at the most to be on the frontiers. France has an army whose reputed numerical power is three million six hundred thousand men, but Sir Garnet Wolseley, as well as other authorities, estimates it only at about one million eight hundred thousand, amongst whom are more than six hundred thousand undrilled men. Besides this the state of the territorial army and the Garde Mobile is so doubtful that France is considered to have ready for the beginning of a war not more than one million, of whom four hundred thousand must be deducted for garrisons, &c., leaving six hundred thousand really available for action. There remains Russia; and the Russian army, according to the *Standard's* correspondents, has barely half-a-million of men at present available for the German frontier. On the whole, the chances are that Russia will find her affairs in Central Asia quite enough to occupy her without assisting France to wage a war of revenge.

OUR TASMANIAN LETTER.

HOBART TOWN, Nov. 3.

It is a long while since Tasmanians have had any cause for congratulation in connection with politics; but at last the turning in the proverbal "longest lane" has been discovered, and we have now for the first time during the past two years or so a definite prospect of a vigorous and united effort being made to grapple with our financial difficulties, which, as I explained in my last, comprise a deficit on the current year of £43,000; an accumulation of Main Line Railway interest to the tune of £73,000, and a prospective deficit next year of £52,000. The political event which has brightened our prospects is of the character which alone could be effective where parties are so evenly balanced as they are in our Assembly, viz., coalition. Ever since Parliament met on September 9th it has been held as certain that either a coalition or a dissolution must take place before the public business could be proceeded with. The only difficulty has been in deciding which of the two courses should be followed. Happily, as most people think, for the colony, coalition has been preferred to an appeal to the constituencies, and, accordingly, on Wednesday last, the new Government, replacing the resigned Crowther-Reibey Administration, was sworn in as follows:—Premier and Colonial Treasurer, Hon. W. R. Giblin; Colonial Secretary (in Council), Hon. W. Moore; Attorney-General, Hon. J. S. Dodds; Minister of Lands, Hon. C. O'Reilly; without office, Dr. Agnew (in Council). With the members of the new Government little fault can be found; they fairly represent both sides of the Assembly, and certainly are the best men obtainable in the House. Accordingly their advent has aroused considerable enthusiasm, and given much satisfaction. The Opposition in the Assembly is represented by Mr. Giblin, its well-known leader—than whom (if we except the Hon. T. D. Chapman) there is not a more able financier in the colony; the "Liberal" party is represented by Messrs. Dodds and O'Reilly—the former of whom has for months been the pillar which kept the Crowther-Reibey Administration from utter collapse. The powerful party (Conservative) in the Council are well represented by Mr. Moore, who has in past times worked with Mr. Giblin. The influence and advice of Dr. Agnew will be of the greatest service in enabling the new Ministry to carry their measures through the Council. It is regretted by many that Mr. Chapman is not a member of the coalition Government. Undoubtedly he would, under ordinary circumstances, have joined the team; a personal difference of long standing with Mr. Giblin, however, prevented his doing so. The hon. gentleman who is virtually the leader of the Council, has, however, promised the Government his support in general terms.

Having noted the constitution of the Ministry, I come now to their immediate proposals. Pursuant to their request, Parliament was, on October 31, adjourned until January 13, supplies being granted to the end of the year, and a Treasury Bills Bill for £100,000 being passed to enable the Government to meet liabilities falling due before the date of the reassembling of the Legislature. The month of November will be occupied by the re-election of the Ministers. Under the circumstances it was not needful that Messrs. Dodds and O'Reilly should face their constituents, inasmuch as they are simply continuing offices previously held. However, with a view of courting the fullest expression of public opinion, the Attorney-General and Minister of Lands have decided to go to the country, in company with Messrs. Giblin and Moore. The length of time—till the end of November—which will be occupied over the elections, is mainly due to the inaccessibility of the districts of Wellington and Mersey; as Mr. Giblin remarked the other day, it takes almost as long to communicate with the district of Wellington as with Sydney. Assuming that all the Ministers are re-elected—and it is not likely that any opposition will be offered to them—the Cabinet will have six weeks for the preparation of its policy, which broadly speaking, will include revision of the Customs' tariff, for the purpose of superseding the system of package duties now obtaining, and of increasing the charges upon the luxuries of life. A thorough overhauling of the Estimates for 1880, with a view to extensive retrenchment, and the imposition of direct taxation, to assist in making up the deficiency. The need of revising the tariff is self-evident. The desirability of curtailing the expenditure may be judged from the fact that whereas in 1873 our expenditure was only £301,000, the amount proposed by the late Government for 1880 was £432,000, or £4 6s. 8d. per head for every man, woman, and child in the colony—an increase altogether out of proportion to the growth of our revenue, considerable as that has been. The necessity of imposing direct taxation is just as apparent as is the urgency of the cry for retrenchment. For two years we have been putting off the evil day of direct taxation, and seeking to rid ourselves of the difficulty by rejecting the schemes proposed; now we stand face to face with a serious dilemma, and longer delay is impossible. The new Government has, of course, not yet plainly intimated its policy regarding taxation, but as Mr. Giblin has been a warm supporter of property taxation alone, it is most probable that we shall not be troubled with an Income-tax. No doubt the electors will elicit from Mr. Giblin definite information upon this point during the present month.

But now, to go back to the occurrences which have brought about the present condition of affairs. It was well known when Parliament met that Mr. Giblin intended to take action as soon as possible with a view of ejecting the Government and forming a coalition Ministry. The delays which attended the opening of the real business of the session made it, however, impossible for the leader of the Opposition to test the feeling of the House before October 9. On that day he secured a call of the House to consider a motion (which the Government accepted as one of no-confidence) as follows:—"That this House, while acceding to the principle that property should bear a share of the increased taxation rendered necessary for the payment of interest upon railways and other public works, is of opinion that, before the country is required to submit to the imposition of an Income-tax, it is the duty of Ministers to make a resolute effort to reduce the public expenditure; and further submit to Parliament a thorough revision of the existing tariff, for the purpose of removing the inequalities and objectionable imposts which at present exist in the Customs Duties Acts." The motion was lengthily debated. No attempt was made on the Ministerial side to combat the principles laid down, and Mr. Reibey confined himself almost exclusively to panegyrising the income tax, and to recrimination. He announced, however, that the Government considered Mr. Giblin's motion "insidious and Jesuitical," and asserted that a direct motion of no confidence ought to have been moved. In consonance with this view, Mr. Just, the member for Selby, towards the close of the debate, adopted the *ruse* of moving the previous question. Ministers by this means, in the absence of two Oppositionists, gained a vote which would have been given against them, had the division been upon Mr. Giblin's motion, and scored a temporary victory. Mr. Giblin forthwith gave notice of a motion of no confidence in Ministers for October 17. The result of this was the defeat of the Crowther-Reibey party by a "miserable majority of one"—a term which has become proverbial during our political crisis. Mr. Giblin gained power in 1877, by a majority of one. Mr. Reibey ditto, in 1878, and Mr. Giblin again similarly in 1879. During the no-confidence debate on the 17th, the project of a coalition seemed to be prominently in the thoughts of all the speakers, and it was quite evident that on both sides of the House such a consummation was regarded as the only panacea for existing State evils. Messrs. Crowther and Reibey alone thought differently. They knew that coalition would mean to them banishment from Ministerial life, because their own party had thrown them overboard, and had, in caucus, nominated their subordinate colleagues—Messrs. Dodds and O'Reilly—as their representatives. Consequently, they hit upon the expedient of a dissolution, feeling that that would at least give them another month of Ministerial life, and a vague chance of success in a new Assembly. Accordingly, on the 18th, Messrs. Crowther and Reibey waited upon his Excellency, and requested a dissolution. Mr. Weld was not, however, to be led by the nose, and he promptly refused the request, on the ground that the state of Parliamentary affairs did not shut out the possibility of a strong Government being formed in the existing Assembly. Thus Messrs. Crowther and Reibey were, on the 21st, obliged with very ill grace to announce their resignation. On the same occasion Mr. Giblin stated that he had been sent for, and had undertaken the duty of forming a Government. The House accordingly adjourned, and after much trouble, arising chiefly from a difficulty in settling the distribution of the portfolios, he was able to name the new Ministers on October 28, as I have already stated.

In glancing at the situation one notes specially the thoroughness of the downfall of Messrs. Crowther and Reibey, the ex-Premier and ex-Colonial Secretary. Deserted by their quondam followers the two hon. gentlemen have retired into political obscurity, distrusted alike by former friends and opponents, and inwardly conscious that nothing in their tenure of office "became them like the leaving it." After a ten months' career they have left the colony in a worse position than it was in last December; they have aggravated not relieved our financial difficulties. A brief retrospect will substantiate this view:—In December, 1878, Messrs. Crowther and Reibey having ousted Mr. Giblin, and defeated his property taxation proposals by a majority of one, came into power. They met Parliament at the end of January with a demand for three months' supplies, and an adjournment until April 22, in order to give them time to prepare a policy. When this unreasonable request was opposed by the Council (it having been sanctioned in the Assembly by a majority of one) the Government did their level best to create a deadlock between the two Chambers, although the Upper House was only exercising its legal power (under the Tasmanian constitution), and although the objection of the Council to vote such extensive supplies was dictated by a desire to urge on the settlement of the public business. Eventually the Council gave way. On April 22 the Government again met the Houses with an outrageous proposal to capitalise the railway interest (part of our current expenditure) and to impose a system of taxation, which, besides being inadequate, would, it was perfectly well known, barely pass the Assembly, and certainly be rejected by the Council. The session continued until June 20, the Government taxation proposals having in the meantime been lost, as had been expected. The Ministry then declared their intention of proroguing that day, and of going into recess until the end of August or so, for the purpose of bringing up a new policy, which they promised should be, as far as could be estimated, acceptable to both Houses. On the strength of this latter assurance supplies were granted, and the Ministry did not meet Parliament again until September 9. On the 19th the financial statement was made, and turned out to be, as has been previously explained, simply a "rehash" of the April policy, the only difference being that the imposts proposed upon property and upon income amounted to 8d. in the £, whereas they had in April been 6d. in the £.

One of the most curious episodes in our Parliamentary life of late has arisen in connection with the ex-Premier (Dr. Crowther) and Mrs. Kenny. Some time ago Mrs. Kenny, who was matron of the New Norfolk Lunatic Asylum, brought a charge of criminal assault against Dr. G. F. Huston, the superintendent of the institution. After a lengthy enquiry the charge was dismissed, and subsequently she was prosecuted by the Attorney-General for perjury, and was committed to the Supreme Court. At the last criminal sessions she was tried, and as the jury disagreed was remanded until the next sittings. In the meantime a subscription list appeared, accompanied by a document in which it was stated, *inter alia*, that Mrs. Kenny had been "illegally removed from the matronship, and unjustly prosecuted for perjury," "that the parties concerned in this infamous affair, supported by the commissioners of the asylum, have endeavoured, but signally failed, to ruin Mrs. Kenny," and "that Mrs. Kenny is an innocent woman." At the bottom of this document, in the handwriting of the then Premier, appeared a request that, when the list was filled, it should be returned to "Hanby Villa" (Dr. Crowther's residence). Mr. Chapman lost no time in calling the attention of the Council to the conduct of the Premier in promulgating a document reflecting in such language upon the acts of his own colleague (the Attorney-General) and upon the highly esteemed and notedly upright commissioners—two of whom are members of the Council, and amongst whom are some of the most respected men in the colony. The only defence offered by Dr. Crowther was that he had acted in his private and not in his public capacity when promulgating the document. This explanation he gave with a great show of defiance, declaring that he would do the same thing again if occasion required. The Council showed its sense of Dr. Crowther's offence by passing the following resolution unanimously, viz.:—"That the conduct of the Hon. W. L. Crowther, the Premier of the colony, in promoting an appeal to the public of Tasmania (on behalf of Gertrude Kenny, late matron of the New Norfolk Asylum), in which grave reflections are made on the Commissioners of the Hospital for the Insane, is unwarranted, highly unbecoming, and deserves the censure of this Council."

The high rates which have prevailed in the tin market have been the cause of widespread satisfaction here. The production of tin has received a great stimulus, for, with the quotation at £95 per ton, the profits are enormous. Our gold-fields are continuing to turn out remarkably well, and every steamer brings us additional population, attracted by the mines. At a recent crushing at Beaconsfield 695 tons of stuff yielded 1798 oz. of retorted gold, to the value of £6967, or an average per ton of 2 oz. 11 dwts. 18 grs. Mr. Reibey said the other day that if it had not been for the mines we should have been in a state of insolvency. That can hardly be admitted; but *certes* the tin and gold mines are doing wonders for Tasmania. Last year we gained 800 people from Victoria alone, and this year the number must have reached some thousands.

The summer weather is approaching rapidly, and the visitors are beginning to appear. It is feared that your Exhibition will keep a good many of our usual visitors away. There is a rumour, however, that Lord Loftus is going to spend a month or so with us at the beginning of the year. We are now looking forward to the arrival of the Wolverene and companions to spend the summer season here. The legal enactments required in all seaport towns to preserve the health of the men-of-warsmen have duly been put in force in Hobart Town, so that no objection exists on that head.

The crops in all parts of the colony are reported in excellent condition, and the farmers are jubilant. It must, however, be confessed that the agricultural interest is at present somewhat under a cloud, the mining industry being in the ascendant.

Most of the Tasmanian visitors to the opening of the Exhibition have returned, and their praises of the Garden Palace are extravagantly favourable. We are glad to learn that the Tasmanian Court makes a good show. We certainly did not expect that it would have done. Probably you will see a good many Tasmanians in Sydney at Christmas time, a visit to the Exhibition being the chief thought in the minds of expectant pleasure seekers. The secretary of the Exhibition Commissioners here has not made much progress with the pamphlet illustrative of our exhibits which he was ordered to prepare. However, all in good time.

CHARGE OF STEALING £6000.—The *New Zealand Herald* of 1st instant reports that a man, named William Denham, a surveyor by profession, was arrested on a charge of stealing a pocket-book, containing money and securities to the extent of about £6000, from a man named Singleton. Mr. Singleton is a recent arrival in the colony—a new chum, so to speak. He arrived with his family a few months ago in Wellington, and came on to Auckland. He either purchased or rented a farm in the neighbourhood of Pokeno, and in the meantime occupied a house in Symonds-street with his family. On the 30th September he foolishly carried with him his pocket-book, containing cheques and other securities to the extent of £5000, together with bank notes and other moneys. He appears to have been drinking in several public houses in company with Denham, especially in the Globe Hotel, where Denham has been lodging. It was there that in the afternoon he missed his pocket-book, and he gave information at the police station. Singleton was excited by liquor and the loss of his money, and was, of course, rather incoherent, but Detective Brennan was placed on the scent, and the result was, that Denham was locked up before 9 o'clock last night. Neither pocket-book nor securities have yet been found, but the police say there were sufficient grounds for the arrest. William Denham, the man arrested, although a surveyor by profession, has not for some time time past pursued his occupation. He has been without means, and on the day of the robbery had no money. In the evening he is reported to have been pretty flush of cash and liberal. The defendant was for many years a resident in the Manurangi district, and was formerly employed by Captain Colbeck. The preliminaries of the case will no doubt come on for hearing at the Police Court to-day, but no doubt a remand will be asked for to allow the detectives time to trace the missing securities, for these have not yet been found.

REVIEW.

Eucalyptographia: A descriptive Atlas of the Eucalypts of Australia and the adjoining Islands. Baron FERD VON MUELLER, K.C.M.G., M. and Ph. D., F.R.S., Government Botanist for the colony of Victoria. Third Decade. Melbourne: John Ferres, Government Printer, &c., &c. 1879.

Baron Mueller has just issued the third decade of his Atlas, illustrative of the Eucalypts of Australia, and arranged on the same principle as the two previous decades. The species figured and described are—1, Eucalyptus Baileyana; 2, E. capitella; 3, E. gracilis; 4, E. maculata; 5, E. obliqua; 6, E. pauciflora; 7, E. pilularis; 8, E. piperita; 9, E. polyanthema; and 10, E. populifolia. It is scarcely necessary to remark that this portion of the work is as creditable to the author as those which have preceded it, and that it may be regarded as a further instalment towards the elucidation of the most difficult genus which Australian botanists have to describe. As the species have popular, as well as scientific names, and, with one exception, extend to this colony, it may be useful to the collectors of woods, and others interested in the genus, to consider the figures in detail.

1. E. Baileyana.—This tree, named in honour of Mr. J. M. Bailey (the meritorious author of a little work on Queensland ferns, an indefatigable observer of Australian vegetation, and now holding an appointment as keeper of the herbarium in the Museum at Brisbane), has not yet been found beyond the sandy ridges near Moreton Bay. It is reported to attain the height of 150 feet, with a bark fibrous, persistent on the branches, as well as on the stem (F. M.'s Pachyphloiæ), and with wood of a light colour, tough, and durable, and useful for various implements, such as tool handles, also, for posts and rails.

2. E. capitella (Pachyphloiæ) is one our stringy barks, extending along the coast from Gipps Land to Rockingham Bay. By practical men, the same name is given to all the varieties of stringy bark, but the Baron has shown that we have three, if not four, distinct species, and hence we may account for the different quality of the wood in various parts the colony. When Sir William Macarthur was collecting woods for the Paris Universal Exhibition of 1867, he mentioned four different kinds, and the Baron's researches seem to prove the accuracy of his observations. E. capitella as now seen in the neighbourhood of Sydney, is a small tree, and the leaves are by no means so oblique at the base as those of the inland species. It approaches in many respects E. Macrorrhynca (the species occurring principally beyond the Dividing Range), and if not identical with, is closely allied to E. Eugenioides, which, in the Flora Australiensis, is incorrectly associated with E. piperita, or one of our peppermints.

3. E. gracilis is one of those shrubby species, which, in conjunction with several others, forms the Mallee scrub on the Murray and the Darling. As the northern limits of this species have not yet been ascertained, there is some difficulty in determining whether the tree with red flowers, to which Mr. Dalhunty referred in his letter to the *Sydney Mail* of 20th September last, is really E. gracilis. Mr. Moore, judging from the imperfect specimens forwarded, is of opinion that it is, whilst Baron Mueller mentions E. largiflorens as having flowers of a similar colour. Both opinions may be correct, for Mr. Dalhunty says that "there is another box-tree that has both red and white flowers, with round, bright-shining, dark green leaves." It would be interesting to know whether A. Cunningham's specific name (bicolor) is connected with this fact. The elegant figure now published will probably lead to the solution of the question. E. gracilis (Leiophloiæ) affords another instance of the difficulty attached to Mr. Bentham's artificial system, for by it this species is associated with a variety of E. paniculata (Schigophloræ), our common iron bark. [It would be advisable for Mr. Dalhunty to forward to the Baron, for identification, specimens of the two box-trees which he says have red flowers.]

4. E. maculata (Leiophloiæ), the "Spotted Gum" is a fine tree, rising 80 or 90 feet without a branch, and generally indicating a poor soil. It is a species well-defined by its double operculum and urn-shaped seed-vessel. E. citriodora is now considered to be a variety of this species; whilst, in its systematic affinity (though the barks are very different), it approaches E. eximia, the "Mountain Bloodwood." It the early days of the colony the wood of the spotted gum was not much valued, but of late years it has been utilized for ship-building, wheelwright's and cooper's work, &c. The kino of the species dissolves easily in hot water, and the specific gravity of the wood is 0·942, bearing a transverse strain almost equal to the best ironbarks.

5. E. obliqua (Pachyphloiæ) is one of the stringy barks, though in Victoria it is sometimes called "messmate," on account of its resemblance to E. macrorrhynca. This species is remarkable, as having been the first of the genus made known to European botanists, and as having, by its well-covered cap or lid, suggested the appropriate name of Eucalyptus. The exact limits of this tree are not yet ascertained, but Baron Mueller states that it is one of the most important of Victorian species, being very abundant, and supplying a large portion of the ordinary sawn stuff of the colony. The wood is of a light colour, with a specific gravity of from 50 to 60½ lbs. per cubic foot, and bearing per square inch a pressure equal to 8500 lbs. The bark affords coverings for rural buildings, and is also suitable for the manufacture of paper. E. obliqua is distinguished from E. piperita by the persistency of the bark on the branches, the venation of the leaves, and the superiority of the wood.

6. E. pauciflora (Leiophloiæ), formerly known as E. coriacea, is one of the white gums, and has an extensive range on the more elevated parts of the colony. It is a tree of moderate size, and bears a considerable amount of cold, having been found more than 5000 feet above the sea level. The timber, according to Mr. G. W. Robinson, is comparatively soft, thus easy to cut, and of a lighter colour than most of the Eucalypts. It splits fairly, but cannot be obtained in great lengths. This tree is easily recognized by the smooth whiteness of the stem and the almost parallel-veined leaves.

7. E. pilularis (Hemiphloiæ) is the black butt, one of the most valuable trees of the colony, and reported to attain, under favourable circumstances, a height of 300 feet, with a stem circumference of 45 feet. The timber is used extensively for building purposes, flooring boards, shingles, telegraph-posts, railway sleepers, &c. The nearest ally to this species is said to be E. Acmenoides, or the white mahogany, but differing from it in bark, the colour of the wood, the leaves of the seedlings, and the shape of the seed vessel. The two trees are, no doubt, distinct species, and as the investigation of the genus proceeds, they will probably be recognized as such. General Ward found the deflection of the fresh timbers of blackbutt to be 1·35 inch, the material used being only 4 feet long by 2 inches square, loaded to the middle, bearing weight to 980 lbs., while the elasticity remained unimpaired, and breaking under a weight of 1232 lbs. Specific gravity, about 0·897.

8. E. piperita (Pachyphloiæ), or the Port Jackson "peppermint," is sometimes a tree of large dimensions, especially when growing in sandy and swampy places. Baron Mueller has placed the rough seedling-leaves of E. engeniodes in the background of his lithogram, because Mr. Bentham considers it a variety of E. piperita. This, however, needs further investigation, and it will be found (unless E. engenioides be regarded as a variety of E. capitella), that it must be another stringy bark. The wood of the peppermint is not much valued, but the leaves abound in volatile. The seed vessels of this tree are sometimes nearly ovate, and the anthers reniform or kidney shaped.

9. E. polyanthema (Pachyphloiæ and Leiophloiæ). According to Mr. Bentham's system, the rough-barked "Bastard box," or "Lignum vitæ," of this side of the Dividing Range, is regarded as a variety of the "Slaty, or grey gum" of the Western interior. So far as the shape and openings of the anthas, as well as the inflorescence generally are concerned, there is a marked identity, but the trees differ materially in the character of the wood, the texture of the bark, and their usual habit. The tree of the low country is only of moderate size, found for the most part near rivers and creeks, and less liable to variation in the poplar shape of the leaves. Unless these differences arise from geological considerations, practical men will find a difficulty in amalgamating trees so different in appearance.

10. E. populifolia, this tree, which is a "Box" of the Western interior was associated with the former species by Mr. Bentham; but a careful examination of the anthers has led Baron Mueller to regard it as a distinct species. Although the flowers and leaves are very much alike, E. populi folia, which belongs to the Hemiphloiæ, differs in having leaves of lustrous green, less compound in florescence, smaller and more crowded flowers, anthers with lateral openings, and smaller seed vessels. It may be added, that no person who has seen the two trees as they appear in the interior, would regard them as identical.

In addition to these figures and descriptions, the Baron continues the plates of Eucalyptus anthers with transverse sections, and he proposes as the work progresses, to furnish details respecting the wood, bark, &c., of the figured species. The mass of information thus brought together will tend to show the best method of classification, and the comparative value of our Eucalypts. Desirable as it may be to arrange species systematically and to make known their alliances, it is equally important, nay much more so to the colonists generally, to discover the industrial and medicinal properties of these trees, and to publish such information for the benefit of all countries. Through the exertions of Baron Mueller the fame of our Eucalypts has gone forth into all lands, and they are now cultivated extensively in regions where a few years ago they were wholly unknown. As some of the species are of very rapid growth, it is not too much to say that he is realizing the fruit of his labours in the Eucalypt forests which are springing up in the new as well as in the old world, and that his name will ever be associated with the study and description of the genus.

BOURKE AS A RAILWAY TERMINUS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

Sir,—In my reply to "Pro Bono Publico," I took the stand of an advocate charged with a defence rather than that of an honest man seeking to bring truth to the surface. But now that "Pro Bono Publico" and his anonymous followers have subsided without so much as saying one word to me, I hasten to set myself right by putting the facts for and against Bourke as a railway terminus before you.

First, allow me to reply to Mr. Russel Barton, and in answering this gentleman, I hope to sweep away all that has been said by those Cobar share brokers and calico vendors, who have spoken on the subject. It is with very much reluctance I stand up to gainsay the deliberate assertions of a personal friend, but when such assertions are very much at variance with fact, and calculated if not to do a public wrong, to at least injure the people at Bourke, I have little scruples about swallowing my reluctance. Mr. Barton states, "That during the flood of 1864, not one square yard of the township of Bourke was above water; the nearest dry land being a small sandhill where Mr. Peter Nolan was camped." Mr. Barton was not in Bourke, or in the district of Bourke during the flood referred to, and, therefore, of his own knowledge, knows nothing of it; and has evidently accepted very exaggerated reports as truths. I was in Bourke during the big flood, and went more about through that water than any other man, and am, therefore, in a position to state that Mr. Barton has been misinformed. The points of the river, upon which Topham's wool-scouring establishment now stands, the Government gaol, the Roman Catholic Church, Mr. Good's garden, and the hospital, were never, since the creation of man, one inch under water; and all these places are, properly speaking within the town boundaries; and beyond these, and among the suburban portions of Bourke proper stands a sandhill of 200 or 300 acres in extent, the whole of which was several feet high over the flood waters. On this dry land, and during the whole of this flood of 1864, I myself had between one and two hundred head of cattle running. Between this sand ridge or high land and West Bourke runs the Darling, and over the Darling between these two points Government is now constructing a bridge, and when this bridge is completed it will span every watershed in this colony—from the head of the Bogan, at Parkes, to the head of the Balloon, which extends far into Queensland. (See map of the colony.) In other words, this Bourke bridge will span the waters of the Culgoa, Birie, Bokhera, Narran, Moonee, Macintyre, Gill Gill, Gwydir, Namoi, Bunglegully, Castlereagh, Macquarie, Bogan, and all their smaller tributaries. In fact this bridge will stand across the water drawn from the biggest half of this colony. Immediately below Bourke, again, innumerable anabranches burst from the river on either bank, and these in only ordinary floods are quite as formidable as the river itself. These anabranches, or billabongs are not marked on any map that I have seen; but if they ever come to be encountered by our engineers for railways they will give these gentlemen far more trouble than the approach to Bourke is likely to do. Mr. Barton further states "that in the year 1872 he pulled in a boat into and out of Bourke from his station, for ten miles along the main public road, and it was almost impossible to get to Bourke in any other way." I am puzzled how to account for this assertion, knowing Mr. Barton as I do, to be a man of strict integrity, sobriety, and good memory, for, I assure you again, that 1872 was, on the whole, a droughty year; and the river was not, till the end of that year, even navigable. A registered record of the state of the river has been kept at Bourke ever since 1864, and this record will show who is right, Mr. Barton or myself. If Mr. Barton had said that this boat pulling was accomplished by him in the year 1870, there would at least be some colouring of truth in it. During heavy floods Bourke is a sort of Schipka Pass, by which access to and from the high lands of this colony and Queensland may be had. I do not here deny that the flood waters of 1864 broke over the banks of the river, and flowed into parts of Bourke, but Mr. Sly and myself prevented it from coming into the principal parts of the town then built upon. Since then, however, far the greatest part of Bourke has been built of brick, and the foundations of every brick structure in the place are of a higher level than the highest flood known. I am not so sanguine about a railway to Bourke becoming the great success that most people predict. I know full well there is a great deal of misrepresentation afloat, and a great deal to be urged pro and con. But taking away from Bourke all the trade and export of the Darling proper, and giving these to the steamers, there will be then left to Bourke that immense trade which it has ever drawn from the north-west, north, north-east, and south countries. And in addition to these, the line along the Bogan will draw the trade of as good a pastoral country as any in Riverina; and if we be guided by comparisons and the resources of the two countries, the line to Bourke should be as good a paying concern at least as a line to Hay. And if any line through a purely pastoral country will pay, then I say that Bourke is that line. I do not wish to jump over the difficulty that exists in the shape of a plain on this Sydney side of Bourke; but this plain, bad as it is, is not a patch on Breeza, nor is it one iota worse than the plains which fringe the Murrumbidgee, and all our inland rivers. Nor do I believe that it is anything like so bad as hundreds of places which have already been overcome. Once only during the recollection of white men has this plain been flooded; and I look upon the knowledge gathered from that fact as extremely valuable, inasmuch as the worst may be provided against in the first instance. And I take it that the man who surmounted the Blue Mountains will laugh immensely when the advocates of this New Cobar Track point to the strip of a plain which cuts Bourke off from the tableland which runs along down the west bank of the Bogan, and continues past Oxley, in the direction of Bourke. Certainly this plan might be avoided by taking the line into Louth, Weelongbar, or Yandah, or many other places lower down the river, but this would be taking goods away from where they were wanted. And they would have to be carted back again to Bourke, *en route* to where they were required for consumption, as the bulk of the Bourke trade lies way north. And again, if the Darling is to be approached below Bourke more easily than it is at Bourke on this south bank of the river, is no regard to be had to the approach on the opposite bank? Opposite the high banks referred to, the country lies extremely low, and the billabongs would have to be bridged to enable drays to come into a terminus at any one of them. But I don't believe that drays would ever go seventy-five miles below Bourke to a terminus railway, and seventy-five miles back, while the people of Bourke are at liberty to use the river. This seventy-five miles land-carriage up and down from Bourke would equal in cost the cost of freight by steamer from Port Adelaide to Bourke, and in this case, what earthy chance would a railway have of competing against water-carriage? I must not be told that I am wasting my breath, or that I am unreasonable in asking your space to make publicly known the above facts. I have seen too much "log rolling" not to know that "might has triumphed over right" more than once in this matter of selecting railway routes. Surveyors and engineers are very well in their places, but they do not know everything, and if they are like Cæsar's wife, above suspicion, they are not always so well acquainted with a country that they cannot be misled or induced to survey a wrong route. And particularly do I believe this to have been the case in the selection of the Ironbarks route. I was in Orange when the news reached that place that Parliament had adopted the Ironbarks and not the Molong route. A goodly gathering of the agitators, conspirators, perhaps, I should say, congregated in Tanner's long-room to congratulate themselves on the result of their labours. My presence was either disregarded, unnoticed, or I was mistaken for an Orangeite, who, of course, could have but one opinion. Be this as it may, I remained to hear the head centre say, "Well, gentlemen, now that this question is irrevocably settled, I must confess that it is a —— swindle. I know the country between here and Wellington as well as any man in the district, and I could have pointed out a line three miles shorter, and through good land nearly all the way to Wellington; but I would have had to go through Molong, and a railway to Molong would cook Orange. I worked for my own interest, and the interest of Orange, but I worked against my conscience, and I suppose you all did the same." Nobody said "Nay" to this deliverance, it may, therefore, be said to have been acquiesced in. Now, I do not affirm it as a fact that the Government made any mistake in the selection of the route referred to; but, certainly, the greatest agitators against the Molong route were of opinion that they had misled the Government, and that they were all the more entitled to credit for so doing. This, then, is my apology for having trespassed so far on your space.

I am, &c., JOHN E. KELLY.

Maitland, October 29.

THE TRIAL SURVEYS FOR THE NORTHERN RAILWAY EXTENSION TO SYDNEY.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

GOSFORD, TUESDAY.

From what the Governor was made to say at the opening of Parliament, the question of railway extension generally will, it may be presumed, be taken into consideration early during the present session; and the question as to the best route to take to connect the metropolis with the northern districts, will doubtless receive due consideration from "our" legislators. As you have more than once pointed out, a line of railway connecting the southern and western and northern lines would not be a mere branch, but, to all intents and purposes, an extension of the Great Northern line. Since the time when you so liberally threw open the columns of your journal to discuss the merits of the various proposed routes, trial surveys have been made by way of Brisbane Water to Wallsend, crossing the Hawkesbury at Mullet Island, situated a few miles from the mouth of the river, and by Wollombi, crossing the Hawkesbury at One-tree-Hill, a little below Wiseman's Ferry. I believe the proposed route from Windsor by way of Colo to Singleton, has been abandoned on account of the enormous outlay it would necessitate. Much has already been said and written about the many advantages offered by a line via Brisbane Water. With your permission, I will now say something respecting the proposed route via the M'Donald and Wollombi.

After crossing the Hawkesbury at One-tree Hill, below Wiseman's Ferry, the survey keeps on the north side to the junction of that river with the M'Donald. Proceeding along the M'Donald, which it crosses four times, it passes through country subject to inundations, and where a railway, if made, would be injured by every flood, if not carried away altogether. From the M'Donald, the survey proceeds through Wollombine common, a heavily flooded country, with a rapid stream that neither embankments nor viaducts could stand against. For a distance of about twenty-eight miles on the route the survey takes, the country is mountainous, rugged, and barren in the extreme, with hardly enough of timber to form a single viaduct. Indeed, it may be safely said, that there is not, on the whole of the M'Donald, as much good timber as may be found on twenty acres of land in some parts of Brisbane Water. By the route indicated, the railway would have to ascend and descend five mountains, one of which is 1100 feet high, and in none is there room to make the gradient easy. Now, if the above route be compared with the proposed route by way of Brisbane Water, the latter must show to great advantage. After crossing the Hawkesbury at Mullet Island there is but one ridge, and that only 500 feet in height, to ascend and descend; the top of the ridge is for ten miles almost a dead level, and there is abundance of room to make the gradient as easy as may be desired. Descending the ridge, at Messrs. Fagan, Brothers', opposite the Gosford township, and proceeding thence to Mr. Fountain's, situated at the head of Narrara Creek, and thence to Wallsend or Maitland, the country is almost a level, never flooded, and with no creeks worth mentioning to cross. A railway by this route would pass through forests of splendid timber, that is now of no commercial value whatever, for the want of the means of transport, through a country in which the coal-bed runs from Wallsend to within a few miles of Gosford, and whence the mineral could be conveyed to a part of the Hawkesbury where a harbour could be formed, second only to Port Jackson. This route is the shortest that can be pointed out, and I am informed by those who are well up in railway matters that the cost of construction would not exceed £3000 per mile. I am not aware by what route the survey for the Wollombi route has been made on the Sydney side of the Hawkesbury, or of the character of the country intervening, but between Mullet Island and Lane Cove the country is undoubtedly good, and for a railway presents no engineering difficulties. True, the line by the M'Donald and Wollombi would have this advantage—the bridge would not be required quite so long as at Mullet Island; but, against this, it must be borne in mind that during floods the water rises 25 feet where it is proposed to cross the Hawkesbury; whereas, at Mullet Island, the rise does not exceed 3 feet in the heaviest floods. On a fair and impartial consideration, with which the subject will doubtless meet, the route via Brisbane Water will be found to offer advantages that transcend those in all other proposed routes; advantages in respect of length of road, cost of construction per mile, and of the value to the colony of the country through which it would pass.

THE RAILWAY WORKSHOPS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

Sir,—The action of the Government in purchasing the land known as Chisholm's, near Sydney, for the sum of £100,000, as a site for the new railway workshops, requires the closest scrutiny, which should not be delayed. The fact that the same land was offered, as I am informed, to a previous Government for the sum of £30,000—although highly suggestive—is, in my mind, not by any means the gravest objection to the purchase; and, as I have hitherto taken a warm interest in this matter, I beg that you will allow me space to say a few words in respect to it.

The necessity for establishing these workshops where there is not likely to be a large centre of population and very great railway traffic for many years to come, has, on many occasions been made painfully manifest by the occurrence of fatal train accidents. Various deputations have pointed out to successive Governments that the reduction of traffic on the suburban line which must ensue from the removal of the workshops to a spot isolated from, yet convenient to, Sydney, would render these accidents less probable; and Mr. Lackey, on one occasion, stated that this consideration had induced the Government in which he was then Minister for Works (Sir John Robertson's Administration) to determine not on any account to have the buildings near the metropolis. Subsequently this Government purchased land at Duck River, near Parramatta Junction, for a very trifling sum, which Mr. Lackey distinctly stated was intended as a site for the railway workshops, a site which he believed was in every respect desirable.

What has induced the Minister for Works to change his opinion, and what cogent reasons have operated to cause the Government, of which he is now a member, to decide upon giving £100,000 for land which was refused when offered for £30,000? The arguments urged against allowing the workshops to remain at Redfern will apply equally well to the site now intended, which is only a mile or two further from Sydney, and where in a few years hence there will be a population quite as dense as there now is at Redfern.

There cannot, I think, be any difference of opinion with respect to the suitability of the site which was chosen at the Parramatta Junction. The locality is the junction of the Southern and Western lines, is fourteen miles from Sydney, and might be made as easily accessible by river as by railway, as the expenditure of a comparatively trifling sum in deepening Duck River from Newington, would afford water carriage from the ship side to the works for all imported railway material. There is here also an ample area of land on which to erect cottages for the railway workmen and their families, and the reason which above all others seemed to weigh with Mr. Lackey in the selection of a site, would have full force, for the suburban line would be relieved of an immense quantity of traffic.

It is hardly necessary for me to point out that none of these necessary conditions exist with respect to the site now contemplated. The matter is one which cannot in any sense be discussed from a local standpoint, and until it be shown that the advantages which I maintain exist with respect to Parramatta Junction can be found in another direction, it may fairly be claimed that that locality should be selected on purely natural grounds.

I am, &c., HUGH TAYLOR.

Parramatta, November 4.

Stock, Shares, and Money.

LONDON LOAN AND DISCOUNT BANK.
125, ELIZABETH-STREET SOUTH,
next St. James's School.
First established in Sydney.

MONEY advanced in sums from £5 to £1000 on two responsible securities. Arrangements can be made for WEEKLY, MONTHLY, or QUARTERLY payments.

BILLS OF SALE on Furniture, without possession.

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Forms may be had gratis.

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COLONIAL MORTGAGE, LOAN, AND DISCOUNT BANKING COMPANY'S OFFICES,
220, Market and Castlereagh streets.

The operations of this Company embrace the following branches:—

1. Promissory notes, acceptances, bills of exchange discounted daily.
2. Mortgages effected on city, suburban, and country properties.
3. Money advanced on deposit of deeds, with or without transfer, and on leaseholds, shares and scrip of public companies, bills of sale, bonded certificates, merchandise; also on good personal security, payable by weekly, monthly, or quarterly instalments
4. Reversionary interests, annuities, and life interests in estates purchased, or advances made thereon as required.

All communications, private, confidential, or otherwise, addressed to the undersigned, will have strict and prompt attention.

D. BARNETT, General Manager

MONEY for investment, on good mortgage securities. T. SALTER, Solicitor, Hunter and Bligh streets.

MUTUAL LOAN AND MORTGAGE COMPANY,
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MONEY ON EASY TERMS,
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FREEHOLD and LEASEHOLD PROPERTIES.

INTEREST FROM FIVE PER CENT.

in SUMS from £10 to £10,000, to MALE or FEMALE, repaying both PRINCIPAL and INTEREST as follows:—

SIXPENCE PER WEEK ON EVERY POUND BORROWED, OR BY MONTHLY OR QUARTERLY INSTALMENTS, to suit convenience of borrowers. ON NOTE OF HAND, STOCK-IN-TRADE, FURNITURE, WITHOUT REMOVAL OR LAW COSTS.

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BOARD OF MANAGEMENT:
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NOTICE.—Deposits received to any extent. 8 per cent. allowed for twelve months, 7½ per cent. for 6 months.

By order of the Board.

WILLIAM JARRETT, Manager.

Offices, York-street, near Druitt-street, formerly the Synagogue

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MONEY TO LEND.—£15,000, on Mortgage. Apply The General Mercantile Agency, 349, George-street.

ADVANCES made on Wool, Metals, and other colonial produce for Sale here, in London, or elsewhere. Credits granted for purchase of goods, and indents executed on the most favourable terms, through our London house, Messrs. John B. Watt and Co., 5, East India Avenue, Leadenhall-street.

GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.

Lloyd's Agency.

MONEY advanced from £5 and upwards, on deeds (leasehold or freehold), cattle, farms, bills of sale without possession, machinery, stock, reversionary interests in the colonies or Europe, repayable by quarterly, monthly, or weekly instalments, at the rate of

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or otherwise, to suit applicants.

All communications, either personal or by letter to the manager, strictly confidential.

UNION LOAN AND DISCOUNT COMPANY.
762, George-street (Haymarket),
3 doors from A. Hordern and Sons'.

NOTICE.

For convenience of borrowers, the Companies Offices are open IN THE EVENING three times every week, viz., MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, and SATURDAY, from 7 TO 9.

THE AUSTRALASIAN CIVIL SERVICE MUTUAL ASSURANCE COMPANY (Limited).
Incorporated by Act of Parliament, 36 Vic., No. 19.
Chief Offices, 145, King-street, Sydney.

This Company issues LIFE Policies to the GENERAL PUBLIC as well as members of the Civil Service at LOWEST possible rates, without profits; at ORDINARY Rates with full profits; and at slightly INCREASED rates without medical examination for sums not exceeding £300, with full profits, but subject to special conditions which operate only in case of premature decease.

Applications for prospectuses, forms, and AGENCIES to the Managing Director, at the chief offices, 145, King-street, Sydney.

Musical Instruments.

FOR PRIVATE SALE.

PIANOS. PIANOS. PIANOS.

A large assortment ex recent arrivals, affording buyers a choice of instruments from the most renowned makers (guaranteed genuine), embracing instruments of the HIGHEST CLASS, unsurpassed for TONE, POWER, FINISH, and DURABILITY, and UNEQUALLED for VALUE.

Also,

AMERICAN ORGANS and HARMONIUMS.

☞ All Pianofortes sold at this establishment are carefully examined and properly tuned by a competent pianoforte mechanist before they leave the premises, and purchasers from the country may rely on obtaining a sound instrument that will give them every satisfaction.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB, Auctioneers,
Spring and O'Connell streets.

☞ Principal entrance to Show Rooms from O'Connell streets

PIANO (new), iron frame, trichord, 7 octaves, walnut, cost £95, first offer accepted, lady leaving. 22, Wynyard-sq.

FOR SALE, a first-class Cremona VIOLIN, 179 years' old. 8, Amelia-terrace, Albert Cricket Ground, Elizabeth-st.

THE NEW ENGLAND CABINET ORGANS.

Premier Organs of the World.

Inspection by musicians and others respectfully solicited.

BARRON, MOXHAM, and CO., Sole Agents, Australia and New Zealand. Catalogues post free. Warehouse, Wynyard-square.

ELVY AND CO.'S
PIANOFORTE AND ORGAN GALLERY,
321, George-street.

INTENDING PURCHASERS
OF ORGANS OR PIANOFORTES
having viewed such exhibits at the
GARDEN PALACE,
are invited to call at
ELVY and CO.'S GALLERY,
where the highest class

BRITISH and FOREIGN instruments can be tried, and compared under the advantage of perfect quietude, and the PECULIARITIES of TONE and CONSTRUCTION clearly explained.

NOTE.—EVERY INSTRUMENT IMPORTED BY ELVY AND CO. CARRIES BONA-FIDE THE NAME OF THE FIRM WHO PRODUCED IT.

It is well-known after years of trial
THROUGHOUT THE COLONY
that Elvy and Co.'s brilliant-toned and elegantly cased
LONDON and PARIS PIANOS
are the most perfect instruments for
FAMILY USE
in either town or country.

AMERICAN and CANADIAN ORGANS,
the best models of the highest class for Family or Church Service.
For perfect Voicing,
and for GRAND SONOROUS Tone,
ELVY and CO.'S
Importations are before all competitors.
PRICES ARE LOW.

Music—HALF PRICE. Music—HALF PRICE.

ELVY and CO.'S INSTALMENT SYSTEM is of an equitable character, and has been extensively used for many years.

Inquirers will find that E. and Co.'s terms are as liberal as those of any other house in this city.

To Cash Purchasers we can offer unusual inducements, either for NEW or SECOND-HAND instruments, our stock, present and to arrive, being extensive.

PIANO, just opened; trustee has instruction to accept offer, valued at £85. 8, Rosebud-terrace, near Sacred Heart.

Machinery.

SPECIAL Steam Pumps, Wilson's Donkey Pumps, Injectors, Lubricators, Engineers' Brasswork. John Danks.

AMATEURS' Lathes, Lathe Castings, Stocks and Dies, Ratchet Braces, Engineers and Plumbers' Tools. John Danks.

AN ENGINE WHICH WORKS WITHOUT A BOILER or STEAM, the most economical engine in the world.

The OTTO SILENT GAS ENGINE can be seen at work in the south-east corner of the Machinery Annexe, Exhibition Grounds. Full power can be had in fourteen seconds from lighting the gas.

Sizes from ½ to 16 horse power.

Prices from £65 and upwards.

BRIGHT, BROTHERS, and CO., Sydney, Sole Agents for New South Wales.

ST. ANDREW'S PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

A GRAND SOIREE
will be held in the
Protestant Hall, Castlereagh-street,
on TUESDAY EVENING, 11th November, 1879,
to celebrate the
47th ANNIVERSARY of the CONGREGATION.

The Rev. Dr. MOORE WHITE, LL.D., will preside.

Tea on the tables at 6.45.

Tickets—Adults, 2s; children half-price.

Several ministers and others will address the meeting.

A select programme of music will be rendered by the Choir of St. Andrew's and the Caledonian Choir. Tickets can be had from Mr. Alexander, Glasgow Furniture Warehouse, Pitt-street; Mr. M'Cormick, any member of the Church Committee; and at the door of the hall.

N. M'BURNIE, Hon. Sec.

Programme of music in to-morrow's paper.

COMPLIMENTARY BANQUET TO FREDERICK H. DANGAR, Esq., prior to his departure from the colony for Europe.

The following gentlemen have formed themselves into a Committee for the above object:—

Sir Alfred Stephen, C.B., K.C.M.G., Lieutenant-Governor
The Hon. Sir John Hay, K.C.M.G.
The Hon. Sir Henry Parkes, K.C.M.G.
The Hon. Sir John Robertson, K.C.M.G.
The Hon. Sir George Wigram Allen
Sir William M. Manning
His Worship the Mayor
J. L. Adams
John Alger
W. M. Alderson
H. E. A. Allan
D. G. E. Allsop
Henry Austin
Henry Bell
Captain J. M. Banks
Captain John Broomfield
S. C. Brown, M.P.
C. J. Buckland
Thomas Buckland
Captain Henry Burns
F. N. Burt
W. H. Buzacott
The Hon. Alexander Campbell M.L.C.
A. J. Cape
Thomas Cadell
P. J. Clark
George Curtis
The Hon. F. M. Darley, Q.C. M.L.C.
D. S. Dawson
Q. L. Deloitte
G. R. Dibbs
T. A. Dibbs
T. B. Dibbs
Samuel Dickinson
James Ewan
Jas. R. Fairfax
The Hon. Edward Flood, M.L.C.
T. B. Gaden
John M. Gibson
W. C. Goddard
The Hon. S. D. Gordon, M.L.C.
Henry Gorman
John Hardie
C. H. Hayes
R. G. Higgins
A. Hinchcliffe
Captain Francis Hixson
P. A. Jennings, C.M.G.
Richard Jones, senior
Richard Jones, junior
J. W. Johnson
S. A. Joseph
John Keep
E. W. Knox
Alfred Lamb
L. W. Levy
Thomas Littlejohn
The Hon. G. W. Lord, M.L.C.
John MacDonald, junior
James Merriman
Josiah Mullens
W. G. Murray
Moses Moss
W. F. M'Carthy
A. M'Donald
Henry Mort
Benjamin Palmer
A. L. Park
W. Peter
James Powell
Captain William Robertson
Carl Sahl
Albert A. Smith
Charles Smith
E. M. Stephen
M. H. Stephen, Q.C.
S. A. Stephen
J. R. Street
Alexander Stuart, M.P.
A. Tange
The Hon. George Thornton, M.L.C.
Captain F. H. Trouton
The Hon. James Watson, M.P.
The Hon. J. B. Watt, M.L.C.
W. J. Weston
G. C. Westgarth.

With power to add to their number.

JOHN ALGER, T. A. DIBBS, } Treasurers.
H. E. A. ALLAN, J. W. JOHNSON, } Secretaries.

SACRED CHORAL ASSOCIATION.

"ELIJAH,"
THIS EVENING, at 7.

As the ORATORIO will be rendered early in DECEMBER, MEMBERS are particularly invited to attend at every Practice.

J. V. WAREHAM, Hon. Sec.

NORTH SHORE ROWING CLUB.—The above Club will be formally opened by the President, G. R. Dibbs, Esq., on SATURDAY, 15th instant, at 3.30 p.m.

Members willing to form crews to take part in the procession are requested to send in their names at once to the undersigned.

W. J. M'LEOD, Hon. Sec.

NIMROD FISHING CLUB.—The next Excursion will take place on THURSDAY Next. S S. Commodore will leave Circular Quay at 8 a.m. sharp. Bait only provided. Visitors allowed on application to H. F. Delarne, Esq., 396, Geo.-st.

SPORTS AND AMUSEMENTS.

THE COURSE AND FIELD
CRICKET—Report of Matches
Matches to come
Notes by Square Leg

AQUATICS, YACHTING, and ROWING.

THE SYDNEY MAIL. Subscription, 6s 6d per quarter.

Publishing Office—Hunter-street, Sydney.

Government Notices.

GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS.

GREAT SOUTHERN, WESTERN, and RICHMOND LINES.

PRINCE OF WALES' BIRTHDAY,
MONDAY, 10th November, 1879.

Tickets at ordinary Excursion Rates will be issued at all stations to all stations on the above-mentioned date, available for return for distances of 15 miles and under, on the day of issue only.

Similar Tickets will also be issued for distances over 15 miles, commencing with the Mail Trains, on THURSDAY EVENING, the 6th November, and terminating on 10th November, 1879, available for return for distances of 34 miles and under for 3 days, and for distances over 34 miles for one week.

The above arrangements do not interfere with the issue of cheap excursion tickets to Sydney, which came into operation on the 1st November.

CHARLES A. GOODCHAP,
Commissioner for Railways.

Department of Public Works, Railway Branch,
Sydney, 5th November, 1879.

GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS.

PARRAMATTA RACES.
MONDAY, 10th November, 1879.

Special Trains will leave Sydney at 9.50, 10.50, 11.50 a.m., and 12.20 p.m., for Parramatta, on MONDAY, the 10th instant.

CHAS. A. GOODCHAP,
Commissioner for Railways.

Department of Public Works, Railway Branch,
Sydney, 7th November, 1879.

GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS.

PRINCE OF WALES' BIRTHDAY,
MONDAY, 10th November, 1879.

NO GOODS will be received or delivered on the above day, at the Redfern or Darling Harbour Goods Sheds, but arrangements will be made for the delivery of Live Stock and Perishables up to 10 a.m.

CHAS. A. GOODCHAP,
Commissioner for Railways.

Department of Public Works, Railway Branch,
Sydney, 5th November, 1879.

Department of Public Works, Railway Branch, Sydney,
6th November, 1879.

TO IRON MANUFACTURERS and OTHERS.—TENDERS will be received at this Office, until 11 o'clock on TUESDAY, the 16th December, 1879, from persons willing to contract for re-rolling Rails used on the Government Railways.

Plan, specification, and form of tender may be seen, and further particulars obtained, on and after the 25th instant, at the Office of the Engineer for Existing Lines, Phillip-street, Sydney.

Tenders are to be endorsed "Tender for Re-rolling Rails."

The Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

CHAS. A. GOODCHAP,
Commissioner for Railways.

Department of Works, Roads Branch,
Sydney, 30th October, 1879.

FRESH TENDERS.—Attention is directed to GAZETTE notice inviting Tenders for the undermentioned works, viz.:—Supply of 1000 Casks Cement for Roads Department, under amended specifications.

Time for receipt of tender—11th November.

JOHN LACKEY.

Department of Works, Roads Branch,
Sydney, October 29, 1879.

ATTENTION is directed to GAZETTE Notice, advertising Sale of Leases of Tollbars, as under:—

	Date of Sale.
Sale of the following Leases of Tollbars, at Messrs. Richardson and Wrench's Rooms, Pitt-street, Sydney: Annandale Tollbar. Becket's Bridge ditto, and Fox-under-the-Hill ditto.	Monday, 1st December.

JOHN LACKEY.

The Treasury, New South Wales,
20th May, 1879.

THE following ADDITIONAL HARBOUR REGULATIONS, to be observed at BOAT RACES, made by the Marine Board of New South Wales, are published for general information.

JAMES WATSON.

NEW SOUTH WALES, SYDNEY, }
to wit. }

Under and by virtue of the powers conferred upon us by the "Navigation Act of 1871," and by the "Navigation Act Amendment Act of 1873," we, the Marine Board of New South Wales, hereby make the following Regulations in addition to those now in force, to be observed at all Boat Races rowed on any of the navigable waters within the jurisdiction—that is to say, we hereby order and direct that—

1. A clear mid-channel track of not less than 300 feet wide is to be preserved along the entire length of the course.
2. Only two steamers will be permitted to follow any race, viz., one authorized by the Marine Board to convey the members of the Press, the other to carry the Umpire.
3. Masters of steamers who commit a breach of these Regulations will be deemed guilty of misconduct, and, in addition to the fine hereinafter imposed, be liable to have their certificates cancelled or suspended. Any person committing a breach of any of these regulations will be liable to a penalty not exceeding ten pounds.

The Common Seal of the Marine Board of New South Wales was hereto affixed this twelfth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine, in the presence of us,—

FRANCIS HIXSON, President.
HENRY T. FOX, }
ARCHIBALD M'LEAN, } Wardens.
BENJAMIN JENKINS, }

Referring to the above Regulations it is hereby notified that the steamer "Fawn" (to convey the members of the Press), and "Bell Bird" (to carry the Umpire), have been duly authorized by the Marine Board to follow the races at the Balmain Regatta, on MONDAY, the 10th instant.

By order,
GEO. S. LINDEMAN, Lieut., R.N.,
Secretary.

7th November, 1879.

Building Materials.

GREAT AMERICAN CHAIR SALE: 20 per cent. discount. Royal Furnishing Arcade. W. B. CAMPBELL.

SLATES AND SLABS all sizes. Marble and Slate Mantelpieces in stock, Cement, Plaster, Lead, Zinc, Galvanized Iron, English Fire Goods, Drain Pipes, &c. G. E. Crane and Son, City Cement Stores, New Pitt-st.

THE UNDERSIGNED can supply
MARBLE TILES, 12 x 12, various colours
MARBLE TILES, 9 x 9, 12 x 2, black and white
SICILIAN MARBLE SLABS, from 2 inches to 6 inches thick
SICILIAN MARBLE BLOCKS, various sizes, some very large
MARBLE HEADSTONES and MONUMENTS.
Also,
MAW'S and MINTON'S well-known TESSELATED PAVEMENTS, MOSAICS, HEARTH TILES, WALL LININGS, new and elegant designs.
Also,
Some very cheap ENCAUSTIC TILES, for verandahs, baths, conservatories &c.
BEILBY and CO.

NARROW POLISHED
JOINT BUTTS,
of all qualities,
manufactured by
BALDWIN, SON, and CO.,
Stourport, England.

Also,
BROAD
BUTTS,
Nos. 200 and 564 of all sizes.
PARLIAMENT HINGES, SKEW BUTTS,
and
CAST IRON
HINGES,
of all descriptions.
Please observe that these are
BALDWIN, SON, and CO.'S NUMBERS,
adopted by them to distinguish the different qualities of their
BUTTS
(but having obtained favour with consumers they have been copied by other makers).
The name of
"BALDWIN"
is cast on all their Butts, as well as the quality, number, and the numbers are now Registered as their TRADE MARK as

BALDWIN	BALDWIN	BALDWIN
200.	333.	564.

These goods can be obtained through the various Merchants or Factors in England and the colonies.
EXPORT AGENTS in LONDON; Messrs. BROOKER, DORE, and CO., 2, Rood-lane, E. C.

COLONIAL OVENS, Register Grates, Exeter Cooking Stoves. Reduced prices. G. Fletcher and Son, Oxford-street.

LIME.—Pure Marble LIME, and Dennis's Welsh FIRE CLAY. Marble Lime Co.'s Depôt, 8, King-street.

CEDAR.—A large stock at greatly reduced prices GOODLET and SMITH, 483, George-street.

SHINGLES.—American Redwood Shingles. GOODLET and SMITH, 483, George-street.

PITCH PINE, 1½ inch G. and T. FLOORING. GOODLET and SMITH, 483, George-st., near Bathurst-st.

FIRE BRICKS and FIRE CLAY always on hand. DRAIN PIPES, all sizes, 3 to 24 inch, bends and junctions, Chimney Pots, Garden Border and Paving Tiles. GOODLET and SMITH, 483, George-street, near Bathurst-street.

GALVANIZED Ridging, Gutter, and Down Pipe, &c., at reduced rates. GOODLET and SMITH, 483, George-st.

AMERICAN REDWOOD, 3, 2, 1½, ¾, and ½ inch; Redwood SHELVING, dressed 1 and 2 sides; Door Sashes, Mouldings, Architraves, &c.
GOODLET and SMITH, 483, George-street.

WALL PAPERS, in bales and open stock, from 3¾d; high-class Gold and Satin Papers, cheap; CHAMPION'S Lead, Oils, Paints, Sheet Glass, Turps, Liquid Gold, at reduced prices. H. H. GROTH, 344, George-street.

CEDAR, all sizes, Turnery every pattern, reduced prices. STEWART, Cedar Yards, Pitt and Bathurst streets.

MONUMENTS, HEADSTONES, and MEMORIAL CROSSES, in marble and granite; TOMB RAILINGS, new designs. J. CUNNINGHAM, Marble Works, Margaret-street, Wynyard-square.

KAURI PINE, N. Z.—500,000 feet, assorted sizes. G. F. MASON, Patent Slip Wharf.

J. MURPHY AND SON,
Importers of

Plate Sheet Stained Ornamental Cathedral Hammered (flat and rolled) GLASS (all sizes, cut to order)	White and Red Lead Turpentine Raw and Boiled Oils Brushware Kerosene Oil Colours for house and coach painters, plasterers, &c. Varnishes	Gold and Silver Leaf Gold and Silver Bronze Paperhangings Glaziers' Diamonds, plate and sheet Tar, Pitch, Resin Wood preserving Oil Cement, &c., &c.

MIXED PAINT, ready for use, any shade required.
All orders promptly executed by Rail, Steamer, City, or Suburbs.

AMERICAN DOORS, all sizes; RED BEACH PLASTER, in trade parcels. BARRON, MOXHAM, and CO.

PALINGS, Posts, Rails.—Splendid sample now landing, reduced prices. G. and S. Preddy, 14, Erskine-street.

AMERICAN DOORS, Redwood Shingles, Lathes, Pickets, at reduced prices. G. and S. Preddey, 14, Erskine-st.

CEDAR BOARDS and TURNERY, all sizes, in stock or to order at lowest rates. G. and S. Preddey, 14, Erskine-st.

HARDWOOD, Tallow Wood, all kinds and sizes, on hand, or cut to order. G. and S. Preddey, 14, Erskine-st.

Public Notices.

NOTICE is hereby given that it is the intention of "The Sydney City and Suburban Tramway and Omnibus Company" to petition the Legislative Assembly in its ensuing session for leave to introduce a private Bill to incorporate the said Company, and amongst other things to authorize the said Company to construct, lay down, work, and maintain tramways in and along the Routes following (that is to say):—

Route No. 1—From Hunter-street, along Elizabeth-street to Wellington-street
Route No. 2—Branch from route No. 1 at Liverpool-street, along Liverpool and Oxford streets, and Old South Head Road, to a terminus at Charing Cross, Waverley, and thence on to Bondi
Route No. 3—Branch from route No. 2, along Piper and Upper Ocean streets to Albert-street, near New South Head Road
Route No. 4—Branch from route No. 2, along Crown-street to Cleveland-street
Route No. 5—Branch from route No. 2, along Botany-street, Randwick Road, Allison and Avoca streets, to a terminus near the Asylum
Route No. 6—Branch from route No. 1, along Cleveland-street, to connect with route No. 5 on Randwick Road
Route No. 7—Branch from route No. 2, along Darlinghurst Road and Macleay-street, to Potts Point
Route No. 8—From Charlotte-place, via Wynyard-square, York, Druitt, George, and Parramatta streets, and Parramatta Road to Crystal-street, Petersham
Route No. 9—Branch from route No. 8, along King-street, to connect with route No. 1 at Elizabeth-street
Route No. 10—Branch from route No. 8, along Bathurst-street, to connect with route No. 1 at Elizabeth-street
Route No. 11—Branch from route No. 8, along Regent-street and Botany Road to the present toll-bar, and thence on to Botany
Route No. 12—Branch from route No. 8, from Parramatta-street along Newtown New Road and Newtown and Cook's River Roads to a terminus at Cook's River dam
Route No. 13—Branch from route No. 8, along Glebe Road to Leichhardt-street, Glebe Point
Route No. 14—Branch from route No. 13, along Pyrmont Bridge Road, to connect with route No. 8 at Parramatta Road
Route No. 15—Branch from route No. 8, along Devonshire-street, to connect with route No. 1 in Elizabeth-street
Route No. 16—Branch from route No. 8, along Harris-street, Ultimo, to John-street, Pyrmont.

And to purchase such lands as may be necessary for the construction of the said tramways, and any houses, stations, sidings, workshops, and other appurtenances connected therewith, so as to complete the said tramways and render them available for traffic, and for other purposes to be mentioned in the said Bill.

Dated this twenty-third day of October, 1879.

WILLIAM SHENSTONE,
Secretary to the abovenamed Company.

IN the matter of the CLARENCE PIONEER QUARTZ MINING PROSPECTING ASSOCIATION (Limited), and in the matter of the Companies Act, 37 Vic., No. 19.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Petition for the winding-up of the above-named Company by the Supreme Court in Equity was on the tenth day of October, One thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine, presented to his Honor the Primary Judge in Equity, by ROBERT PAGE, of Grafton, in the colony of New South Wales, a creditor of the said Company, and that the said Petition is directed to be heard before his Honor the Primary Judge in Equity, on FRIDAY, the 21st day of November, One thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine, and any creditor or contributory of the said Company desirous to oppose the making of an order for the winding-up of the said Company under the above Act should appear at the time of hearing by himself or his counsel for that purpose; and a copy of the Petition will be furnished to any creditor or contributory of the said Company requiring the same by the undersigned or his agents at Sydney on payment of the regulated charge for the same.

Dated this 10th of October, 1879.

FRANK NORRIE, Grafton,
Solicitor for the Petitioner.

By COONAN, RYAN, and DUNN, his Agents, Bell's Chambers, Pitt-street, Sydney.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF NEW SOUTH WALES.
IN INSOLVENCY.
NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Accounts, with plans of distribution, in the undermentioned Estates, showing dividends as specified, are now filed in the Office of Insolvency, King-street, Sydney, for inspection of all persons interested, and Notice is hereby given that such accounts and plans will be submitted to the Court for confirmation on THURSDAY, the 20th day of November, 1879, if not previously objected to:—

GEORGE HALL, of Orange, Newspaper Proprietor, No. 14484, a dividend of 15s 5d per £ on proved preferent debt.
JOSEPH WALFORD, late of Sofala (deceased), No. 14675, a dividend of 1 13-32d per £ on proved concurrent debts.
WILLIAM WHITEMAN, of Carcoar, Tinsmith, No. 14623, a dividend of 3s 6d per £ on proved concurrent debts, and payment in full of preferent debt.
JAMES WHITE, of Elsmore, near Inverell, No. 14775, a dividend of 3s 3 1-12d per £ on proved concurrent debts.
JOSEPH DWYER, of Sydney, Solicitor, No. 12705, a dividend of 8½d per £ on proved concurrent debts, and payment in full of proved preferent debts.
THOMAS WILLOCK, of Wellington, mail driver, No. 14762, a dividend of 5s 3½d per £ on proved concurrent debts.
THOMAS CLIFBURN, of Canowindra, Hotelkeeper and Storekeeper, No. 14773, a dividend of 2s 3d per £ on proved concurrent debts, and payment in full of proved preferent debt.
Also,
JAMES HARVEY, of Wellington, Builder, No. 14608, an account current only, showing balance at debit of estate.

ALFRED SANDEMAN,
Official Assignee,
Temple Court, Sydney.

Dated 31st October, 1879.

SYDNEY MECHANICS' SCHOOL OF ARTS.
LIBRARY NOTICE.

Members are hereby informed that the following By-law will be strictly adhered to, viz.:—

Library By-law 12.—"The library shall be closed annually for Stock-taking from the 15th to the 30th November inclusive, and all books must be returned to the library on or before the first mentioned date. Any member not duly returning all books he has in his possession belonging to the library shall be liable to a fine of two pence per day for each volume retained after the above mentioned date, and, if ordered by the Committee, such fine shall be added to the next ensuing subscription, and no books shall be issued to the defaulting member until such fine be paid."

By order of the Committee.
JOHN ROGERS, Secretary.

I BEG to return my sincere thanks for the great attention and kindness shown to me during a trying illness in the Lying-in Hospital of the Sydney Benevolent Asylum by the visiting physician, the resident midwife, and, in fact, by everybody whose duties brought them into contact with me.

(Signed) Mrs. ANN JOHNSTON.

297, Pitt-street.

CITY AND SUBURBAN BUILDING AND INVESTMENT SOCIETY, No. 2.

The Monthly Payment falling due This Day, 10th instant, being a PUBLIC HOLIDAY, will be received on TUESDAY, 11th instant, at the offices, 267, George-street, opposite Hunter-street.

Shares and all information can be obtained from
JOHN PURKIS, Secretary.

NOTICE.—Take notice that I will not hold myself responsible from this date for any claims, expenses, contracts, or liabilities incurred, without my written authority, in connection with the Quarry Leases situate at Limestone Flat, near Wallerawang, and known as Karoblanche and Murray's.

CHARLES BATE.

Sydney, November 6, 1879.

ON Prince of Wales Birthday my Sawmill and Cedar Yards will be CLOSED, as it is a public holiday.

W. STEWART,
Cedar Yards, Pitt-street.

No. 79-93.
Town Clerk's Office, Sydney,
8th November, 1879.

TEMPORARY CLOSING OF STREETS.—FRIENDLY and TRADES SOCIETIES PROCESSION.—NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned streets will be CLOSED on MONDAY, 10th instant, for vehicle traffic from 10 o'clock a.m., until the above procession has passed to the Garden Palace, viz.—Castlereagh-street South, Devonshire, George, bridge, and Macquarie streets.

By order of the Right Worshipful the Mayor,
CHAS. H. WOOLCOTT, Town Clerk.

Metropolitan Transit Commissioners' Office,
164, Philip-street, Sydney, November 7, 1879.

ALTERATION OF ROUTE OF OMNIBUSES PLYING TO AND FROM DARLINGHURST AND CIRCULAR QUAY.—The Metropolitan Transit Commissioners direct it to be notified that on and after SATURDAY, November 8, the Omnibuses plying to and from the abovenamed places will travel by way of Castlereagh-street to Liverpool-street, instead of Elizabeth-street.

W. J. MERRIMAN, Registrar.

SOCIETY FOR THE RELIEF OF DESTITUTE CHILDREN, RANDWICK.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

It having been alleged that punishments of undue severity have been inflicted upon some of the inmates of the Asylum for Destitute Children, Randwick, the Sub-committee, appointed by the Board of Directors on the 5th instant, to inquire into the allegations referred to, do hereby request the attendance of ALL PERSONS, who may consider themselves in a position to afford information on the subject, at the Asylum, Randwick, at 10 o'clock a.m., on WEDNESDAY next, the 12th November, 1879.

JOSEPH COULTER, Secretary.

Randwick Asylum, November 6, 1879.

MUTUAL LIFE ASSOCIATION OF AUSTRALASIA.

Principal Office—George and Wynyard streets.

MONDAY, the 10th instant, being a Public Holiday, this Office will be CLOSED.

By order of the Board.
J. C. REMINGTON, Secretary.

Sydney, 7th November, 1879.

NOTICE.—MONDAY, 10th instant, being a General Holiday, we beg to notify that our establishments will be CLOSED.

PEATE and HARCOURT.

GREAT AMERICAN CHAIR SALE; 20 per cent. discount. Royal Furnishing Arcade. W. B. CAMPBELL.

INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.

VISITORS TO THE PALACE GARDENS
should not fail to
VISIT
EMERSON'S REFRESHMENT PAVILION,
near the
Fountain and Luncheon Rooms,
under the Dome,
where every DELICACY
can be procured
AT TWO MINUTES' NOTICE.
Also,
the best Brands
of
WINES, SPIRITS, ALE AND PORTER, &c.

WOOL AND OTHER PRODUCE.—Liberal cash advances made by the undersigned on wool and other produce placed in their hands for sale in the colonies or for shipment to Messrs. Dalgety, Du Croz, and Co., their London firm. Advances made on stations and stock. Station stores supplied.

DALGETY, BLACKWOOD, and CO.

Offices: Exchange-buildings, Pitt-street (next Messrs. W. Laidley and Co.'s), Sydney.

WOOL. WOOL. WOOL.

SALES held twice a week during the season. Every attention bestowed on LARGE or SMALL parcels. Wools shipped to London on most advantageous terms. Advances made when required. Quick returns guaranteed. CHARGES the LOWEST in the colony, viz., commission 1 per cent. on small or large lots. Receiving, delivering, and weighing 1s 6d per bale on lots of 25 to 50 bales; on larger lots 1s PER BALE. NO HEAVY CHARGES to cover the cost of expensive buildings, and being the first to REDUCE CHARGES, I look with confidence for continued and increased support.

JOHN BRIDGE.

INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION, 1879.

The undersigned are AGENTS for the following firms now exhibiting at the GARDEN PALACE:—

William Edmonds and Co., Liverpool—Pig ale and stout
Bernard and Co., Leith—Encore whisky, Old Tom, limejuice cordial, ginger wine
Menier and Co., Paris and London—Chocolate, cocoa, &c.
Lynch and Co., London—Druggists' Sundrymen, &c.
King and Sons, London—Preserved potatoes
Bell and Black, London—Matches, tapers, &c.
Braby and Co., London—Galvanized iron, zinc ware, &c.
W. J. Bush and Co., London—Dry colours, essential oils, essences &c.
J. Richardson and Co.—Perfumes, soaps, &c.
Rigollot and Co., Paris and London—Pepsine wine, mustard leaves moss poultice, and lozenges
J. Harris and Co., London—Threads, cottons, &c.
J. Libby and Co., Stroud—Broadcloths, woollens, &c.
Seth Thomas and Co., New York—Clocks
Thurler and Co., New York—Canned fruits, fish, vegetables, &c.
New Jersey Rubber Co., New Brunswick—Boots and shoes
E. Morgan and Sons, New York—Sapolio
Haggett, Brothers, Brampton, America—Reaping machines
Hartshorne, New York—Spring blinds and shades
Renish Dynamite Co., Prussia—Dynamite, fuze, caps, &c.
Chassang and Co., Paris—Patent medicines.

DAVID COHEN and CO.,
Sydney and Maitland.

NO. 4 STARR-BOWKETT BUILDING SOCIETY

A BALLOT for the ADVANCE of £200 will take place on TUESDAY, 11th instant, at 9 p.m.

All new Shares that may be applied for will be eligible for this Ballot.

THOS. MILLER, Secretary.

Office, 284, Pitt-street.

Public Companies.

THE SAVINGS BANK
OF
NEW SOUTH WALES
(Head Office—Barrack-street. Southern Branch—806, George-street South),
IS NOW OPEN
for
RECEIPTS and PAYMENTS
on

MONDAY	from	10	to	3 o'clock
TUESDAY	„	10	to	3 „
WEDNESDAY	„	10	to	3 „
THURSDAY	„	10	to	3 „
FRIDAY	„	10	to	3 „
SATURDAY	„	10	to	12 „

and to RECEIVE DEPOSITS ONLY on
SATURDAY EVENINGS ... from 7 to 9 o'clock.

The Bank will be CLOSED during the FIRST WEEK (instead of the first fortnight as heretofore) in JANUARY of each year.

W. H. CUFF,
Managing Trustee.

AUSTRALIAN MUTUAL FIRE SOCIETY

Established 1872.

Capital—£100,000, with power to increase to £1,000,000.
BONUSES—20 per cent. paid annually for the last six years.

DIRECTORS.
Hon. John Sutherland, M.P., Chairman.
Manuel F. Josephson, Esq. William Day, Esq.
John Wetherill, Esq. William Hezlet, Esq.

FIRST FIRE SOCIETY ESTABLISHED IN THE COLONY ON THE MUTUAL PRINCIPLE, GIVING POLICY HOLDERS BACK PART OF THEIR PREMIUMS AS A CASH BONUS OUT OF PROFITS EVERY YEAR.

Policy holders are perfectly free by law from all liability.
Fifteen days' grace allowed for payment of renewal premiums.
DAMAGE BY LIGHTNING AND EXPLOSIONS BY GAS PAID.
Prompt and liberal settlement for fires.
Fire insurance at LOWEST RATES.

WALTER CHURCH, Manager.

Head Offices—184, Pitt-street (next door but one north EVENING NEWS).

Businesses for Sale.

FOR SALE, Lease, License, Stock-in-Trade, &c., of Theatre Royal CAFE, Bourke-street, Melbourne. None but principals dealt with. Apply Mrs. PITT, Bourke-street, Melbourne.

GREAT AMERICAN CHAIR SALE; 20 per cent. discount. Royal Furnishing Arcade. W. B. CAMPBELL.

SNUG SUBURBAN HOTEL for SALE, a bargain. W. DOUGLASS, 166, Pitt-street.

FOR SALE, 2 marble lime quarry LEASES, with 3 Kilns, Plant, &c. BATE, 147, Pitt-street.

Produce Provisions &c.

JAMES KIDMAN, desires, most respectfully, to notify to the public of this grand City and its environs, that having made arrangements with the Yengarie Sugar Refining Company, Queensland, for a tremendous quantity of their justly celebrated beautiful WHITE SUGAR, is now in a position to retail it at ONE HALFPENNY per lb. (or £4 13s. 4d. per ton), less than ever it has been sold at in the colony, viz.:

THREE
PENCE
HALFPENNY per lb.

MARMALADE—Moir and Son's, 3 tins for 1s. 9d.

DAIRYMAID MILK—Red Label Brand,
4 tins for 2s. 6d.

LOAF SUGAR, the best quality, 4½d. per lb.

HERRINGS, 4 tins Morton's brand, for 2s.

SALMON, 4 tins, 2 medal brand, for 2s.

OATMEAL, Bancroft and Co's Victorian 1s. 6d. per 7 lb. bag.

Butter—The very best brands in Sydney.
Just received, 3lbs. for 1s. 6d.

Raisins—Prime New Elemes—3lbs. for 1s. 4d.

Currants—Fine New Patras Currants—3lbs. for 1s.

JO—HN—SO—N—BR—OS.'—TAS—MAN—IAN—JA—MS,
SI—XP—EN—CE—PER—TIN.
RA—SP—BE—RR—Y—BL—AC—K—CU—RR—AN—T
CH—ER—RY,
IN—FA—CT—AN—Y—KI—ND—AR—E—ON—LY
SI—XP—EN—CE.

KIDMAN'S MYSTERY CONSISTS OF 37 ARTICLES, ALL FOR ONE GUINEA.

GOODS DELIVERED TO THE SUBURBS AS FOLLOWS.
List of Places and Days of Delivery:

DAILY.	Ultimo Waterloo.	TUESDAYS. North Shore.
Town Alexandria Camperdown Chippendale Darlinghurst Enmore Forest Lodge Glebe Kingston Marrickville M'Donald Town Newtown Redfern Surry Hills Stanmore St. Peters	THURSDAYS. Ashfield Burwood Five Dock Petersham. WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS. Pyrmont. WEDNESDAYS. Balmain.	FRIDAYS. Randwick and Coogee. THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS. Bondi Darling Point Double Bay Potts Point Paddington Rushcutter Bay Rose Bay Woollahra Waverley.

GOODS FORWARDED at any moment to the Rail, Ferry Steamers, Sailing Vessels, Coasting Steamers, any of the Wharfs, &c., &c.

JAMES KIDMAN'S
Establishments

The C. K. House, 158, Oxford-street,	The Great Northern, 178, Lower George-street.
The Haymarket Branch, Campbell and Castlereagh streets.	The Model Grocery Emporium, George and Market streets.

KIDMAN'S MYSTERY!

SUGAR! SUGAR!

THE COLOUR OF

THAT BEAUTIFUL SNOW

IS ONLY

THREEPENCE HALFPENNY PER LB.

AT

JAMES KIDMAN'S ESTABLISHMENTS

FRESH BUTTER.—Frozen Fresh Spring BUTTER, in quantities to suit the trade and families always in stock. Fresh Food and Ice Company (Limited), 19, Harbour-street.

ADELAIDE FLOUR.—Best Brands on SALE, by GEO. A. LLOYD and CO., 362, George-street.

J. PEMELL'S Office and Store, op., Railway GATE Flour Mill, Sussex-street, near Haymarket.—Silk-dressed, Superfine, Fine, and Seconds FLOUR; Wheat Meal, Maize Meal, Bran, Pollard, Prepared Cattle Food, Whole and Crackel Corn, Barley, Oats, Peas, Straw, Oaten and Lucerne Hay and Chaff, Potatoes. Guaranteed best qualities; lowest prices.

FLOUR.—Superfine, fine, household, and seconds, manufactured at our Bathurst, Ashfield, and SYDNEY MILLS; also, various country and Adelaide brands. Bran, pollard, corn meal, corn flour, barley, oats, maize (whole and cracked), on SALE by M. BOYLSON and SONS, the Sydney Flour Mills, Grafton Wharf.

ADELAIDE TOWN BRANDS superfine FLOUR, sacks, halves, and quarters; Hart's, Magarey's, Duffield's, and Dunn's
ADELAIDE COUNTRY BRANDS superfine Flour, various
ADELAIDE WHEAT
ADELAIDE JAMS and JELLIES
SWISS MILLING SILK, various numbers, very finest quality
FRENCH BURR MILLSTONES, 3½ and 4 feet
CORN SACKS, Calcutta and Dundee.
BEILBY and CO.

W. H. ARIELL, 119 and 121, Sussex-street, Commercial Agent, has for SALE S. and A.'s Prize Biscuits, Cakes, Treacle, and Golden Syrup; G. Bencraft's Superior Oatmeal and Dressed Rice; Victorian Confectionery, Mottled and Yellow Soap, Apollo and Mould Candles, Hunt and Co.'s Prize Baking Powders and Goulburn Jams, Cheshire and N. Wilts Cheese, York Hams, Bacon, Currants, Elemes, Muscatels, Dates, Candied Peel, Soda Crystals, Gelatine and Isinglass, Gelatine Lozenges, Caraway and Canary Seed, Maizena, Arrowroot, S. Peas, P. Barley, Sago, Tapioca, B. Nuts, S. S. Almonds, Fencing Wire, Paper and Paper Bags, and Oilmen's Stores.

THE VISITORS TO THE EXHIBITION can see two well-known Colonial Patriots in the New South Wales Court. They will be in daily attendance until further notice, close to that SMALL BOTTLE of Washington H. Soul's Australian Relish. Hundreds of thousands of people will be pleased to recognise them in New South Wales' inimitable Exhibition.

KENDALL and SONS, Argyle Biscuit Factory and Flour Mills, George-street North,
have for SALE:—CABIN and NAVY BISCUITS
SUPERIOR FANCY DITTO
Dog Bread, first and second quality
Superfine Bakers' Flour
Household ditto
Bran, Pollard, &c.

Drapery, Haberdashery, &c.

RILEY, BROTHERS, 608, BRICKFIELD-HILL.
RILEY, BROTHERS, Oxford-street.
RILEY, BROTHERS, Pitt-street.
RILEY, BROTHERS, 404, George-street.

COUNTRY VISITORS
Country Visitors
Country Visitors
Country Visitors
Country Visitors
Country Visitors
Country Visitors

DON'T FORGET	PLEASE REMEMBER
Don't Forget	Please Remember
Don't Forget	Please Remember
Don't Forget	Please Remember
Don't Forget	Please Remember
Don't Forget	Please Remember
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Don't Forget	Please Remember
Don't Forget	Please Remember

RILEY, BROTHERS' £5 BALES

ARE

CARRIAGE PAID BY MAIL

or the allowance made to you if you take the parcel yourself.

RILEY, BROTHERS'	£5 BALES
Riley, Brothers'	£5 Bales
Riley, Brothers'	£5 Bales
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Riley, Brothers'	£5 Bales
Riley, Brothers'	£5 Bales
Riley, Brothers'	£5 Bales.

THIS IS TO REMIND YOU
TO VISIT HORDERN'S ON TUESDAY.

HORDERN, SILK MERCER, 259, PITT-STREET.

CLOSED TO-DAY. OPEN TO-MORROW, at 8.

First-class Silks at Reasonable Prices.

Dressmaking (skilful) on the Premises.

BEAUTIFUL CHINA SILKS.
White Silks, from Hongkong.
40 yards in the piece (Yang-tsze brand).
The Pearl Silk (so fashionable now).
Black Silks for presents.

ALL THE NOVELTIES IN LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S (Hordern, 259, Pitt-street) ATTIRE. (Hordern 259, Pitt-street.)

BOYS' SUITS,
6s 11d, 6s 11d, 6s 11d, 6s 11d.

VISIT HORDERN'S CELEBRATED SHOP IN PITT-STREET, FOR CARPETS
Visit Hordern's Celebrated Shop in Pitt-street, for Carpets
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GARDEN PALACE, GARDEN PALACE

PEAPES AND SHAW, PEAPES AND SHAW,
Beg to inform Gentlemen visiting
THE GREAT INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION,
That their Stock is now replete with all the Novelties suitable for Gentlemen's wear for the season. We have just opened
FIFTY-FIVE CASES, AS FOLLOWS.
GENTLEMEN'S SCARF TIES, AND BOWS
SUMMER MERINO, GAUZE MERINO, AND ANGLO INDIAN UNDER SHIRTS AND PANTS
A VERY BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENT OF GENT.'S HALF HOSE IN ALL THE NEW PLAIN FASHIONABLE COLOURINGS AND FANCY STRIPES IN SILK, LISLE THREAD, BALBRIGGAN FINE COTTON, AND MERINO
We especially invite your attention to our SUPERIOR WHITE SHIRTS, SHIRTS, SHIRTS, SHIRTS, SHIRTS, SHIRTS, MILITARY FRONTS, OXFORD SHIRTS, AND REGATTAS AT FORTY SHILLINGS THE HALF DOZEN.
FORTY SHILLINGS THE HALF DOZEN.
FORTY SHILLINGS THE HALF DOZEN.
PEAPES AND SHAW, PEAPES AND SHAW,
Have the largest, choicest, and cheapest
Stock of Men's Mercery in Sydney.
GENTLEMEN'S WHITE VESTS, AND
GENTLEMEN'S COLOURED WASHING VESTS.
Prices, 6s 6d, 7s. 6d., 8s. 6d., 9s. 6d., 10s 6d.
WHITE LINEN COATS, SILK COATS, DUST COATS.
ALL THE ABOVE ARE CUT AND MADE TO OUR SPECIAL MEASUREMENTS, AND ARE SUPERIOR TO ANY OTHER GOODS IMPORTED INTO THIS MARKET OF THIS CLASS.
CHRISTY'S HATS, CHRISTY'S HATS.
JUST OPENED DRAB SHELL AND SILK HATS.
LATEST LONDON STYLES.
NEW HELMETS IN CORK, FELT, AND PITH.
NEWEST FASHIONS IN HARD AND SOFT FELT HATS.
Pyjamas, Travelling Rugs, Travelling Bags, Dressing Cases, Picnic Baskets, Rug Straps, Perfumery, Brushware, and every requisite for a Gentleman's Toilet.
PORTMANTEAUS ALL SIZES, FOR OVERLAND ROUTES, TRAVELLING TRUNKS, ALL SIZES.

PEAPES AND SHAW, PEAPES AND SHAW, PEAPES AND SHAW,
George-street, George-street, George-street.

THE LADIES' WAREHOUSE.

PEAPES and SHAW'S ONE-BUTTON GLOVES, 1s 9d per pair
PEAPES and SHAW'S TWO-BUTTON GLOVES, 2s 6d per pair
PEAPES and SHAW'S REAL LACE GOODS, endless variety
PEAPES and SHAW'S POMPADOUR PRINTS and CRETONE.—The most beautiful and varied assortment in Sydney
PEAPES and SHAW'S FANCY DRESS MATERIALS, noted for variety, excellence, and good taste
PEAPES and SHAW'S BLACK and COLOURED SILKS cannot be beaten for either price, style, or durability
PEAPES and SHAW'S ELEGANT COSTUMES.—A most beautiful assortment in every new fabric
PEAPES and SHAW'S MILLINERY BONNETS and HATS.—The perfection of good taste, combined with economical prices.
PEAPES and SHAW are constantly in receipt of the LATEST NOVELTIES FROM LONDON and PARIS per MAIL and FAST OCEAN STEAMERS.

PEAPES and SHAW, PEAPES and SHAW,
George-street. George-street.

LADIES' GLOVE-FITTING BOOTS and SHOES.—A BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENT now open, for WALKING and EVENING WEAR, at LLOYD'S FRENCH GLOVE and BOOT DEPOT, 10, Hunter-street.

BLACK SILKS.
UNUSUAL VALUE.

DAVID JONES and COMPANY invite the attention of their Lady Patrons to a SPLENDID PARCEL, just received of

C. J. BONNET et Cie's SUPERB BLACK SILKS.

each piece bearing their Stamp.

These celebrated Silks have been imported and sold by

DAVID JONES and CO.

for the last twenty years, and they can now offer a
VERY SUPERIOR QUALITY, at £5 18s 6d per 16 yards
RICH CORD, at £6 18s 6d per 16 yards
RICH CORD AND SUPERB COLOUR, at £7 12s per 16 yards.
Cash discount—5 PER CENT.

DAVID JONES and COMPANY,
Importers of BONNET'S, MILLION'S, JAMBERT'S, PONSON'S, and other eminent makers of French Silks.

WE PARTICULARLY request attention to this fact—
We have no CONNECTION with any other place of business.

BLACK SILKS.

SILK and SATIN DEPARTMENT.
Our SILKS are
unequalled in
in value.
Jambert's No. 3 Quality, 2s 11½d, rich cord
Bright Glacé Silk, 1s 9d
Rich Cashmere, 3s 6d to 12s 6d

Black Satin for Dresses, 2s 9d to 6s 6d
15,000 yards
Rich Gros Grain, superb colours
New, 2s 11½d, shades
very wide.
All the new colours and shades.

EXTRA LINES.
C. J. Bonnet et Cie Silks
Superb Black Silk
quality, rich wove
Makers' name on every piece.

ANTHONY HORDERN AND SONS,
Haymarket.

PRINTS
PRINTS
PRINTS
PRINTS.

If you are buying, go where you have
36,000 yards to select from
36,000 yards of Prints
36,000 yards Novelties in Prints
36,000 yards New Flowerings
36,000 yards New Prints.

When Ladies are buying, they are requested to notice our Stock of

36,000 yards of Print.

ANTHONY HORDERN and SONS,
Haymarket.

OPENED THIS DAY,
100 COSTUMES, all new
100 COSTUMES, all new
Children's Dresses
Dress Material, all new.
At ANTHONY HORDERN and SONS',
Haymarket.

JUST THE THING I WANT.—A good sound Leather PORTMANTEAU, which you can purchase from Hobson and Whiting at half British cost. A large Portmanteau, to hold 3 suits clothes, 15s 6d; a Lady's Dress Trunk, 15s 6d; bags, 3s 6d; a solid Devon Leather Trunk, 18s 6d, a bucket, oval, and square-shaped Hat Case from 7s 6d; Basket Trunks, the greatest novelty out; fitted Bags for presents. Purchasers are invited to inspect our stocks, which are the best quality, and for price defy all competition.

HOBSON and WHITING, 13, Hunter-street.

BALL MASQUE.—EXHIBITION BUILDING.—FANCY DRESSES may be obtained THIS DAY.
Apply to the TREASURER,
Theatre Royal.

OILSKIN CLOTHING, superior make, at manufacturer's prices. Goldstein's Oilskin Factory, 211, L. George-st.

ROSETTES, for NATIONAL DEMONSTRATION, only 1s each. HENRY FRENCH, 37, Oxford-street.

GREAT AMERICAN CHAIR SALE; 20 per cent. discount. Royal Furnishing Arcade. W. B. CAMPBELL.

Medical, Chemicals, &c.

ACCOUCHMENT Belts, Waterproof Sheeting, Nursing Stays, Nursing Aprons, Babylinen. E. Way, 261 to 267, Pitt-st.

KEATING'S INSECT POWDER.—Bugs, Fleas, Moths, Beetles, and all other insects are destroyed by Keating's Insect Destroying Powder, which is quite harmless to domestic animals. In exterminating beetles the success of this powder is extraordinary, and no one need be troubled by those pests. It is perfectly clean in application. Ask for, and take no other than "Keating's Powder," as imitations are noxious, and fail in giving satisfaction. Sold by all Chemists, in tins, 1s and 2s 6d each.

ROW'S EMBROCATION, or FARMER'S FRIEND, is famous for curing sprains, rheumatism, &c. Bottles, 3s 6d.

JOSEPHSON'S AUSTRALIAN OINTMENT is of a pale green colour; cures all sores. Pots, 1s and 1s 6d.

J. S. ABRAHAM'S PILLS—DANDELION—have now a name as lasting as time, and are justly termed the

"GREAT LIVER REMEDY"

of the nineteenth century. One trial will convince the most sceptical of the truth of this assertion; and the extensive sale they command all over the world stamp them the "Desideratum" for our dyspeptic age. Free from all noxious drugs, viz., Podophyllin, Calomel, Blue Pill, or Mercury!!

It is the only aperient that does not weaken; requiring no change of diet, or abstention from the bath, but quickly assists nature to restore all the vital functions to their healthy state, thus proving them to be the best medicine ever introduced for tropical climates.

Sold by all Chemists, Patent Medicine Vendors, &c.

N.B.—Be careful of those who try to palm off dangerous imitations.

Prepared only at the Laboratory by J. S. ABRAHAM, 446, George-street, Sydney.

JUDSON'S DYES
SIXPENCE PER BOTTLE.

MAGENTA	CERISE	CRIMSON
MAUVE	SCARLET	BROWN
VIOLET	ORANGE	BLACK
PUCE	BLUE	LAVENDER
PURPLE	PINK	SLATE
CANARY	GREEN	GRAY
MARONE	CLARET	PONCEAU
BUFF	RUBY	LILAC.

Sold by chemists and stationers.

TESTIMONIAL.

"Sir,—Your 'Simple Dyes for the People' only require a trial to be duly appreciated. I have used them for some length of time, and recommended them to many friends, who, with myself, find in them an item of the highest economy. Having been successful with the smaller articles, I tried the larger, and now dye all at home—viz., curtains, tablecovers, dresses, &c.—with the most satisfactory results.

"March 16, 1875. "W. B. A."

WALL PAPERS, in bales and open stock, from 3¾d; high-class Gold and Satin Papers, cheap; CHAMPION'S Lead, Oils, Paints, Sheet Glass, Turps, Liquid Gold, at reduced prices. H. H. GROTH, 344, George-street.

WATT'S CARAGHEEN, for Coughs and Colds; acts like a charm.

WATT'S SOOTHING POWDERS for children cutting their teeth. Use no other.

KIRBY and CO.'S Compound PHOSPHOROUS PILLS restore Nerve Power, cure Neuralgia, Dyspepsia, Melancholia, Epilepsy, and Nervous Exhaustion, induced by overwork, worry, and other depressing influences. May be obtained in original bottles, 3s 3s, and 10s each, of Messrs. Elliott, Brothers, Sydney; H. and T. Kirby and Co., London.

CHURCHILL'S SIRUPS OF LIME, IRON, AND SODA.—Recommended by the faculty for consumption and all diseases of debility. Free from any unpleasant taste or smell.
ELLIOTT, BROTHERS, Wholesale Agents,
Pitt-street.

TAMAR INDIEN for Constipation, Headache, Bile, Indigestion, &c.—SPECIAL CAUTION.—The public are recommended to see that they get the real Lozenges prescribed by the faculty, as CHEAP AND SPURIOUS IMITATIONS are now being extensively advertised. The genuine boxes bear the registered title "Tamar Indien." Price 2s 6d per box (by post 2d extra).—E. GRILLON, Wool Exchange, London, and of all chemists.

INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.

The great Demonstration visiting the Garden Palace this day any of whom may be suffering from Cough or any Throat Disease or Asthma come to GRIFFITHS'S New Zealand Steam Confectionery Works, Machinery Department, and see GRANT and SONS' COUGH LOZENGES manufactured, and partake of a few. They will stop the cough, moisten the throat, and cause free breathing. After to-morrow, sold at 6d and 1s a box. Agents wanted.

Thousands of testimonials from the people of Victoria, and miners on the gold-fields.

LONG'S Compound Consolidated Castor Oil, or Palma Christi PILL.—A pure vegetable pill, prepared with consolidated castor oil, choice drugs, and aromatics, especially selected for their valuable purgative, hepatic, and renal properties. They are highly recommended for liver complains, bilious headaches, stoppage of the gall ducts by gall stones, renal complaints, and piles.

The Palma Christi Oil is one of the oldest known medicines in the world, and still holds its position amongst the front rank as a non-irritant purgative. It has never been introduced to the public in its present consolidated form, all such pills having been proved, on analysis, to contain no oil, but generally a compound of those dangerous drugs (in unskilled hands), croton oil and calomel. The greatest liver purge extant.

LONG'S FRUIT LINCTUS.—A few doses loosens the phlegm, allays tickling in the throat, producing easy expectoration. In bottles, 1s and 2s 6d each. 1s 6d saved by taking the large size. Sold by all chemists and patent medicine vendors.

ELLIOTT, BROTHERS, Wholesale Agents.

PURCHASE'S TONIC SYRUP OF WORMWOOD; only remedy for worms in children. Circular-quay Pharmacy.

INFALLIBLE Remedy for Seasickness. Dr. Liebrich's Specific; certain cure. Purchase, chemist, Circular-quay.

WHAT is Digitine? Why, the cricketer's, athletic, and ladies' Friend, perfumed, sold by chemists, 1s 6d bottle.

WHAT IS DIGITINE?—Why, a perfumed Embrocation used in all Gymnasiums. Sydney Agent, COHEN HARRIS, George-street.

Horses and Vehicles.

GIBSON'S HORSE BAZAAR, 282, Pitt-street, opposite School of Arts. Horses and Buggies for Sale or Hire.

AMERICAN HARNESS, best quality single and pair horse buggy, carriage, and express harness. JOHN BRUSH, Importer, and Manufacturer, 407, George-street, opposite Royal Hotel.

BUGGIES, BUGGIES, WAGGONS, CARTS, &c.

The largest, cheapest, and best assortment in the colony. Buggies, £26; Waggons, £26; Spring-carts, £13, at
JOHN ROBERTSON'S
STEAM COACH and BUGGY MANUFACTORY,
Pitt-street, near Haymarket.
N.B.—Country visitors are invited to inspect the works.

FOR SALE, the choice of two draught HORSES, trial given. Apply W. MOYES, Unwin's Bridge Road, Cook's River.

ABBOTT STYLE TRAY BUGGIES. ABBOTT STYLE TRAY BUGGIES.
From Hooker and Co., New Haven, U.S.
Without exception the finest lot of Buggies ever imported into the colony, comprising
Single and Double Seats, with and without tops, and very cheap Farm Waggons.
Inspection invited.
KEAREY, BROTHERS, Importers,
290, Pitt-street.

ASSORTMENT OF THE CELEBRATED BARRON, MOXHAM, and CO.'S BUGGIES and CARRIAGES
constantly in stock; also large assortment of best American HARNESS, at the warehouse.
York-street, Wynyard-square.

AMERICAN EXPRESS WAGGONS, with both pole and shafts. BARRON, MOXHAM, and CO.

DRAY HORSE.—Wanted, a stanch, sound, upstanding HORSE, 6 or 7 years old. Apply Mr. Gibson, 282, Pitt-st.

STANCH Van HORSE or MARE wanted, young, sound, and quiet. Gibson, 282, Pitt-street.

SEVERAL New and Second-hand BUGGIES and HARNESS cheap. GIBSON'S, 282, Pitt-street.

IMPORTED Suffolk STALLION SALE or Hire £80. On view at GIBSON'S Bazaar, 282, Pitt-street.

PAIR Bay Carriage HORSES, for £40, 16 hands high, quiet and sound. GIBSON'S Bazaar, Pitt-street.

CARRIAGES of the latest improved designs. See exhibits, Garden Palace. W. VIAL and SON.

Auction Sales.

Horses, Vehicles, and Harness.

GEORGE KISS will sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, all lots not specially advertised; and at 12 o'clock, all lots specially advertised.

Regular sales at the Bazaar daily, and at Camperdown any afternoon.

SALE OF BOOTHS.

GEORGE KISS has received instructions to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, on TUESDAY, the 11th instant, at 12 o'clock,

The right to the refreshment stalls inside the Exhibition Building, Prince Alfred Park, for 13, 14th, and 15th instant.

See advertisement in HERALD.

Saddle and Harness Horse.

GEORGE KISS has received instructions from Rev. J. J. Garvey to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, on TUESDAY, the 11th instant, at 12 o'clock,

A handsome chestnut gelding, broken to single and double harness; a first-class hack, and quiet to carry a lady.
A buggy and set of harness.

The above to sold in consequence of the owner removing to the country.

Eight Horses, from Cootamundra.

GEORGE KISS has received instructions from Mr. M. J. Mullany, to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, on WEDNESDAY next, at 12 o'clock,

Four chestnut geldings, broken to harness, and well matched
Four horses, broken to saddle and harness, fresh and in good condition.

FOR SALE ON THURSDAY, November 13,

PURE IMPORTED CLYDESDALE ENTIRE HORSE.

GEORGE KISS has received instructions from the importer to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, on THURSDAY, November 13, at 11 o'clock,

The pure-bred Clydesdale horse,
JACK'S THE LAIRD,
A dark brown horse, rising 7 years old, by the noted Prince of Wales (now serving at 50 guineas a mare) out of Darling (the best mare of her day, and winner of many prizes, including the Highland Society's), by the General, winner of first prize at Highland Society's Show at Inverness.

Mr. J. Parkes, steward to Stewart Hodgson, Esq., Lythe Hill Farm, Haslemere, from whom Jack's the Laird was purchased, writes as follows as regards his progeny:—"Jack's the Laird is one of the best sires in the United Kingdom. I have a two-year-old filly by him which has now taken three first and two second prizes at the principal shows, also a gelding which took two first and two second prizes. I also showed three yearlings at Loxwood this year which were placed 1st, 2nd, and 3rd respectively. His number in the Clydesdale Stud Book is 402."

*** Jack's the Laird is now on view at the Bazaar.

For Positive Sale, a Cab, nearly new.

T. COSGROVE and CO. have received instructions to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, on TUESDAY next, at 12 o'clock.

The above.

Grand Steeplechase Horse Harkaway.

T. COSGROVE and CO. have received instructions from J. F. Halley, Esq., of Milton, Ulladulla, to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, on WEDNESDAY next, at 12 o'clock,

HARKAWAY, a chestnut gelding, splendid gentleman's hackney, and one of the best fencers in the colony.
Pedigree at sale.

HORSES. HORSES. HORSES.

30 FIRST-CLASS HUNTER RIVER HORSES.

WILLIAM INGLIS has received instructions from Messrs. Johnstone and Dixon, to sell by auction, at the Camperdown Yards, on WEDNESDAY, November 12, at 2 o'clock,

30 very superior horses, selected from some of the best studs in the Hunter district, they comprise grand heavy draught colts and fillies, by MATCHLESS (imported), and BISMARCK (imported), and some handsome stylish large upstanding carriage horses, suitable for omnibuses, &c. The whole are in excellent condition, and described by Messrs. J. and D., as equal to any ever brought to the market by them. There is also one first-class heavy draught stallion by BISMARCK (imported.)

BRUNKER and WOLFE have received instructions to sell by auction, at Homebush, on TUESDAY, 11th November, at 11 o'clock,

On account of Thomas Ferry, Esq.,
224 head of prime fat cattle.
Also,
740 prime fat wethers, from Liverpool Plains.
Terms, cash.

TRADE NOTICE.

MAIDEN, HILL, and CLARK are instructed to sell by auction, at the Association Yards, Homebush, on TUESDAY next, the 11th instant,

184 prime fat cattle, for Messrs. S. and W. G. Taylor, Polly Brewan
100 ditto ditto ditto, for H. P. Blake, Esq., Coonimbla, trucked from Orange
540 prime fat wethers, from Mooki Springs, by rail and steamer.

Fat Cattle and Sheep.

HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN have received instructions to sell by auction, at Homebush, on TUESDAY, 11th November, at 11 o'clock,

on account of Henry Bell, Esq.,
100 prime fat cattle, from his Combogolong station, and represented very prime.

On account of their Southern Agents,
500 prime fat wethers.

WEEKLY WOOL SALE.

HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN will sell by auction, at the saleroom of their New Wool Stores, Macquarie-place, on TUESDAY, November 11, at 2 o'clock sharp,
Sheepskins.
And at half-past 2 o'clock,
Bales of wool.
Terms, cash.

Trade Announcement.

PITT, SON, and BADGERY have received instructions to sell by auction, at Homebush, on TUESDAY, November 11, at 11 o'clock,

160 prime fat cattle, on account of Sir John Hay, from his famous Merryanbone Station
120 ditto ditto ditto, on account of J. M'Elhone, Esq., M.L.A.
120 ditto ditto ditto, on account of J. Brown, Esq.

SULLIVAN and SIMPSON have received instructions from H. R. C. Bird, Esq., to sell by auction, at the Association Yards, Homebush, on TUESDAY next, the 11th instant, at 1 o'clock,

200 head of prime fat bullocks, in lots, from his celebrated Wonbobbie station.

MUSCLEBROOK. MUSCLEBROOK.

850 FIRST-CLASS STORE BULLOCKS.

SPARKE and CLIFT will offer, at Musclebrook, on account of the owners, WEDNESDAY, November 12, 1879, at 2 o'clock,

850 head superior store bullocks, 3 to 5 years, and fit for immediate fattening.
Will be sold in lots.
Terms, cash.

Butchers. Butchers. Butchers.

W. FULLAGAR and SON have received instructions from John Crowley, Esq., to sell by auction, at Homebush, on TUESDAY, November 11, at 11 o'clock,

100 prime bullocks.
Terms, cash.

WILLIAM INGLIS will sell by auction, THIS DAY, at the Railway, at 9 o'clock,
Hay and straw, by the truck.
At 11 o'clock,
Maize, oats, potatoes, pumpkins, &c., &c.

R. RICHARDS, THIS DAY, at 10 sharp, at Darling Harbour, 40 carcases prime beef.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.

TWO IMPORTANT SALES BY AUCTION
of the
MAGNIFICENT SPECIMENS OF JAPANESE ART,
NOW ON VIEW,
at the JAPANESE COURT, corner of Wynyard-street and Wynyard-lane, nearly opposite the Bank of New South Wales.
Comprising—
MAGNIFICENT BRONZES, DWARF TREES (a marvel even in Japan), and a SPLENDID Collection of VALUABLE ENAMELLED WARE and PORCELAINS, CHOICE BRONZES, Bronze Braziers, Incense Burners, Punch Kettles, BASKETWARE, Lacquered Ware, FOLDING SCREENS, Walking-Sticks, Garden Pumps, Fishing Rods, &c., &c.,
on
THURSDAY and FRIDAY, 13th and 14th November,
at half-past 10 a.m., for 11 a.m. prompt.

TO THE LADIES, GENTRY, LOVERS OF HIGH ART, PROPRIETORS OF FANCY REPOSITORIES, and the GENERAL PUBLIC.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB have been favoured with instructions from Mr. Singleton to hold two EXTENSIVE sales of Japanese works of Art, at the JAPANESE COURT, Wynyard-street, nearly opposite Bank of New South Wales, on THURSDAY and FRIDAY, 13th and 14th instant, at 11 a.m. each day,

☞ INSPECTION INVITED daily from 9 a.m.
☞ Descriptive book catalogues to be had at the Rooms.
N.B.—NO CHARGE FOR ADMISSION.

Auction Sales.

MONDAY being a HOLIDAY, our regular Weekly Sale of Furniture, &c., will be held at the Bazaar, Pitt-street, on TUESDAY, November 11, at 11 o'clock.
ALEXANDER MOORE and CO.

On account and by order of the Trustees.

EARTHENWARE, CHINA
PAINTED and GILT STONE WARE
PLATED WARE, HOLLOWARE.
SCARBOROUGH TRUNKS

TO-MORROW, TUESDAY, 11th instant, at 11.

CHAS. MOORE and CO. will sell by auction, at their Rooms, 167, Pitt-street, TO-MORROW, TUESDAY, at 11.
D and S in diamond.

50 crates earthenware, in pheasant, albion, mosaic, and assorted patterns, consisting of
Plates, 5, 6, 7, and 10 inch; cover dishes, 8, 9, and 10 inch, round and square; flat dishes, 6 to 12 inch; baking dishes, 7 to 12 inches; pudding bowls, 6 to 30; printed bowls, 18 to 30; breakfasts and saucers, assorted, printed; toilet sets, assorted, printed; ewers and basins, assorted, printed; C. C. chambers and bowls; jugs in sets, turquoise, sage, and empress; tankard jugs, assorted, in sets; metal mounted teapots and jugs, majolica, fern, empress, and mosaic.
40 hogsheads assorted, painted, and gilt stoneware and china, including toilet sets, sets of jugs, dinner sets, breakfast sets, tea sets; plates, 6 to 10 inch; covered dishes, pie dishes, soup tureens, pickles, sauce boats, candlesticks, &c.
1 case electroplated tea and coffee services, covered
1 case best ditto, manufactured by Wolstenholme
1 hogshead best plated vegetable dishes, meat dishes with well, plate covers, &c.
3 cases best Scarborough trunks, patent locks, 16 to 30 inch.

Terms at sale.

On THURSDAY and FRIDAY next, 13th and 14th instant.

Hollands, Linens, Linen Sheetings, Horrockses' Longcloths, Grey Sheetings, Cotton and Linen Ticks, Shirts; Boys', Youths', and Men's Clothing, Light Wove Tweeds, &c.
Brussels and Tapestry Carpets, Rugs, Mats
Coir Matting and Woolbordered Mats.

CHAS. MOORE and CO. will sell by auction, at their Rooms, 167, Pitt-street, on THURSDAY and FRIDAY next, at 11.
Invoices of new goods, as above, just received, ex Cynosure and Maulesden.
Particulars on Wednesday.

BUILDING MATERIALS.—To PARTIES BUILDING.

ANDREW ALLAN will sell by auction, on the premises, Wentworth-place, Elizabeth-street, on TUESDAY, at half-past 2 o'clock,
A great quantity of building materials, bricks, stones, doors, window sashes, and joists, flooring boards, &c., in lots.
Terms, cash. No reserve.
☞ Office, 128, King-street.

PRELIMINARY ANNOUNCEMENT.
WEDNESDAY, 12th November, at 11 o'clock,
On the Premises, GLENMUIR, Munni-street, Newtown, near Camden College,
ELEGANT and VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
LADY'S HACK, Broken to Harness
Pot Plants, Poultry, Patent Mangle, Stove, &c.

R. J. HUGHES and CO. have received instructions from Charles Collins, Esq., to sell by auction, at his residence, GLENMUIR, Newtown, on WEDNESDAY, at 11,
The whole of his furniture and effects.
Without the slightest reserve.

AUCTION NOTICE.

SALE AT PRINCE ALFRED PARK.

Intending purchasers are requested to notice, that the sale announced to take place at the Park, on Wednesday next, 12th instant, is unavoidably POSTPONED to MONDAY, 17th November, at 3 p.m.

80 Rolls assorted Matting
10 Nests Clothes Baskets
10 ditto Waste Paper ditto.

LOUIS COHEN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, on TUESDAY next, the 11th instant, at 11 o'clock prompt,
The above.
Terms, cash.

Household Furniture, &c.,
Superior New Pianoforte.

LOUIS COHEN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, on TUESDAY next, the 11th instant, at 11 o'clock prompt,
A quantity of household furniture, &c., VERY SUPERIOR new PIANOFORTE, full compass.
Terms at sale.

IMPORTANT PRELIMINARY ANNOUNCEMENT.

32 CASES ELEGANT FANCY STATIONERY, CABINETWARE, MAGNIFICENT ALBUMS, CHROMOS, ENGRAVINGS, &c., &c.,
from the
CELEBRATED HOUSE
of
MARCUS WARD and CO.

By order of the Importers, Messrs. WM. WOLFEN and CO.

Now landing, ex steamer Strathleven.

LOUIS COHEN has been favoured with instructions from Messrs. WM. WOLFEN and CO. to sell by auction, at his New Rooms, 125, Pittstreet, on an early day, of which due notice will appear.
32 cases choice and elegant goods, from the above-mentioned first-class London Houses, in great variety, and ordered expressly for the requirements of the approaching season.
Terms, cash. No reserve.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 11.

CLEARANCE SALE
of
AMERICAN BUGGIES
MARBLE BAROUCHES
BUGGY HARNESS
CARRIAGE HARNESS
SIDE-SADDLES
from the factory,
NEWHAVEN, CONNECTICUT.

Important to the Gentry of Sydney, Carriage Makers, Factors, and the General Trade.

On account of whom it may concern.

Terms, Cash.

FRASER and CO. will sell by auction, at the City Mart, on TUESDAY, November 11, at 11 o'clock,
Ex NIOBE, from New York,
A shipment of
American buggies, of the finest make
Special harness and saddles.
Particulars in catalogues.

Terms, cash.

No reserve.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 12.

HANKOW TEAS.

141 Half-chests.

FRASER and CO. will sell by auction, at the City Mart, on WEDNESDAY, November 12, at 11,
Ex Menmuir,
141 half-chests Kankow teas.

Terms at sale.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 12.

IMMIGRANTS' SURPLUS STORES.

Ex S. S. STRATHLEVEN.

At the City Mart, at 11 o'clock.

By order of the Agents, Messrs. A. LAMB and CO.

Comprising—
MESS PORK
BEEF
RICE
LIMEJUICE
LOAF SUGAR
CURRANTS
RAISINS
PICKLES
B. PEPPER
SALT
OATMEAL
CARROTS
ONIONS
MOLASSES
WINE
ALE and STOUT
PRESERVED POTATOES
PRESERVED MEATS
FLOUR and BISCUITS
EMPTY TANKS
FITTINGS, &c.

Particulars at sale.

The Goods will be on view at the City Mart on morning of sale.

FRASER and CO. will sell by auction, at the City Mart, on WEDNESDAY, November 12, at 11 o'clock,
The surplus immigrants' stores ex S. S. STRATHLEVEN, as per catalogue.

Terms cash.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 12,
at the City Mart.

MACKAY SUGARS, COLONIAL-GROWN COUNTERS and RATIONS.

3819 POCKETS.

On Account Various Consignees.

To Merchants, Grocers, Storekeepers, and others.

FRASER and CO. will sell by auction, at their Rooms, 362, George-street, on WEDNESDAY, November 12, at 11 o'clock,
3819 pockets sugars.

Particulars in catalogues.

Terms at sale.

DAY OF SALE,
FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 14.

New shipment of
BOOTS and SHOES.

An unusually superior and varied
ASSORTMENT.

Particulars in future paper.

FRASER and CO. have been favoured with instructions to sell by auction, at the City Mart, on FRIDAY, 14th, at 11 o'clock,
The above.

Without reserve.

Terms at sale.

WEDNESDAY, November 12, at 3 o'clock, on Dibbs' Wharf.

MARYBOROUGH PINE.
86,491 Feet Assorted Timber, comprising
1-inch Boards, up to 24 inches wide
¾ and ⅝ ditto, ditto ditto
DRESSED FLOORING and LINING, &c., &c.,
the entire Cargo of the EMMA JANE.

By order of Messrs. G. R. DIBBS and CO.
Without reserve.

FRASER and CO. will sell by auction, at Dibbs's Wharf, on WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, November 12, at 3 o'clock,
The entire cargo of dressed and undressed Maryborough pine ex Emma Jane, comprising
86,491 feet, assorted qualities.

Particulars at sale.

Terms liberal.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 12,
at half-past 3 o'clock.

OREGON LUMBER,
on Towns' Wharf.

The Balance of the Cargo of the ARKWRIGHT.

300,000 Feet.
To Timber Merchants and others.

FRASER and CO. are instructed by Messrs. R. Towns and Co. to sell by auction, at Towns' Wharf, on WEDNESDAY, November 12, at half-past 3 o'clock,
The balance of the cargo of Oregon lumber ex Arkwright, comprising 300,000 feet.

Terms at sale.

TUESDAY, 11th November.

UNRESERVED SALE BY AUCTION,
at the
RESIDENCE OF G. J. GRANTHAM, Esq.,
GLEBE ROAD,
nearly opposite the Australian Joint Stock Bank.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and EFFECTS,
consisting of
Drawing and Dining Room Suites
Walnut Oval, Loo, and Occasional Tables
Mahogany Sideboard, Cedar Chiffoniers
Couches, Bookcases, E. P. Ware, Cutlery
Ladies' Work Tables, Corner Whatnots
Pier Glasses, Pictures, Cornice Poles
China Tea and Coffee Services, Chess Tables
Tubular Bedsteads and Mattresses, &c.
Iron Bedsteads and Bedding, Cots, Dressing Tables
Washstands, Carpets, Oilcloths
Kitchen Utensils, Verandah and Balcony Chairs
&c., &c., &c.

To Furniture Warehousemen, Brokers, Dealers, &c.

HARRIS and ACKMAN have received instructions from G. J. GRANTHAM, Esq., to sell by auction, at his residence, GLEBE ROAD, opposite the Joint Stock Bank, on TUESDAY, 11th instant, at 11 o'clock,
The whole of his household furniture and effects.

No reserve.

Terms at sale.

WEDNESDAY, 12th NOVEMBER.

FOR SALE by AUCTION,
ex
Duchess of Argyle and s. s. Strathleven,
INVOICE of TOYS, FANCY GOODS, GLASSWARE, &c.,
consisting of,
3 Cases COMPO. DOLLS
1 case ditto ditto, one in each box
1 ditto WHITE TRAPEZE TOYS
2 cases GLYCERINE SOAP
1 case WATCHSTANDS
3 cases SHOE BRUSHES
1 case PURSES
1 ditto ALBUMS
2 cases BRIARWOOD PIPES
1 case ENGRAVED GLASS JUGS—Quarts, Pints, and Half-pints
5 cases CUT WINES
6 ditto SODAWATER TUMBLERS
10 ditto TOYS
1 case BRONZE INKSTANDS
5 cases FANCY GOODS.

To Glass, China, and Fancy Warehousemen, Tobacconists, Country Storekeepers, Dealers, &c.

HARRIS and ACKMAN will sell the above by auction, at their Rooms, 141, PITT-STREET, on WEDNESDAY, the 12th instant, at 11 a.m.
No reserve.
Terms at sale.

THURSDAY, 13th NOVEMBER.

FOR SALE BY AUCTION.

Just Landed.

3 CASES SUPERIOR TABLE CUTLERY, assorted.

To Ironmongers, Cutlers, Country Storekeepers, Hotel-keepers, Private Gentlemen, Dealers, &c.

HARRIS and ACKMAN, will sell the above by AUCTION, at their Rooms, 141, Pitt-street, on THURSDAY, 13th INSTANT, at 11 a.m.

No reserve.

Terms at sale.

THURSDAY, 13th NOVEMBER.

FOR SALE BY AUCTION,
ex Mount Stuart,
UNDER INSTRUCTIONS FROM MESSRS. MONTEFIORE, JOSEPH, and CO.

3 CASES MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,
consisting of:—
VIOLINS, VIOLIN BOWS
PICOLO, FLUTES, DRUM, FIFES,
BANJOS, CORNETS, &c.

To Musical Instrument Makers, Bandmasters, Musicians, Private Gentlemen, and others.

HARRIS and ACKMAN have been favoured with instructions from MESSRS. MONTEFIORE, JOSEPH, and CO., to sell the above by AUCTION, at their Rooms, 141, Pitt-street, on THURSDAY, 13th INSTANT, at 11 a.m.

No reserve.

Terms at sale.

THURSDAY, 13th NOVEMBER.

CLEARING SALE by AUCTION of BULK GOODS.

IN THE ASSIGNED ESTATE OF JOHN ISAACS AND CO., under instructions from
MESSRS. DAVID COHEN AND CO.

20 CASES TABLE LAMPS
1 DITTO BRACKET DITTO
4 DITTO SAND DITTO
10 CASES CHIMNEYS
6 CASES TUMBLERS
1 HOGSHEAD CUPS AND SAUCERS
1 DITTO B. and B. PLATES
2 CASES PORCELAIN SHADES
1 DITTO SPIRIT BARRELS
1 CRATE DOVE RHINE DINNER WARE
1 TIERCE CUT DECANTERS
1 HOGSHEAD 6 AND 7 INCH PLATES
1 TIERCE GLASS BUTTERS
2 CASKS FERN WINES
1 CASE PERFUMERY
3 CASES FANCY GOODS.

To Fancy Warehousemen, Country Storekeepers, Dealers, and Others.

HARRIS and ACKMAN have received positive instructions to sell the above goods by AUCTION, at their Rooms, 141, PITT-STREET, on THURSDAY, 13th INSTANT, at 11 a.m.

No reserve.

Terms at sale.

FRIDAY, 14th NOVEMBER

UNRESERVED CLEARING SALE BY AUCTION.

Balance of Shipments of
LONDON MADE FURNITURE
HANDSOME PIER GLASSES
IRON BEDSTEADS, COTS, &c., &c.
consisting of
DRAWING-ROOM SUITES in elegantly carved Walnut frames, new designs, and Early English, upholstered in plain and figured satins, silk cretonnes, &c
OCCASIONAL EASY CHAIRS, Centre and Loo Tables
Occasional Tables, inlaid Walnut
Canterbury and Chiffonier, Music Stools
Music Cabinets, Corner Whatnots, Brackets, handsomely carved
DINING-ROOM SUITES, in handsomely carved Oak and Mahogany frames
SIDEBOARDS in MAHOGANY and OAK, very massive, handsomely carved, with high silvered glass backs
Dining Tables in Mahogany and Oak, telescope frames
Dinner Waggons, Hall Tables, Hat and Umbrella Stands
Hearth Rugs, Velvet Pile Tablecloths
PIER GLASSES in MASSIVE MAHOGANY, OAK and EBONY, and gilt carved frames, 70 x 50, 60 x 48, 44 x 30, &c., &c.
ELEGANT BEDROOM SUITES, pine, handsomely decorated, comprising Wardrobe, with plate-glass door; Chest Drawers, Marble-top Washstands; Toilet-tables, with jewel drawers and glass attached; Chamber Cupboard, 3 Chairs, Towel-horse, &c.
DUCHESSE TOILET-TABLES and Stands in walnut, mahogany, and beech, marble top side toilet boxes, glass, &c.
Washstands and Tables, Bedsteps with patent pans
Bidettes with pans, folding-chairs
COUCHES UPHOLSTERED IN CRETONNE, with drum and head scroll
Mahogany Toilet-glasses, &c., &c.
Bedsteads, 4-post and half-testers
Children's Cots, &c., &c.

To Furniture Warehousemen, Upholsterers, Ladies and Gentlemen Furnishing, Connoisseurs, Hotelkeepers, Speculators, Brokers, Dealers, and Buyers generally.

HARRIS and ACKMAN have received positive instructions to sell by auction, at their Rooms, 141, PITT-STREET, on FRIDAY, 14th NOVEMBER, at 11 a.m.,
The balance of shipments of
SUPERIOR LONDON-MADE FURNITURE
PIER-GLASSES, IRON BEDSTEADS, COTS, &c.
as above.
THE AUCTIONEERS are instructed to clear every line to the highest bidder
WITHOUT THE SLIGHTEST RESERVE.
Terms, liberal, at sale.

MANNING RIVER.

TWO SUBURBAN BLOCKS,
containing 14 Acres.

TO CLOSE ACCOUNTS.

MILLS and PILE have been instructed to sell by public auction, at their Rooms, 154, Pitt-street, on TUESDAY, November 18th, at 11.15 prompt,
2 SUBURBAN BLOCKS of LAND, FRONTING the MANNING RIVER, containing 14 acres of rich alluvial soil.

THE GREAT LAND SALE.

THE CENTRE OF PETERSHAM.

LITHOGRAPHS NOW READY,
LITHOGRAPHS NOW READY

TERMS, £5 DEPOSIT on EACH LOT.
BALANCE, 20s PER MONTH.
MILLS and PILE, Auctioneers.

BALMAIN.

ON TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 11th.

AT THE ROOMS, 154, PITT-STREET,
AT HALF-PAST 11 SHARP.

Splendid COTTAGE RESIDENCE, opposite the DOCK GATE. COULD BE READILY CONVERTED INTO A PLACE OF BUSINESS.

MILLS and PILE have received instructions to sell by public auction, at their Rooms, 154, Pitt-street, at half-past 11 sharp,
That fine property, ST. LEONARDS COTTAGE, OPPOSITE the DOCK GATE, BALMAIN, built of stone, newly shingled, containing 5 large rooms and kitchen; gas laid on; abundance of water.

The proprietor is determined to sell.
TERMS VERY LIBERAL.

GOULBURN PLACE,
OFF WEXFORD-STREET.

TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSE and LAND,
NOW REALIZING £30 PER ANNUM.

MILLS and PILE have been instructed by Mr. M. J. Gleeson to sell by auction, at their Rooms, 154, Pitt-street, on TUESDAY, November 11, at 11.30 prompt,
A GOOD BRICK HOUSE, cemented, and with slate roof containing 3 rooms and 2 rooms attached at the rear with iron roof.
The land has 18 feet frontage to GOULBURN-PLACE, just off WEXFORD-STREET.
It is at present let at 12s per week.
To any mechanic looking for a freehold home of his own, the position of this property is central, and the buildings sound.

Title, good. Terms at sale.

BONDI, BONDI, BONDI,
OVERLOOKING THE OCEAN,
CLOSE TO THE OLD SOUTH HEAD ROAD,
in proximity to Mr. NEWMAN'S RESIDENCE and SCHNEIDER'S NURSERY.
28 BEAUTIFUL ALLOTMENTS,
33 FEET FRONTAGE, 130 DEEP,
THE BEST SELECTION IN THE BONDI ESTATE.

MILLS and PILE have received instructions from Mr. ALBERT BOYD to sell by auction, ON THE GROUND, SATURDAY, November 15, at 3.30 o'clock,
The whole of his well-known selection, as subdivided by Mr. SURVEYOR BISHOP, the PLAN of which, and LITHOGRAPHS, are available at the ROOMS.

MILLS and PILE'S usual LIBERAL TERMS of £5 DEPOSIT on EACH LOT, and the BALANCE by MONTHLY PAYMENTS of 20s EACH, will BE ADOPTED by the Vendor of this land, which is unparalleled for beauty of position, EASY ACCESS, and good soil. The whole area is surrounded BY FOUR WIDE ROADS, so there are no BACK LOTS.
SPECIAL OMNIBUSES WILL LEAVE THE corner of KING and PITT STREETS at 2.30 o'clock on the DAY of SALE, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 15.
MILLS and PILE, AUCTIONEERS.

TUESDAY, the 18th instant.

TERRACE OF 7 HOUSES, NEWTOWN.
EACH LET AT 11s PER WEEK.

A SPLENDID PERMANENT INVESTMENT.

MILLS and PILE have received instructions to sell by public auction, at their Rooms, 154, Pitt-street, on TUESDAY, 18th instant, at half-past 11 sharp,
DEVON TERRACE, CLOSE to CAMDEN COLLEGE, NEWTOWN, and just off the NEWTOWN ROAD, CONSISTING OF 7 SUBSTANTIALLY-BUILT HOUSES, of brick on stone foundations, each containing 4 ROOMS and KITCHEN, with large BACK YARD, and GOOD FRONTAGE to UNION-STREET.

These houses will always command good tenants, and are therefore a first-class investment, realizing a good rental of £400 per year.

£1200 can remain upon mortgage.

The Auctioneers STRONGLY RECOMMEND AN INSPECTION OF THIS VALUABLE ESTATE.

MILLS and PILE.

ON TUESDAY, 18th instant.

SPLENDID CITY PROPERTY.
LIME-STREET,
OPPOSITE THE KEMBLA'S WHARF.
TO CLOSE ACCOUNTS.

MILLS and PILE have received instructions to sell by public auction, at their Rooms, 154, Pitt-street, on TUESDAY, the 18th instant, at half-past 11 sharp,
ALL THAT SPLENDID BLOCK OF LAND SITUATE in LIME-STREET, CLOSE to the PATENT SLIP WHARF, adjoining the BLACKSMITH'S SHOP, having 30 feet frontage to Lime-street, by a depth of 50 feet.
TERMS:
ONE-FOURTH CASH DEPOSIT, and the BALANCE 2 YEARS' CREDIT, bearing 7 per cent. interest.
THIS is a FINE PROPERTY on which to ERECT a PRODUCE STORE, BEING in the CENTRE OF THAT BUSINESS.

TITLE GOOD. TERMS AT SALE.

On TUESDAY, 18th instant.

VALUABLE BLOCK OF LAND,
SUSSEX-STREET,
NEAR MARGARET-STREET.

MILLS and PILE have been favoured with instructions to sell by public auction, at their Rooms, 154, Pitt-street, on TUESDAY, 18th instant, at half-past 11 sharp,
ALL THAT SPLENDID BLOCK OF LAND, situate in SUSSEX-STREET, OPPOSITE the premises of Messrs. JOHN TAYLOR and COMPANY, and CLOSE to M'MILLAN'S HOTEL, having 20 feet frontage, by a depth of 116 FEET.
TERMS:
One-fourth cash deposit, and the balance 2 years' credit, bearing 7 PER CENT. INTEREST.

FIRST-CLASS TITLE. TERMS AT SALE.
For further particulars apply at the Rooms, 154, Pitt-street.
MILLS and PILE,
Auctioneers.

PARRAMATTA.

SPLENDID IMPROVED VILLA SITE,
5 ACRES,
CLOSE TO THE PARK,
and
SURROUNDED BY THE PROPERTIES
of
Messrs. OAKES, HOWISON, PAYTEN, and FULLAGAR,
And having a large RAILWAY FRONTAGE.

A choice and elevated position, commanding extensive views over the TOWN and surrounding COUNTRY.

MILLS and PILE have been instructed to sell by auction, at their Rooms, 154, Pitt-street, on TUESDAY, November 18, at 11.30 prompt,
A very fine villa site, opposite the AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY'S LAND, on the CROWN of the HILL, overlooking the PARK, and bounded on the EAST by the GOVERNMENT ROAD, through the DOMAIN to SEVEN HILLS; on the SOUTH by the GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY, and West and North by Mr. LAMONT'S RESIDENCE and Grounds, and containing about 5 ACRES.

The land has been improved by planting fruit trees and vines, and the CROWN of the HILL has been LEVELLED for building.
The position is one of the choicest in the district, and easy of access by good ROADS or through the Park.
For a healthy and charming locality it is not to be surpassed.

Title good.
Terms at sale.

On TUESDAY, 18th instant.

SPLENDID BLOCK OF LAND, ST. LEONARDS,
FRONTING the GOVERNMENT RESERVE.

MILLS and PILE have received instructions to sell by public auction, at their Rooms, 154, Pitt-street, at half-past 11 sharp, on
TUESDAY, the 18th instant,
ALL that PARCEL OF LAND, situate at ST. LEONARDS, fronting the NORTHERN RESERVE, containing 2 ACRES 3 ROODS and 2 PERCHES, being M'MILLAN'S GRANT.
TITLE: GRANT FROM THE CROWN.

TERMS:
ONE-FOURTH CASH DEPOSIT, AND THE BALANCE WITHIN TWO YEARS, BEARING 7 per cent. INTEREST.

VENTON,
A CHOICE VILLA RESIDENCE,
WITH 3¼ ACRES OF LAND, NEARLY ALL IMPROVED, AND EXTENDING FROM
THE STREET TO A PERMANENT WATER SUPPLY AT THE
END OF THE LAND.

EASY DISTANCE FROM BURWOOD OR REDMYRE STATIONS.

EIGHT-ROOMED HOUSE, WITH EXTENSIVE OUT-OFFICES,
ONLY ERECTED 4 YEARS.

TORRENS' TITLE.

MILLS and PILE HAVE BEEN INSTRUCTED TO SELL by auction, at the Land Sale Rooms, 154, Pitt-street, on TUESDAY, 18th November, at 11.30 prompt,
A VERY PRETTY AND COMMODIOUS VILLA RESIDENCE, situated just off the Main Road, ENFIELD, in one of the healthiest localities along the line.
THE LAND comprises 3¼ ACRES, IMPROVED, and divided into a very pretty and tastefully laid-out Flower Garden and Shrubbery and Lawn, just in front of the house, fruit and vegetable garden, with choice variety of fruit trees, yard, laundry, ground, and paddocks.
THE RESIDENCE CONTAINS hall and 8 rooms, lofty, with bath-room, servant's room, kitchen, laundry, pantry, and linen closets.
There is a FINE VERANDAH on the FOUR SIDES. The water supply to all parts is abundant and laid on for shower and plunge baths.
Outside there is a two-stall stable, coachhouse, with large loft over, poultry yard, cow bail and sheds.
TO PERSONS requiring VILLA RESIDENCE, easy of access at all times or as a first-class nursery, this spot is well adapted for its soil and abundance of water.
The BUILDING is tastefully and faithfully built of sound materials with a good shingled roof.
It is rarely such a compact and well designed property comes into the market, the owner being compelled to reside in the city is the only reason for selling.
Title, Torrens' Act.
Terms at sale.

A fine pair of carriage ponies and carriage can be bought by the purchaser of this property, to be seen at the place, a person in attendance to show any one over the property.

THE CENTRE OF PETERSHAM.

MILLS AND PILE'S GREAT PETERSHAM SALE.

CLOSE TO THE PETERSHAM STATION
CLOSE TO THE STANMORE STATION
CLOSE TO THE PARRAMATTA ROAD
IN THE CENTRE OF THE TOWN.

39 CHOICE BUILDING SITES
SECTION 6 OF THE ORIGINAL SUBDIVISION
PETERSHAM TOWNSHIP.

The ALLOTMENTS HAVE BEEN PEGGED OUT BY MR. SURVEYOR BISHOP, and can be readily identified.
The PLANS ARE NOW READY, and will be found on inspection the most beautiful in this FAVOURITE SUBURB.
THE VIEWS OVER THE CITY AND SUBURBS ARE SPLENDID.
THE SOIL IS RICH.
THE TITLE—TORRENS'.

TERMS:—
£5 DEPOSIT ON EACH LOT.
BALANCE, 20s PER MONTH.

DON'T FORGET TO ATTEND.
AN OMNIBUS WILL LEAVE THE ROOMS AT HALF-PAST 2.

THE GREAT LAND SALE.

BONDI. BONDI.

LITHOGRAPHS NOW READY.

TERMS, £5 DEPOSIT ON EACH LOT.
BALANCE, 20s PER MONTH.
MILLS and PILE, Auctioneers.

On TUESDAY, November 11.

TWO FAITHFULLY-BUILT BRICK HOUSES,
TALFOURD-STREET,
GLEBE.

MILLS and PILE have received instructions to sell by public auction, at their Rooms, 154, Pitt-street, at half-past 11, on TUESDAY, November 11,
Two faithfully-built brick houses, situate in
TALFOURD-STREET, GLEBE,
each containing 4 good rooms, kitchen, and washhouse, one of them occupied by the proprietor.
These houses have only been built four years, and are therefore quite new. They are situate within a quarter of an hour's walk from the MARKETS in GEORGE-STREET, and would readily bring 14s per week each.

The title is leasehold—99 years' lease at £5 10s per year rent—with right to purchase the freehold at what is now one-half of its value.

Terms at sale.
MILLS and PILE.

CAPITAL CITY INVESTMENT.

CLIFTON TERRACE.

FOUR NEWLY-ERECTED DWELLING-HOUSES, LIVERPOOL-STREET EAST,
next to the corner of BOURKE-STREET.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on
FRIDAY, 14th NOVEMBER,
at 11 o'clock,
All that block of land, portion of the Riley Estate, having 58 FEET 8 INCHES frontage to LIVERPOOL-STREET, with a depth of 90 feet, extending to a lane at the rear, on which is
CLIFTON-TERRACE,
four MOST FAITHFULLY built brick two-story dwelling-houses, on stone foundations, with verandahs and balconies in front, and containing each 5 rooms and kitchen, with washhouse, &c., at the rear.
Rental, £4 10s per week; or, £234 per annum.
☞ A really desirable city investment, in an elevated and healthful part of Darlinghurst, overlooking the harbour, the Garden Palace grounds, and the Domain, within easy walking distance of the business part of the city.
The terrace is exceedingly well-built of first-class materials, finished in good style throughout, and will not require any outlay upon it for many years.
Terms at sale.

BY ORDER OF THE MORTGAGEE.

AN ESTATE and INTEREST for the JOINT LIVES of Mr. C. R. S. MADDOCK and CELIA, his WIFE, in and to all that ANNUITY of £500 PER ANNUM, bequeathed by the will of the late WILLIAM GOSLING MOORE, and charged upon all his the said testator's REAL ESTATES, consisting of
THE WOOLPACK INN, GEORGE-STREET
"WILDFELL," POTTS POINT
"BERRYFIELD," POTTS POINT
THE SHIP INN, PITT-STREET
and
PROPERTIES NEWTOWN ROAD and CAMPBELL-STREET, NEWTOWN.
Also,
LEASEHOLD PROPERTY, MACLEAY-STREET, Macleay's Elizabeth Bay Estate.
With the above annuity will be sold a Policy of Insurance, effected in the Mutual Life Association of Australasia on the life of the said Celia Maddock, for the sum of £600.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions from the MORTGAGEE to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on
FRIDAY, 14th NOVEMBER,
at 11 o'clock,
The above, fuller particulars of which will be published.
Terms at sale.
F. J. PLOMLEY, Esq., No. 77, Elizabeth-street, is solicitor of the mortgagee.

By order of the EXECUTORS in an ESTATE.

CITY and SUBURBAN PROPERTIES.

SUSSEX and DRUITT STREETS.
VILLAGE OF LONGBOTTOM, BURWOOD NORTH.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on
FRIDAY, 14th NOVEMBER,
at 11 o'clock.
SUSSEX and DRUITT STREETS.
LOT 1. All that valuable corner piece of land, having frontages of
27½ FEET to DRUITT-STREET
68 FEET to SUSSEX-STREET,
on which are the following premises:—
The OLD HOPE and ANCHOR HOTEL, containing bar, 8 rooms, kitchen, and cellar; yard, &c., connected with the sewer.
DWELLING-HOUSE, No. 230, SUSSEX-STREET, containing 2 rooms, yard, &c.
RENTAL, £137 16s per annum.
LOT 2. BLOCK of land adjoining lot 1, having 28¼ FEET frontage to DRUITT-STREET, with a depth of 67½ feet, on which are TWO DWELLING HOUSES, Nos. 63 and 65, Druitt-street, containing each 4 rooms, yards, &c., at the rear.
RENTAL, £52 per annum.
☞ These lots occupy a good position in one of the most populous portions of the city. The corner is an acknowledged choice business site, and the proximity of the houses to the numerous wharfs and manufactories in the locality secures to them constant tenants.

VILLAGE of LONGBOTTOM, Burwood North,
near the Parramatta Road.
THREE BLOCKS of LAND, being lots 17, 18, and 20 of section 5, fronting WHARF ROAD and GIPPS-STREET, adjoining the PUBLIC SCHOOL.
Allotments 17 and 18 have each 68 feet frontage to GIPPS-STREET, depths upwards of 380 feet.
Allotment No. 20 has 165 FEET frontage to WHARF ROAD, with a depth of 182 feet.
⁂ Elevated villa sites, north of the Parramatta Road, near the residence of Thos. Robertson, Esq., and within ten minutes' walk of the Burwood Railway Station.
Plans on view at the Rooms. Terms at sale.

PIPER'S CREEK, MACLEAY RIVER,
County of Macquarie.
MAYNE'S GRANT of 1093 Acres, having an extensive frontage to PIPER'S CREEK, about six miles south-west of the township of WEST KEMPSEY.

VILLAGE OF KEMPSEY, Macleay River.
SEVEN ALLOTMENTS of Land, Nos. 52, 53, 56, 57, 58, 59 and 60 of the KEMPSEY ESTATE, each having a large frontage to RUDDER-STREET, with depths extending to the river, near the ferry.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 14th November, at 11 o'clock,
Block of land, 1093 acres, Piper's Creek, and 7 allotments, Kempsey, Macleay River.

Plans on view at the Rooms.

By Order of the Mortgagee.

STERLING CITY PROPERTY.

PITT and LIVERPOOL STREETS.

MAGNIFICENT CORNER BLOCK OF CITY LAND,
having extensive frontages to
PITT and LIVERPOOL STREETS,
on which are the following premises:—
SHOP at the CORNER
COTTAGE, No. 108, LIVERPOOL-STREET
TWO COTTAGES, Nos. 441 and 443, PITT-STREET.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on
FRIDAY, 14th NOVEMBER,
at 11 o'clock,
All that EXTENSIVE and CENTRALLY situated VALUABLE CORNER BLOCK of FREEHOLD LAND, having frontages of
120 FEET to PITT-STREET,
87½ FEET to LIVERPOOL-STREET,
on which are the following premises, built of brick on stone foundations:—
SHOP, at the corner, of 5 apartments
COTTAGE, No. 108, LIVERPOOL-STREET, with verandah in front, and containing hall, 4 rooms, 2 attics, kitchen, and servant's room, with stable and store-room at the rear.
TWO COTTAGES, Nos. 441 and 443, PITT-STREET, with verandahs in front, and containing each 4 rooms.
☞ The SPECIAL ATTENTION OF CAPITALISTS, SPECULATORS, and Builders is directed to the sale of this city land. Being at the corner of two of the leading thoroughfares of the metropolis, it is admirably adapted as a site for business premises, which, from the central position, would prove a good permanent investment.
Terms at sale.

Messrs. STEPHEN, LAURENCE, and JAQUES, Pitt-street Solicitors of the mortgagee.

BALMAIN.
Commodious DWELLING-HOUSE, at the corner of PEARSON-STREET and ST. MARY-STREET, opposite the Church of England PARSONAGE and the residence and grounds of T. J. JAQUES, Esq., a few yards south of DARLING-STREET, near the Steamers' Wharf.
It has verandah on three sides, and contains 8 rooms, with washhouse, water tanks, yard, &c., at the rear.
The land has the following frontages:—38 FEET to St. Mary-street, 60 FEET to PEARSON-STREET, 28 feet to a reserved road on the east side.
⁂ A very conveniently situated Dwelling, within 3 minutes' walk of the Steamers' Wharf at the foot of Darling-street. The view from the property includes the whole of the North shore, the city, and Darling Harbour.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 14th NOVEMBER, at 11 o'clock,
The above described residence in the marine suburb of Balmain.

ABSTRACT OF PROPERTIES
FOR AUCTION SALE BY
BATT and RODD.

ON THURSDAY, 13th November, at 10.30 a.m.,
AT THEIR ROOMS,
132, Pitt-street.

CITY PROPERTY.	3 Houses, corner Wexford-street and Exeter-place, Haymarket. RENTAL PER ANNUM, £197 12s. Title, Freehold.
MITTAGONG.	Victoria House and suitable for school or accommodation house, one minute from station; to be sold to close accounts. Title, Torrens' Act. FOR POSITIVE SALE.
CITY PROPERTY.	CHESHUNT HOUSE, large frontage to Cumberland and Fort streets. Also, Vacant land adjoining. N.B.—This property is suitable for large boarding establishment or private dwelling; magnificent view of the harbour. Title, Freehold.
ELIZABETH-STREET.	Terrace of 5 good COTTAGES, known as WALFERD-TERRACE. Now let each at 10s per week. Title, leasehold. Ground rent, £12 per annum.
MARRICKVILLE. (To Brick Manufacturers, and others.)	A BRICK MANUFACTORY, in full working order, with 2¼ ACRES PROVED CLAY, 20 FEET DEEP.
BALMAIN.	2 MOST substantially-built 6-roomed Houses, with kitchen, &c., situate in Mullens-street, and known as YORK-TERRACE. Rent, £104 per annum. TITLE, TORRENS' ACT. FOR POSITIVE SALE.

For further particulars, see future advertisement; or apply
BATT and RODD,
132, Pitt-street.

CAMPBELLTOWN.

IMPORTANT SALE OF LAND,
at CAMPBELLTOWN,
on SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 15th.

JOHN SHEA has received instructions from Mr. Edward M'Sulla to sell by auction, at Mr. Graham's Hotel, Campbelltown,
One of the best farms in the County of Cumberland, containing about 110 (one hundred and ten) acres of first-class land, the whole of which is all but newly fenced and divided into paddocks; a never-failing supply of water. This land is most beautifully situated, being only two and a-half miles from Campbelltown, on the Liverpool Road, and nearly 1 mile from the Campbellfields railway platform. The improvements consist of a large dwelling-house, kitchen, orchard, vegetable garden, flower garden, &c. This land is bounded on the north and east by the estates of Messrs. C. and P. Pendergast, on the south by the properties of Messrs. W. and D. Fowler, on the west by Eschol Park, the property of Mr. Gores. The road from Campbelltown to Liverpool runs through the farm, leaving 44 acres on one side and about 66 acres on the other side.
The auctioneer respectfully calls the attention of intending purchasers to the above very valuable property, and invites inspection of the same. In order to give parties arriving from Sydney an opportunity of attending, the sale will not take place till after the excursion train arrives at 3 o'clock, and they can return to town by the 8 o'clock train.
A large sale plan showing the subdivision is on view at Mr Graham's Hotel, Campbelltown.
Day of Sale, NOVEMBER 15.
Terms at sale.
SALE AT HALF-PAST THREE O'CLOCK.

CHISHOLM'S ESTATE.

GEORGE-STREET PROPERTIES.

CITY OF SYDNEY.

☞ THE LARGEST and MOST IMPORTANT SALE of STERLING CITY INVESTMENTS ever yet submitted to the PUBLIC, UNEQUALLED for POSITION and UNSURPASSED for PROSPECTIVE VALUE.

HARDIE and GORMAN, acting under instructions from the TRUSTEES of CHISHOLM'S ESTATE, will sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, at their
NEW PROPERTY SALE ROOMS,
175, PITT-STREET, SYDNEY,
at 11.30 PROMPT, on
WEDNESDAY, 26th NOVEMBER.

THE WHOLE of those WELL-KNOWN and VERY VALUABLE CITY PROPERTIES, having a GROSS FRONTAGE of
329 FEET to GEORGE-STREET,
EXTENDING from and INCLUDING the WAREHOUSE of MESSRS. PRINCE, OGG, and CO. to the BANK AUCTION ROOMS, together with the VALUABLE STORES and other BUILDINGS at the rear, extending back to the TANK STREAM.

☞ THESE PROPERTIES will in the FIRST INSTANCE BE OFFERED in ONE LINE, and in the event of their not being so disposed of, will be offered in SEPARATE LOTS, as per plan, in the following order:—

LOT 1, as per PLAN now ON VIEW at the ROOMS,
The WAREHOUSE and PREMISES, at present occupied by Messrs. PRINCE, OGG, and CO., having 50 FEET frontage to GEORGE-STREET, 159 FEET 11 INCHES along MORT'S PASSAGE, and 152 FEET 11 INCHES DEEP on the other side, with a width of 45 FEET 10 INCHES at the rear.

NOTE.—MORT'S PASSAGE, at present 12 feet wide, will be widened to 22 FEET.

LOT 2.—The PREMISES at present occupied by Messrs. PALING and ROMBACH, having 33 FEET 8 INCHES frontage to GEORGE-STREET, by a depth of 99 FEET to street or lane at rear, 20 FEET WIDE, as shown on PLAN.

LOT 3.—The PREMISES at present occupied by Messrs. FRASER and COMPANY, Commercial Auctioneers, having 37 FEET 11¼ INCHES frontage to GEORGE-STREET, by depth of 100 FEET to STREET or LANE at rear, 20 FEET WIDE, as shown on PLAN.

LOT 4.—THE PREMISES at present occupied by Mr. J. BULLARD, Clothier and Mercer, having 29 FEET 6 INCHES frontage to GEORGE-STREET, by depth of 100 FEET to STREET or LANE at the rear, 20 FEET WIDE, as shown on PLAN.

LOT 5.—THE PREMISES known as the GLASGOW ARMS HOTEL, having 19 FEET 7 INCHES frontage to GEORGE-STREET, by depth of 100 feet to STREET or LANE at the rear, 20 FEET WIDE, as shown on PLAN.

LOT 6.—THE PREMISES at present occupied by Mr. W. BULLARD (late Reading), Bookseller and Stationer, having 18 FEET 4 INCHES frontage to GEORGE-STREET, by depth of 100 FEET to STREET or LANE at the rear, 20 FEET WIDE, as shown on PLAN.

LOT 7.—THE PREMISES at present occupied by Messrs. FLAVELLE, BROTHERS, and ROBERTS, Silversmiths and Jewellers, having 22 FEET 4 INCHES frontage to GEORGE-STREET, by depth of 101 feet to STREET or LANE at the rear, 20 FEET WIDE, as shown on PLAN.

LOT 8.—THE PREMISES at present occupied by Mr. MOUNTCASTLE, Hatter, having 19 FEET 5 INCHES frontage to GEORGE-STREET by depth of about 101 FEET to STREET or LANE at the rear, 20 FEET WIDE, as shown on PLAN.

LOT 9.—THE PREMISES at present occupied by Messrs. PEAPES and SHAW, Drapers and Mercers, having 45 FEET 4 INCHES frontage to GEORGE-STREET by depth of about 102 FEET to STREET or LANE at the rear, 20 FEET WIDE, as shown on PLAN.

LOT 10.—THE PREMISES at present occupied by Mr. NOAKE, Tobacconist, and also a portion of the BANK AUCTION ROOM premises, having 22 FEET 10 INCHES frontage to GEORGE-STREET by depth of about 103 FEET to STREET or LANE at the rear, 20 FEET WIDE, as shown on PLAN.

LOT 11.—Has 20 FEET 10 INCHES frontage to the NEW STREET, as per plan, by depth of about 77 feet, and running back to the stores of Messrs. ALLT and CO., WINE and SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

LOT 12 has 20 FEET 10 INCHES frontage to the NEW STREET (as per plan), by depth of about 78 feet.

LOT 13 has 20 FEET 9 INCHES frontage to the NEW STREET, as per plan, by a depth of about 79 FEET.

LOT 14, at present occupied by Messrs. HOFFNUNG and CO., has 23 FEET 10 INCHES frontage to the NEW STREET, as per plan, by a depth of about 80 FEET.

LOT 15 has 23 FEET 10 INCHES frontage to the NEW STREET, by a depth of about 86 FEET.

LOT 16, at present occupied by Messrs. HOFFNUNG and CO., has 20 FEET FRONTAGE to the NEW STREET, by a depth of about 85 FEET.

LOTS 17 and 18, at present occupied by Messrs. HOFFNUNG and CO., have each a FRONTAGE of 23 FEET 7½ INCHES to the NEW STREET, by a depth of about 87 FEET.

LOTS 19 and 20, partly occupied by Messrs. G. A. LLOYD and CO., have each a frontage of 28 feet 7½ inches to the NEW STREET, by a depth of about 80 FEET and 70 FEET respectively.

LOT 21.—Has a frontage of 23 FEET 7½ INCHES to the NEW STREET, by a depth of about 63 FEET.

LOT 22.—Has a frontage of 23 FEET 7½ INCHES to the NEW STREET, by a depth of about 55 FEET.

LOTS 23 and 24.—Have each a frontage of 23 FEET 7½ INCHES to the NEW STREET, by depth varying from 50 FEET to 38 FEET.
LOT 24 is also a CORNER LOT, having a frontage to MORT'S PASSAGE, and the NEW STREET.

⁂ In introducing these properties, the AUCTIONEERS desire to direct the SPECIAL ATTENTION of CAPITALISTS and BUSINESS MEN generally to this UNRIVALLED OPPORTUNITY for securing what are now, AND ALWAYS MUST BE, the very best BUSINESS SITES in the CITY of SYDNEY.

ATTENTION is DIRECTED to the IMPROVEMENTS effected by the WIDENING of MORT'S PASSAGE, to nearly DOUBLE its PRESENT WIDTH, and the creation of the NEW STREET at the rear of the GEORGE-STREET PROPERTIES, and in front of lots 11 to 24, rendering them UNEQUALLED for STORES and WAREHOUSES.
LARGE SALE PLAN is now ON VIEW at the SALE ROOMS, and LITHOGRAPHS may be had ON APPLICATION, or will be forwarded PER POST.
For particulars of TITLE, apply to Messrs. NORTON and SMITH, SOLICITORS, [illegible]-STREET.

DAY OF SALE—
WEDNESDAY, 26th NOVEMBER,
AT 11.30 O'CLOCK PROMPT.

WEDNESDAY, 12th

ORDER OF SALE
of
SUNDRY
CITY and SUBURBAN PROPERTIES,
to be sold by public auction, at the NEW PROPERTY SALE ROOMS, 175, Pitt-street, at 11.30 o'clock,
on
WEDNESDAY, 12th NOVEMBER.

YORK and CLARENCE STREETS, CHIPPENDALE, and PARRAMATTA JUNCTION.	ONE-SEVENTH INTEREST in YORK and CLARENCE STREETS PROPERTIES, and CHIPPENDALE PROPERTY; also, the Freehold of 44¼ ACRES OF LAND, AT PARRAMATTA JUNCTION.
GOULBURN-STREET, between GEORGE and PITT STREETS.	TWO COTTAGES, being Nos. 55 and 57, GOULBURN-STREET, between GEORGE and PITT STREETS.
ULTIMO, HARRIS-STREET.	SHOP and DWELLING HOUSE, situate in HARRIS-STREET, off GEORGE-STREET WEST.
BOTANY, MAIN BOTANY ROAD.	NINE BLOCKS of LAND, fronting MAIN BOTANY ROAD, together with WEATHERBOARD COTTAGE thereon.
VALENTIA, ONIONS POINT.	TWO BLOCKS of LAND, having 130 FEET FRONTAGE to the MAIN ROAD, ONIONS POINT.

BOTANY. BOTANY.

VALUABLE BLOCK of LAND, with WEATHERBOARD COTTAGE erected thereon.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received positive instructions to sell by public auction, at the NEW PROPERTY SALE ROOMS, 175, Pitt-street, at 11.30 o'clock,
WEDNESDAY, 12th NOVEMBER,
NINE BLOCKS of LAND on the Main BOTANY ROAD, opposite Sir Joseph Banks Hotel.

LOT 1, as per plan, has 45 FEET frontage, widening to 68¼ FEET at the rear, with depth of about 185 feet.

LOT 2 has 53 feet frontage, by depth of 188 feet, and on it is erected WEATHERBOARD COTTAGE, containing verandah all round, hall, 4 rooms, 2 skillion rooms, kitchen, washhouse, never-failing supply of water.
Lots 3 to 9 have each 33 feet frontage by depths of about 188 feet.

☞ This property is situate opposite the GATES leading into the CRICKET GROUND belonging to the SIR JOSEPH BANKS HOTEL, and the 'BUS STAND almost in front of the door.

SALE PLAN ON VIEW AT THE ROOMS.

VALENTIA.

ONION'S POINT, LANE COVE RIVER.

TWO GOOD BUILDING SITES from the MAIN ROAD, having 130 feet frontage by 170 feet deep to a street at the rear 66 feet wide.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions from Mrs. Warren to sell by public auction, at their NEW PROPERTY SALE ROOMS, 175, Pitt-street, at 11.30 o'clock on WEDNESDAY, 12th NOVEMBER,
LOTS 4 and 5, as per plan at the ROOMS, originally sold to Steel and Warren.

⁂ A good building site, WELL ELEVATED, commanding views of BALMAIN, GREENWICH, and COCKATOO ISLAND, a short distance from the LANE COVE RIVER'S WHARF.

HARRIS-STREET, ULTIMO.

BUSINESS PREMISES, consisting of HOUSE, built of brick on stone foundations, with iron roof, and containing SHOP, THREE ROOMS, kitchen, and outhouses; STABLE, &c.
The LAND has a frontage of 15 feet to Harris-street, by a depth of about 60 feet, with back entrance; ground rent, 4s weekly.

☞ The PREMISES ARE LET for 5 YEARS, at a present rental of 30s weekly.
⁂ A REALLY GOOD AND SAFE INVESTMENT for a SMALL SUM of MONEY, yielding steady and good return.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions to sell by public auction, at their new Property Sale Rooms, 175, Pitt-street, at 11.30 o'clock,
WEDNESDAY, 12th November.
The above described property at Pyrmont, in the centre of a rapidly increasing population, close to the city.

INSPECTION IS INVITED.

TWO COTTAGES, being Nos. 55 and 57, GOULBURN-STREET
between
GEORGE and PITT STREETS.

FREEHOLD TITLE.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the NEW PROPERTY SALE ROOMS, 175, Pitt-street, at 11.30 o'clock, on
WEDNESDAY, 12th November,
ALL THAT valuable BLOCK OF LAND having about 20 FEET FRONTAGE to the south side of GOULBURN-STREET, a short distance from GEORGE-STREET, together with TWO COTTAGES thereon, built of stone and weatherboard, with shingled roofs, and each containing two rooms, &c, and let at 6s 6d and 10s per week respectively.

DAY OF SALE,
WEDNESDAY, 12th NOVEMBER.

BY ORDER OF THE MORTGAGEE.

All the RIGHT, TITLE, and INTEREST of ONE-SEVENTH SHARE in and to the following properties:—

YORK and CLARENCE STREETS, adjoining the WESLEYAN CHURCH and Messrs. Drysdale and Roberts' stores, and occupied by Messrs. Eldridge, Thomas, and others.

CHIPPENDALE. Block E of Hutchinson's subdivision, Chippendale Estate, containing an area of 7 acres 2 roods 22 perches, near to Eveleigh Station, Large Block of Land, with houses thereon.

⁂ The interest of ONE-SEVENTH SHARE in the above-described properties is subject to the life interest of Mrs. Lackey.

Also, the ENTIRE FREEHOLD of the following:—
DRAINWELL ESTATE, Parramatta Junction, Allotment No. 19, Section G, containing over 12 acres; also, Allotments 12 and 13, Section F, fronting Dog Trap Road, and containing an area of nearly 32¼ ACRES.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received positive instructions from the MORTGAGEE to sell by public auction, at their NEW PROPERTY SALE ROOMS, 175, Pitt-street, Sydney, at 11.30 o'clock, on
WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 12th, 1879.

ONE-SEVENTH INTEREST in and to the properties situate in
YORK and CLARENCE STREETS, and
CHIPPENDALE,
as above-described.

Also, the FREEHOLD of 44¼ acres of land, portions of
DRAINWELL ESTATE,
Parramatta Junction.

FREEHOLD ESTATE.

Preliminary Advertisement.

WILKINSON, GRAVES, MINCHIN, and LAVENDER have received instructions from the proprietor to sell by public auction, in Sydney, during the first week in December (of which due notice will be given in future advertisement),

A BEAUTIFUL ESTATE,
consisting of over
6,000 ACRES FREEHOLD,
and
10,000 ACRES LEASEHOLD.

total, 16,000 acres of rich land, suitable for sheep, cattle, or agricultural purposes. The whole is subdivided into 16 paddocks.
There is a really first-class house, replete with every convenience, garden, &c., and the whole property is thoroughly and completely improved in every respect. It is within a few hours' drive of railway communication with Sydney, and the climate is unsurpassed in either hemisphere.

For further particulars, apply to the above agents,
12, SPRING-STREET.

IMPORTANT TO CAPITALISTS, LAND SPECULATORS AND OTHERS
Requiring well situated Building Sites.

For Positive Sale.

C. F. SMITH has received instructions from the Trustees, under the Deed of Settlement executed by the late C. T. Smith, Esq., to sell by auction, at the
SCHOOL OF ARTS,
Wollongong,
on WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 26,
at 1 o'clock,
The remainder of the unsold Bustle Hill Trust Estate, consisting of
102 splendidly situated building sites, commanding the finest views in the district, embracing mountain and ocean scenery. The whole of which are for UNRESERVED SALE, in order to close the Trust. From the close proximity of the coal pits now at work, and the inexhaustible coal and minerals of the district, and besides through the Estate there is an extensive bed of clay ironstone in site of the harbour, now being enlarged and deepened. The shipping trade of the port in a short time will be quadrupled, and a constant increase of mining population will tend to enhance greatly the value of the property, which offers great inducements either to land speculators, coal miners requiring homes, residents of Sydney requiring charming building sites for country mansions, being now within 4 hours by sea and 6 by coach of the metropolis, and the certainty within a few years of having the coast railway via the National Park, renders this property a most desirable investment.

The property has been judiciously laid out, the allotments are from half-an-acre to one acre each. The terms liberal, viz., half cash; remainder at 6 months, bearing interest at 7 per cent.
Title—Grant from Crown.
Lithograph Plans can be obtained on application to the Auctioneer, or at the newspaper offices, Wollongong.

In the Trust Estate of the late Sophia Evans, formerly Atkins.

To Bankers, Merchants, Hotelkeepers, Capitalists, and others.

Important Sale of Freehold Property in the rising and prosperous town of Forbes.

WM. JONES and CO. will sell by auction, on THURSDAY, 13th November next, at 12 o'clock, on the premises, corner of Templar and Lachlan streets, Forbes,
The whole of those properties known as Tattersall's Hotel, now occupied by Mr. W. Eyre; the adjoining butcher's shop in the occupation of Mr. George Lee, and the premises occupied by Mr. Thomas Farnsworth, blacksmith.
The whole of these valuable premises are situated on allotments Nos. 21 and 22, section 7, corner of Templar and Lachlan streets, and have a frontage to Templar-street of 132 feet, and to Lachlan-street, 88 feet 6 inches respectively.
The auctioneers in calling special attention to this sale, beg to point out that this magnificent block of land is second to none, as far as regards position it occupies, in the rapidly rising town of Forbes, it being in the very heart of the town.
Terms at sale.
Title guaranteed.
WM. JONES and CO.,
Auctioneers, Stock and Station Agents.

...HAEL RUSSELL ...uneral; to move from ...ERNOON, at 2 o'clock, ... and CO., Undertakers, ...ereet

...OMAS RUSSELL are ... Funeral of his late beloved ...m St. Francis' Church, THIS ...ock for the Necropolis. J. and ...rs, 120, Oxford-street; and 719,

...H. C. GUILD are respectfully ...uneral of MICHAEL RUSSELL; to ...urch, at 2 p.m., TO-DAY, for Necropolis. move ...order.

T. J. MURRAY, Sec.

THE FRIENDS of the late Mr. JOHN CORNELIUS CROWLEY, Butcher, are respectfully invited to attend his Funeral; to move from his late residence, corner of Athlone-place and Ultimo-street, THIS (Monday) AFTERNOON, at a quarter before 3 o'clock, for the Catholic Cemetery, Petersham. J. and G. SHYING and CO., Undertakers, 719, George-st. S.; 120, Oxford-st.

I. O.O.F., M.U.—LOYAL ROSE OF AUSTRALIA LODGE, No. 4024.—The officers and brothers of the above Lodge, together with the officers and brothers of the various Lodges in the Sydney district, are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of our departed brother, JOHN CROWLEY; to move from his late residence, corner of Athlone and Ultimo streets, THIS (Monday) AFTERNOON at a quarter before 3 o'clock.

JOHN SWADLING, N.G.; JAMES ERWIN, Secretary.

THE FRIENDS of PATRICK and THOMAS BOURKE are invited to attend the Funeral of their late beloved SISTER, Margaret; to move from their residence, Louisa-terrace, Mitchell-street, Glebe, on TUESDAY MORNING, at 8 o'clock, for the Necropolis. SHYING and CO., Undertakers, 719, George-street.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. JOHN R. LOCKE, Builder, are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his late beloved WIFE, Elizabeth; to move from his residence, Lockville, Harris-street, Ultimo, TO-MORROW (Tuesday) MORNING, at half-past 8 o'clock, to Necropolis. C. KINSELA and SONS, George-street, opposite Christ Church; and Oxford-street.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. DANIEL LOCKE are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his late beloved DAUGHTER-IN-LAW, Mrs. John R. Locke; to move from her late residence, Lockville, Harris-street, Ultimo, TO-MORROW (Tuesday) MORNING, at half-past 8 o'clock, to Necropolis. C. KINSELA and SONS, George-street, opposite Christ Church.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. EDWARD SMITH, Builder, are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his late beloved COUSIN, Mrs. John R. Locke; to move from her late residence, Lockville, Harris-street, Ultimo, TO-MORROW (Tuesday) MORNING, at half-past 8 o'clock, to Necropolis. C. KINSELA and SONS, Oxford-street, near Crown-street; and George-street.

THE FRIENDS of J. T. CUTHBERT are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his late beloved infant SON, Archibald Richard; to move from the residence of his parents, No. 38, Merriman-street, on TUESDAY, the 11th instant, at 2 o'clock, for the Necropolis. THOMAS, Undertaker, 141, York-street.

Religious Announcements.

CHRISTIAN CONVENTION. — MEETING of GENERAL COMMITTEE will be held in the rooms of the Y. M. C. A., corner Pitt and Park streets, on TUESDAY AFTERNOON, at 4 o'clock.

T. B. TRESS, } Joint
DAVID WAKER, } Hon. Secs.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION. "KIOSK," for the SALE of BIBLES and RELIGIOUS LITERATURE is NOW OPEN. Visitors to the Exhibition are invited to call.

DAVID WALKER, General Secretary.

Volunteer Notices.

VOLUNTEER NOTICE.

There will be no Recruit DRILL THIS EVENING.

By command.
W. B. B. CHRISTIE, Major of Brigade.

ASSOCIATION MATCHES.—Vernier's Sight Protectors and Cleaning Rods. C. COWLES, 411, George-st.

Borough Council Notices.

BOROUGH OF EAST ST. LEONARDS.

TEMPORARY SUSPENSION OF TRAFFIC.
NOTICE.

On and after SATURDAY next, the 8th instant, until further notice, Carabella-street, at its intersection with Peel-street, will be closed for vehicle traffic, on account of drainage work thereat.

By order
GEORGE L. COLEMAN,
Council Clerk.

Council Chambers, East St. Leonards,
6th November, 1879.

BOROUGH OF DARLINGTON.

NOTICE TO RATEPAYERS.

Unless Outstanding Rates are paid by the end of the present month, legal proceedings will be taken for their recovery.

By order of the Mayor.
JOHN WHITEHEAD, Council Clerk.
Darlington Council-chambers, November 8th, 1879.

Business Cards.

A CARD.—SIMS and PARKES, Wholesale and Retail HERBALISTS, TREAT ALL DISEASES. 246, George-st.

A CARD.—Mr. PERCEVAL PEDLEY, Dentist, 9, Wynyard-square.

A CARD.—Professor THORNTON, discoverer, after exhaustive researches, of a new and most effective cure for deafness, has arrived. No pain, no instruments. Numerous testimonials. 110, Phillip-street. 10 to 12 a.m.; 2 to 5 p.m.

A CARD.—Mr. JOHN SPENCER, DENTIST, has REMOVED to his New Premises, 44, Wynyard-square North. Awarded the N. S. Wales Agricultural Exhibition Medals 8 years successively. The London International Gold Medal, and the Philadelphia Centennial Medal for Artificial Teeth against all competitors. Also, painless extract on by nitrous oxide gas. 44, WYNYARD-SQUARE NORTH.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH.—Those who wish to obtain the above, made on the latest English principles, should consult Mr. J. E. CARTER, Surgical and Mechanical Dentist, from London, who guarantees perfect fit, mastication, and natural appearance, at a very moderate cost. Painless Extraction by the Nitrous Oxide Gas. All dental operations skilfully performed. Consultations free at Mr. Carter's residence, 26, College-street, Hyde Park.

BAND and Fret Sawing Mill and Turnery Works, at STEWART'S Cedar Yard, Pitt-street.

CARD.

F. A. FRANKLIN, C.E.
(late Assistant and Constructing Engineer, Department of Roads and Bridges),
will return to Sydney on TUESDAY, 14th instant, and may be consulted on and after that date at his office, 25, Macquarie-place.

DR. WADE will continue his practice as heretofore, at 28, College-street, Hyde Park.

D. PETERS, Hat Manufacturer and Importer, 488, George-street, and 646, Brickfield-hill.

EXHIBITION VISITORS will find the most varied assortment of first-class BOOTS and SHOES at the ROYAL BOOT MART, 492 George-street.
RICHARD M'COY.

GREAT AMERICAN CHAIR SALE: 20 per cent. discount. Royal Furnishing Arcade. W. B. CAMPBELL.

HERBERT S. THOMPSON,
Architect and Surveyor,
has REMOVED to Ground-floor Offices.
Bell's-chambers, 173, Pitt-street.

HORDERN, DRAPER AND CLOTHIER,
No. 259, Pitt-street.

You can get Everything at this Shop
You can get Everything at this Shop
You can get Everything at this Shop
You can get Everything at this Shop.

Will OPEN, TO-MORROW MORNING, at 8.

HORDERN, 259, Pitt-street, for Clothing.

INEXPENSIVE MOURNING, as well as the richest qualities, can be supplied by E. WAY, 261, Pitt-street, in correct taste, and at a great saving in price. Dressmaking, Millinery, &c. E. WAY, Importer of Mourning Goods.

JOHN F. MANN, Surveyor, &c., 19, Hunter-street, specially licensed under Real Property Act.

J. G. READ, Estate, Insurance, and General Agent, 494, George-street. Established 1871.

J. C. W. HINSCH, 160, Pitt-street, Importer of Island Trade Goods. Sole agent for Ross's Bismarck Lager Beer.

JAMES SHEPHARD, Introducer and Patentee of the COMPOSITION and ASPHALTE PAVEMENTS in New Zealand and Australia. Prize medal awarded in the Intercolonial Exhibition, Sydney. Patronized by his Excellency Sir Hercules Robinson.

Business Address:
JAS. SHEPHARD,
care of Mr. Moore, Botanical Gardens, Sydney.

MR. A. BURNE, Surgical and Mechanical Dentist, 29, Regent-street.

MISS M'CORMACK, Dressmaker, 138, Forbes-street, Woolloomooloo (late of E. Way's, Pitt-street).

PHRENOLOGIST HUME, reads character correctly. Parents should bring their children. Waxworks, Pitt-street.

PRINTING.—FULLER'S is one of the oldest established Printing Offices in New South Wales. It is replete with a magnificent assortment of type, and is equipped with the best workmen and most improved machinery. Estimates given for all kinds of jobbing, newspaper, and book work. Small jobs executed with dispatch. Programme Cards, Menu Cards, Visiting Cards, &c., &c., at very low prices.
Stationers' Hall, 387, 389, George-street.

R. BUTCHER and CO. have for SALE:—Bulk Brandies, dark and pale; Hennessy's single and treble star; largest Key Geneva; John Jameson's old mellow Whiskies; Pig Stout, &c., lowest market rates. 540, George-st., opp. Town Hall.

SPECTACLE MAKERS. HAWKSFORD and SON, 50, Oxford-street. Best Spectacles, 5s and 10s.

SPECIAL value in long LACE CURTAINS, 2s 6d to 30s, 3 cases ex Cusco. Our 10s. 6d. Curtains worth 20s.
E. WAY, Importer of Lace Goods,
261 to 267, Pitt-street.

SPECTACLES, Eyeglasses, Tinted Preservers, Goggles, &c., from 1s. Brazilian Pebbles, all sights. Lenses made to order. Repairs done promptly. Mr. SOLOMON, qualified Optician, 689, George-street South. N.B.—Beware of incompetents.

THE CONCORD DINING ROOMS. Splendid Dinner, 1s; ham sandwiches; ladies' private rooms. 24, Hunter-st.

YUK SHAN, from China, superior PORTRAIT-PAINTER and COPYIST on Ivory and in Oils. Samples on view. Prices moderate.
SLADE and KING, 330, George-street.

W. AYTON, Painter, Paperhanger, Decorator, Glazier, Church window maker, &c. 481, George-street.

WONDERFUL, YET TRUE.—Painless Extraction of TEETH.—A secret mixture applied to the gums; the tooth is drawn without pain. Dr. EMANUEL and SON, Dentists, 174, Pitt-street, opposite Punch's Hotel.

Tenders.

BOROUGH OF MUDGEE.

TENDERS are invited for the Erection of a Town Hall.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the Town Hall, Mudgee.

Tenders will be received up to November 19th, under cover, addressed to the Mayor, T. R. TINDALL, Esq., and endorsed "Tender for Town Hall."

E. LOVJOY, Town Clerk.

Town Hall, November 3, 1879.

H. R. N. S. N. CO.—TENDERS will be received by the undersigned until noon on MONDAY, the 17th November, from persons willing to supply COAL, and deliver it into the Company's Bunkers at Morpeth, in such quantities as may be required for the year 1880.

Prices for large screened and unscreened coal, and for small coal (or nuts), to be specified.

Tenderers will be required to furnish a sample of each kind of coal proposed to be supplied.

The company will not be bound to accept the lowest nor any tender.

Further particulars on application.

F. J. THOMAS, Manager.

Offices—foot of Market-street, Sydney.
4th November, 1879.

TENDERS are invited for the ERECTION and COMPLETION of TWO FIRST-CLASS STORES, WITH OFFICES, in GEORGE-STREET.

The works may be tendered for as under:—

1st. For EXCAVATION, DRAINAGE, MASONRY, and BRICK-WORK, in one sum.
2nd. For the CARPENTERS' WORK, JOINERS' WORK, and all FINISHING TRADES, in one sum.
3rd. Or the whole of the works in one lump sum.

PLANS and SPECIFICATIONS can be seen upon application at the OFFICES of the undersigned, where TENDERS are to be delivered, under seal, on or before MONDAY, the 24th November.

The LOWEST or any TENDER not necessarily accepted.

G. A. MORELL, C.E.,
Architect,
196, Pitt-street.

TENDERS are invited for the ERECTION and COMPLETION of EIGHT WHARVES and JETTIES on the PARRAMATTA and LANE COVE RIVERS, for the MUNICIPALITY OF HUNTER'S HILL.

The whole of the works to be tendered for in one lump sum.

PLANS and SPECIFICATIONS can be seen upon the application at the OFFICES of the undersigned, where TENDERS are to be delivered, under seal, on or before FRIDAY, the 14th of November.

The LOWEST TENDER not necessarily accepted.

G. A. MORELL,
Engineer,
196, Pitt-street.

TENDERS are invited for large Schools, at Darlinghurst, near the church of the Sacred Heart.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the Offices of the undersigned, where Tenders are to be delivered on or before 12 o'clock at noon, on FRIDAY, the 14th of November.

The lowest or any other tender will not necessarily be accepted.

W. W. WARDELL, Architect.
171, Pitt-street.

TENDERS.

BOROUGH OF EAST ST. LEONARDS.
NIGHT CART SERVICE.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned up to WEDNESDAY EVENING next, for this work.

Full particulars can be obtained upon application.

GEO. L. COLEMAN, Council-clerk.

7th November, 1879.

TO ROADMAKERS.—TENDERS received until MONDAY, 24th November, for Widening the Approaches to Bridge, near Randwick Toll-gate, on Randwick and La Perouse Road. Plans and specification with

T. A. SMITH, Banks Meadow, Botany.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

Each Tender to be enclosed and marked outside, "Tender for widening road at bridge."

TENDERS received until MONDAY, 24th November, for the supply of 600 tons Blue-metal Stone, broken to a small 2½-inch gauge, for the Randwick and La Perouse Road. The Trustees do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.

Each Tender to be enclosed and marked outside, "Tender, blue-metal."

T. A. SMITH, Banks Meadow, Botany.

TO MASONS.—TENDERS are required for Building Parts of the Clerestory Walls at Goulburn Cathedral. Plan and specification to be seen at the Depot, Goulburn, or on application to Mr. EDMUND T. BLACKET, 131, Pitt-street, Sydney, to whom Tenders are to be addressed on or before MONDAY, November 24th. No Tender will accepted unless perfectly satisfactory.

TO BUILDERS.—TENDERS are invited for the Erection of two Houses, Lyndhurst, Glebe.

Plans and specification may be seen on application to the architect, to whom tenders are to be delivered, on the 21st instant.

A. L. ELPHINSTONE, Jun., Architect,
Park and Pitt streets.

TO PLASTERERS.—TENDERS required for Plastering at Stores, Circular Quay. Particulars of HILLY and LOUGH, Surveyors, 138, Pitt-street.
8th November, 1879.

TENDERS are required by THURSDAY, November 13, for Ironstone and Tar Concrete, &c., to stables in Newman-street, Newtown. Ironstone found.

C. MAYES, Architect, 84, King-street.

TENDERS.—Quantities, Post and Telegraph Office, Blayney, &c. C. MAYES, 84, King-street.

General Merchandise.

MASON, BROTHERS,
14 and 16, SPRING-STREET,
SYDNEY.

Robert Mason and Co., London.
G. and R. Mason, Glasgow.

LIST OF DEPARTMENTS:

1. British, American, and Continental Hardware, Oils, Paints, Varnishes, &c. Colonial Manufactures, viz.:—Tinware, Woodware, Saddlery, Galvanized and Black Ironware, Basketware,
2. Open and Bulk Stock of Earthenware, Glass, and China, and Fancy Goods.
3. Wines and Spirits and General Bulk Merchandise, including the following:—Paints, Putty, Oils, Varnishes, Paperhangings, Sheet and Window Glass, Tubing and Fittings, Roofing Felt, Preserved Fish, Woolpacks ends and sides, Fencing Wire, Canvas, Twine, Corks, Floorcloths, Pianos, Cement, &c.,

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE UNDERMENTIONED WELL-KNOWN SPIRITS:

J. Walker and Son's "Old Highland" Scotch Whisky.
Cork Distilleries Co.'s Prize Medal Irish Whisky.
J. Sorin and Co.'s Pure Cognac Brandy.
J. T. Gayen's Original Schiedam Schnapps.

Quotations and other information on application.

PAN CLOSETS, Urinals, Lavatories, Basins, Gas Fittings, &c. JOHN DANKS.

GAS GLOBES, new patterns, just arrived. JOHN DANKS, 105, Liverpool-street.

FOR SALE, SACKS—Dundee, Calcutta, and light weights.
IRON BEDSTEADS—assorted invoices of single and double, Peyton and Peyton's make
GALVANIZED IRON TUBING, large sizes.
REILBY and CO.

TANKS, superior to all brewery tanks; see the water in them. WILLIAM ROBINSON, 67, Sussex-street.

TANKS.—Best London make on SALE. J. T. and J. TOOHEY, Standard Brewery, Elizabeth-street.

VINEGAR in bulk and bottle. MONK'S Vinegar Works, 251, Sussex-street and Barker's-lane.

SUGAR MATS, B. and W. Pepper, pure Sago: Seed, Bullet, and Flake Tapioca, Loaf Sugar, &c. HENRY FISHER and Co., 10, King-street West.

INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.—LARGEST WINE TROPHY IN THE NEW SOUTH WALES COURT. KELMAN'S celebrated Kirkton WINES are obtainable at Young and O'Connell's Central Refreshment Saloon, under the Dome, and at the eastern entrance to the Garden Palace; also at Emerson's Oyster Saloon, near the Cricket Ground.

Best Hock and Clarets, equal to those of Germany and France, besides other Prize Wines, at the KIRKTON CELLARS, No. 7, Wynyard-street, Sydney.

JAMES KELMAN.

INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.

FLAVELLE, BROTHERS, and ROBERTS,
in addition to their own large and valuable exhibit
of
DIAMOND and OTHER JEWELLERY,
WATCHES,
SILVER PLATE,
and
SCIENTIFIC INSTRUMENTS,
would beg to call attention to
EXHIBITS
from the undermentioned houses, for whom they are appointed agents and representatives,
viz:—
ROSS and CO.,
the
CELEBRATED OPTICIANS,
of
NEW BOND-STREET,
LONDON
(whose Show Case is to be seen in F. B. and R.'s space of the British Section).

IN THE AMERICAN COURT,
from
SAMUEL S. WHITE,
PHILADELPHIA,
an Exhibit
of
DENTISTRY,
well worthy the attention of the Profession.

In the GERMAN COURT,
from
E. O. RICHTER and CO.,
Chemnitz, Saxony.
An exhibit of the newest inventions and most modern styles of Drawing and Mathematical Instruments.

In the FRENCH COURT,
from
QUINET, RICHARD, and CO., Paris,
a beautiful and interesting exhibit of
CARRIAGE CLOCKS.

N.B.—Information concerning any of the above may be obtained at our space in the North Nave, near the Transept.

FLAVELLE, BROTHERS, and ROBERTS,
354, George-street.

BUTTER IN THREE MINUTES.—Atmospheric CHURNS, 7s 6d each. S. HEBBLEWHITE, 432, George-st.

AMERICAN BARROWS, of best ash, light, and very durable, 20s. S. HEBBLEWHITE, 432, George-street.

REVOLVING Washboards, only 1s 9d each; quite a novelty. S. HEBBLEWHITE, 432, George-street, Sydney.

GENTLEMAN AMATEURS.—Eureka Scroll Saw and Lathe, now arrived, price £5 15s. S. HEBBLEWHITE.

PATENT LEVER MANGLES, with cloth, only 70s each. S. HEBBLEWHITE, 432, George-street, Sydney.

REVERSIBLE CARPETING for halls and stairs, from 8d per yard, very durable. S. Hebblewhite, 432, George-st.

COLONIAL TOBACCOS, prime samples, in small kegs, 1s 6d per lb. T. SAYWELL, 4, Park-street.

PORPHYRY, the choicest of Australian Wines, equal to the finest RHINE HOCK; pints, 3 dozen cases, 15s 6d per dozen; quarts, 1 and 2 dozen cases, 21s dozen. Sole Agents, H. S. BIRD and CO., Circular Quay.

PURE ISLAND LIMEJUICE, in kegs of 5 gallons and upwards. H. S. BIRD and CO., Circular Quay.

Municipal Elections.

MR. EDWARD HORDERN
for
FITZROY WARD.

The COMMITTEE will MEET EVERY EVENING till day of Election, at Committee Rooms, Keary's Woolloomooloo Hotel, William-street, at 8 p.m., where electoral lists may be seen.

J. E. BAYLIS } Hon.
J. REYNOLDS } Secretaries.

ELECTORS OF FITZROY WARD.—Mr. EDWARD HORDERN, an independent Candidate, has consented to stand for your ward.

Every Elector, who has the welfare of the city at heart, and Fitzroy Ward in particular, should do his utmost to secure the election of this gentleman.

DENISON WARD.

FRANCIS ABIGAIL will address a public meeting, at 8 o'clock, on WEDNESDAY EVENING next, at Weeden's Cooper's Arms Hotel, corner of Harris and John streets, Pyrmont.

Electors attend and judge for yourselves.

Committee meet at same place, at half-past 7.

J. G. CARTER, } Joint
THOMAS DEAN, } Secretaries.

DENISON WARD.

A PUBLIC MEETING of the ELECTORS of the above will be held in the PYRMONT PUBLIC HALL on TUESDAY, 11th instant, at 8 p.m., Mr. JOHN MEEKS, the practical, local, and only independent candidate, will address you. Also several local and influential gentlemen will address the meeting.

H. W. PREDDEY } Hon.
FRANK BUCKLE } Secs.

DENISON WARD.

COMMITTEE of Mr. JOHN MEEK'S MEET at Morgan's Wheatsheaf Inn every THURSDAY, 8 p.m. Also Holland's Quarryman's Arms, John-street, Pyrmont same time and date.

H. W. PREDDEY } Hon.
FRANK BUCKLE } Secs.

ELECTORS OF DENISON WARD.

MR. JOHN MEEKS,
of the Australian Tin Works, Pyrmont,
the Practical and only Independent man, is a CANDIDATE, and solicits your vote and interest.

H. W. PREDDY } Hon. Secs.
FRANK BUCKLE }

GIPPS WARD ELECTION.—A MEETING of the Friends and Supporters of JOHN DOUGLAS YOUNG, Esq., will be held at the Lord Nelson Hotel, Miller's Point, on TUESDAY EVENING next, the 11th instant. Business: To form Committee, and transact other business in connection with the forthcoming Election. Chair to be taken at 8 o'clock.

ELECTORS OF GIPPS WARD.—Do not forget to be at KIDMAN'S MEETING on TUESDAY NIGHT next. Rally round him, and persuade all you can to support Kidman and no surrender. I hear most of the opposition are to be there to prevent the meeting being carried on.

(Signed) A RATEPAYER.

ELECTORS OF GIPPS WARD.

Mr. W. YEOMAN having retired from the contest for Alderman for the above ward, the gentlemen forming his committee are requested to use their influence for the return of Mr. C. KIDMAN as Alderman for the said ward.

W. J. M'GILL, Secretary.

GIPPS WARD.

This is to certify that I, Charles Carlson, never authorized my name to be placed on Mr. John Douglas Young's requisition. I do intend to use my support and influence to secure the return of Mr. C. Kidman as Alderman for Gipps Ward.

CHAS. CARLSON.

ELECTORS OF GIPPS WARD.

A PUBLIC MEETING of the Electors of Gipps Ward will be held on TUESDAY NIGHT next, at 8, at Mr. L. Dawson's Bee Hive Hotel, Prince-street, when Mr. Kidman will address the Electors.

ALEXANDER KETHEL, Esq., J.P., will take the chair.

W. J. M'GILL, Secretary.

TO THE WORKING MEN OF FITZROY WARD.

VOTE TO A MAN for EDWARD HORDERN. He HAS ALWAYS BEEN A GOOD FRIEND TO, AND A LARGE EMPLOYER OF THE WORKING CLASSES, and a STANCH SUPPORTER OF THE EIGHT-HOUR SYSTEM.

A WORKING MAN.

DENISON WARD ELECTION.

FRANCIS ABIGAIL, of George-street, is a CANDIDATE, and solicits your Vote and Interest. He has energy and ability to serve you. Then vote for him.

J. G. CARTER, } Joint
THOS DEAN, } Secretaries.

ELECTORS of DENISON WARD, Vote for FRANCIS ABIGAIL and Progressive Work.

FRANCIS ABIGAIL and MUNICIPAL REFORM.

Make no mistake. Do not promise one who cannot represent you.

DENISON WARD.

Voters, satisfy yourselves that the man you vote for is not in favour of 14 hours a day.

ELECTORS of DENISON WARD, Vote for JOHN MEEKS and Sunday Labour—the 14 hours a day man.

WORKING MEN of DENISON WARD, Vote for JOHN MEEKS, Esq. Cheap labour and 14 hours' work a day, Sunday included.

Books Publications, &c.

THE GUIDE TO SYDNEY contains LATEST LITHOGRAPH of the EXHIBITION BUILDING, or GARDEN PALACE.

PLAN of CENTRAL SYDNEY.
THE STRANGER'S NATURAL QUERY—WHERE SHALL WE GO TO-DAY? fully and satisfactorily replied to.
CONUNDRUMS upon our INTERNATIONAL.
HOW TO FURNISH HOUSES WITH ECONOMY, COMFORT, and ELEGANCE.

The above is now ready for GRATUITOUS ISSUE at the ROYAL FURNISHING ARCADE.

W. B. CAMPBELL.

VISITORS FROM THE COUNTRY who require STATIONERY, School Books, Account Books, Prize Books, Current Literature, useful miscellaneous Books, Presentation Articles, pretty Cards for birthdays, &c., Photo. Albums, Scrap Albums, Writing Desks, Ladies' Bags, and any of the 1001 articles usually kept by a general stationer, will find the best, largest, and cheapest assortment in the colony at FULLER'S Stationers' Hall, 387 and 389, George-street, Sydney, opposite Royal Hotel.

N.B.—Be careful to find the name FULLER, as you may be disappointed. Look for the handsomest shop in the locality.

STATIONERS' HALL, open till 9.30 p.m. daily. FULLER, 387 and 389, George-street.

NEW SOUTH WALES Religious Book and Tract Depot, open till 9.30 p.m. daily. 387 and 389, George-st.

PRIZE BOOKS for Sunday and Day Schools, wholesale and retail. FULLER, 387 and 389, George-street.

CHRISTMAS CARDS! CHRISTMAS CARDS

Call at FULLER'S Christmas
Card Depot, and make your selection for
posting to friends in England.
Be in time for the mail on 7th instant.
FULLER'S selection this year is not equalled
in Sydney.
Call and see. 387, and 389, George-street.

CHEAP ENVELOPES.—Merchants, Commission Agents, Storekeepers.—Try FULLER, Stationers' Hall.

CHEAP NOTE PAPERS.—Storekeepers, Commission Agents, Merchants, and Others. FULLER'S, Stationers' Hall.

CHRISTMAS and New Year WISHES for friends in England. FULLER'S Card Depot, Stationers' Hall.

CHEAP MEMORANDUM and METALLIC BOOKS, the best variety in Sydney. FULLER'S, Stationers' Hall.

STATIONERS' HALL, FULLER'S, 387 and 389, George-street. N.B.—Look for FULLER'S.

"SYDNEY PLATFORMS
and
EUROPEAN CABINETS"
(FOURTH EDITION).

The
ADDRESS
delivered by the
Hon. WILLIAM BEDE DALLEY, Q.C., M.L.C.,
to the
CATHOLICS OF NEW SOUTH WALES,
on the
EDUCATION QUESTION,
is now published in
PAMPHLET FORM,
by E. F. FLANAGAN, 594, George-street, Sydney,
to whom, or to the hon. Secretary of the Committee, orders should be sent.

Price, 3d each, by post, 6d.
Reduction of 25 per cent. on parcels of one dozen or more.
By order of the Committee.
THOMAS J. MURRAY, Hon. Secretary.
FREEMAN'S JOURNAL Office, 199, York-street, Sydney.

EDWARDS, DUNLOP, and CO., Wholesale and Export Stationers, 144, Pitt-street, Sydney.

MELBOURNE ARGUS.—SINGLE COPIES MAY be obtained daily from the Agents, GORDON and GOTCH.

JUST PUBLISHED.

BUCHANAN'S CRUSHING REPLY
to
Dalley and Archbishop Vaughan.
Price Threepence.
To be had of LEE and ROSS, 49, Market-street, and
All Booksellers.

CHRISTMAS, New Year, and Birthday CARDS, Transfers, Scraps, &c., in great variety. Ayton, 481, Geo.-st.

WINSOR and NEWTON'S Artists' Materials. W. AYTON, Artists' Depot, 481, George-st., near Cathedral.

AUSTRALIAN WILD FLOWER, SHRUB, and FERN SERIES of CHRISTMAS, NEW YEAR, AND BIRTHDAY CARDS, now ready for SALE.

"These Cards require no comment from us, as they are sufficiently striking and characteristic to please the most fastidious."

TURNER and HENDERSON, Publishers, Hunter-street.

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LECTURES ON THE VEGETABLE KINGDOM,
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The undersigned invite the attention of parties furnishing, gentlefolks recently arrived, and the public generally, to the
MAGNIFICENT SELECTION
of
HIGH CLASS FURNITURE,
NOW ON VIEW
at the above address,
FOR PRIVATE SALE,
AT TRADE PRICES,
including a complete assortment of HALL, DINING-ROOM, LIBRARY, DRAWING-ROOM, and BEDROOM REQUISITES of the MOST NOVEL and FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

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EXTENSIVE SHIPMENTS,
arrangements having been made with the LEADING MANUFACTURING HOUSES in LONDON for continuous supplies.

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EXPERIENCED PACKERS are retained for the safe dispatch of goods for the country or for shipment.

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Auctioneers and General Commission Agents,
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OUT-DOOR SALES by Auction of Furniture and Effects, Glass, China, Plate, Pictures, &c., arranged by a special staff, and conducted as with marked success for the past 20 years.

Regular Sales by Auction at the Rooms of furniture, jewellery, and all descriptions of merchandise sent for unreserved sale.

Cash advances made to any extent on goods for bona fide sale.

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OUR GREAT AMERICAN CHAIR SALE IS NOW PROCEEDING at a reduction of twenty per cent. from the regular prices.

Take as an example the usual 5s chair, which is now only 4s, and the other sixty samples are reduced in the same proportion.

The Bargain Room is considerably enlarged, and the attractive display of furniture, all plainly priced, is worth a visit of inspection.

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N. B.—Do not fail to ask for W. B. Campbell's Guide to Sydney, which you can have free of charge.

THE GLASS FLY-TRAPS
have arrived, and are now ready for SALE.
Our Season's supply is
ONE THOUSAND.
Also, GLASS PARLOUR FILTERS in variety,
just opened at the
ROYAL FURNISHING ARCADE,
W. B. CAMPBELL,
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JAPANESE BLINDS.—TWENTY-SIX DIFFERENT SAMPLES of the FASHIONABLE and COMFORTABLE JAPANESE BLINDS have arrived just in time for the SUMMER SEASON. They comprise WINDOW BLINDS, VERANDAH BLINDS, and BALCONY BLINDS. The prices range upwards from 2s 6d each.

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ELEGANT SUITES OF FURNITURE.—
AUSTRIAN—Cane-seated, in Walnut
ENGLISH—Silk and Creton upholstered
GERMAN—Silk Rep and Creton upholstered
COLONIAL—Silk Rep, Creton and Hair upholstered

Bedsteads, in about one hundred kinds, from 15s to twenty guineas each.

A Variety of NEW SAMPLES of ENGLISH FURNITURE has arrived, and is now ready for selection.

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REMOVAL OF THE BARGAIN ROOM

For PROMINENCE and PUBLIC CONVENIENCE, the BARGAIN ROOM of the Royal Furnishing Arcade has, pro tem., been removed to those spacious premises in George-street, lately occupied by J. Isaacs and Co.

In addition to the hundreds of special bargains offered for sale, a LARGE SAMPLE ROOM will be temporarily established, in which will be shown hundreds of samples which, for want of space, have been hitherto hidden away in the stores of the Royal Furnishing Arcade.

VISITORS from the COUNTRY will at this BARGAIN ROOM have an advantageous opportunity of supplying their own home furnishing wants with economy, and of buying presents for their friends.

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Note the Address:
BARGAIN ROOM, 361, George-street,
next door to English, Scottish, and Australian
Chartered Bank.

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ALCOCK AND CO.,
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BILLIARD TABLES
on view,
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INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.

Cloth, Cues, Balls, Cement, and all requisites for a Billiard Room.
Catalogues on application.
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FURNITURE WAREHOUSEMAN,
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begs to inform his customers and the public generally that he still continues the Time Payment System.
FIRST ESTABLISHED IN THIS CITY.

Offers the most liberal terms, and conducts this system entirely in his own hands. All particulars on Application.

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B. BEBARFALD, 256, PITT-STREET.

TEN THOUSAND REFERENCES can be given as to the superiority of the Improved HOME SHUTTLE SEWING-MACHINE over all others, at the Sole Retail Agency, 387 and 389, George-street, Sydney. Time payments, 10s; deposit 2s. 6d. weekly. Come and try before you buy.

C. E. FULLER, Sole Retail Agent.

THE IMPROVED "HOME SHUTTLE" SEWING-MACHINE.

All genuine machines stamped "M. Moss and Co."
REDUCED PRIZE LIST.
No. 1.—For Hand Use, complete, £4.
No. 2.—For Treadle Use, with table complete, £6.
No. 3.—Ditto, with cover and lock and key, complete, £7.

We have appointed Mr. C. E. FULLER, Stationers' Hall, 387, George-street, opposite Royal Hotel, Sole Retail Agent, where the machines are procurable on a liberal time-payment system.

Sole Wholesale Agents, M. MOSS and CO.,
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IRON BEDSTEADS, Cots, Bedding, Furniture, cheap. SOLOMON'S Furnishing Arcade, 689, George-street South.

GREAT AMERICAN CHAIR SALE; 20 per cent. discount. Royal Furnishing Arcade. W. B. CAMPBELL.

THE AUTOMATIC SILENT SEWING-MACHINE, OF THE WILLCOX and GIBBS COMPANY,

Is self-regulating, and has only one thread, therefore is most simple.

Is of best material and workmanship, therefore most durable.

S. HEBBLEWHITE, 432, George-street, Sydney.

UNIVERSAL MANGLE AND WRINGER.—21-inch rollers, £4 10s.; 24-inch rollers, £5.
Brass-bound rollers, best sycamore wood.
Packing, 5s.
Liberal discount to wholesale buyers.
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ROBERT HARDY, Furniture Warehouseman, 33, Park and Castlereagh streets, furnishes houses, from £10 to £1000, upon easiest terms offered in the city. Weekly or monthly payments. N.B.—Second-hand furniture bought, sold, or exchanged.

TIME PAYMENTS.—Time Payments, weekly or monthly instalments. ROBERT HARDY, 33, Park-street.

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London.

UPHOLSTERERS and CABINET MAKERS,
Beg to draw the attention of the public to their large exhibit of Dining, Drawing-room, and Bedroom Furniture, and to their Wall Decorations. The Furniture is arranged in suites.

W. A. and S. SMEE,

most particularly wish that attention should be given to the prices which are marked in plain figures upon each article, clearly showing that really good and substantial Furniture can be supplied by them at the most moderate prices.

Their London representative Mr. F. BOURN is in daily attendance at the Exhibition, and will furnish all necessary information to parties about to proceed to England, or who require Furniture for immediate use.

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NEW ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE
can be had on application.

CARPETS. CARPETS.
Crossley's Superior Tapestry Carpets, at
HORDERN'S, in Pitt-street, No. 259.
For 1s 11d per yard
For 1s 11d per yard
For 1s 11d per yard.
You could not really buy them cheaper
In London
In London
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FOR SALE, the FURNITURE of a six-roomed cottage, either separately or in one lot. Apply to WILLIAM W. CARLILE, Elizabeth Cottage, Edward-street, St. Leonards.

Miscellaneous.

DRESS MATERIALS.—A considerable purchase of Dress Materials, good colours and shades.

Prices—4½d, 6½d, 10½d, and 11½d, any of which are worth double.

E. WAY, Importer,
261 to 267, Pitt-street.

MADEIRA EDGINGS and NEEDLEWORK. Clearing out a lot, cheap. E. WAY, Draper, Pitt-street.

FANCY DRESS.—For SALE, FANCY DRESS quite new, very quiet, and extremely pretty; will be sold, a bargain. Apply 200, Lachlan-terrace, Goulburn-street, off Oxford-street.

SMITHS' Bellows, Anvil, Vice, Stocks, Forge, Hearth, first-class, for SALE; Chains, Slings, &c. 21, Erskine-street.

DOGS. DOGS. DOGS.—Rough TERRIERS for SALE.—Allpress' stock, some prize takers; seen any time THIS DAY. Park Cottage, Pitt-street, Redfern, first cottage from Cleveland-street.

OSBORNE C. C. Disengaged SATURDAY next. Club with ground. J. C. ANDERSON, 7, George-st. West.

GREAT AMERICAN CHAIR SALE; 20 per cent. discount. Royal Furnishing Arcade. W. B. CAMPBELL.

BILLIARD BALLS, first quality. Balls adjusted. All billiard requisites and every description of turnery executed. H. MILGROVE and SON, Steam Turnery Works, 550, George-street, opposite Town Hall.

GREAT AMERICAN CHAIR SALE; 20 per cent. discount. Royal Furnishing Arcade. W. B. CAMPBELL.

HOOP IRON for SALE. Apply Mr. VEITCH, No. 9, O'Connell-street.

FOR SALE, imported Fox TERRIER "Betty," own sister to Jack and Gill, prize dogs at Melbourne and Sydney International Exhibitions.

For pedigree and further particulars apply
C. A. BILLYARD,
32, Hunter-street, Sydney.

CANARIES for SALE; also, BREEDING CAGE, cheap. 177, Bourke-st., corner William-st., Woolloomooloo.

GREAT AMERICAN CHAIR SALE; 20 per cent. discount. Royal Furnishing Arcade. W. B. CAMPBELL.

THE utmost value given, gentlemen's Left-off Clothing, Jewellery, &c. J. MURPHY, Kent and Liverpool streets.

TIGER, LION, and other SKINS wanted. Butler, Brothers, 92, York-street.

WANTED to purchase, Hawker's BARROW. Columbia Hotel, opp. St. James' School, Castlereagh-st.

WANTED, for cash, LEFT-OFF CLOTHING. Ladies and gentlemen waited on by Mr. or Mrs. Michael Simmons, of the Palace (late Little) Wardrobe, 2, Campbell-street, Haymarket. Please note the correct address. Letters attended.

WANTED KNOWN, that the South Waratah Coal Miners, Newcastle district, are LOCKED-OUT for adhering to the Miners' Union.

WANTED Known, that Mr. and Mrs. A. SIMMONS give the highest cash price for Ladies' and Gentlemen's Left-off Clothing. Big Wardrobe, 442, Castlereagh-street, near Campbell-street, only. N.B.—Letters punctually attended to.

Professions, Trades, &c.

BOOT TRADE.—For cheapest and best Enamelled and Patent Kangaroo, try WATSON'S, Waterloo.

BOOT TRADE.—Wanted, good, steady Bluchermaker; stand, country, good prices. Farleigh, Nettheim, and Co., 16, York-street.

BUTCHERS.—Wanted, PARTNER, cash business. Apply, after 6 p.m., 155, Oxford-street.

BANDMASTER required for Regimental Band, 12 months in existence; 12 months' engagement guaranteed. Address, stating salary required and forwarding testimonials, to T. V. R., Post Office, Hobart Town.

DRAPERY.—Vacancy for two or three first-class HANDS, on Tuesday. J. L. Hordern, 259, Pitt-street.

DRESSMAKING.—First-class ASSISTANTS required. Doak and Beattie, 3, Wynyard-square.

DRESSMAKING.—A Lady of experience, possessing undoubted skill in fitting and designing, required for our Costume Department.

David Jones and Co.

INSURANCE CLERK, competent to act also as Accountant, required by a leading company. Apply by letter to X. Q., care of Gordon and Gotch, 353, George-street.

TO PARENTS.—Wanted, two APPRENTICES to the tailoring. 340, George-street.

TO CURRIERS.—Wanted, two IMPROVERS. Thos. Jno. Dunn, Grose-street, Glebe.

TO DRAPERS.—A vacancy for a good HAND. E. Way, Pitt-street.

TWO good JOINERS wanted. None but tradesmen need apply. James Nutman, Hunter's Hill.

THREE respectable young gentlemen wanted, as APPRENTICES to the Drapery, on Tuesday. Bring references, 259, Pitt-street.

TO SQUATTERS and FARMERS.—A Gentleman, with several years' Indian experience, wishing to come to same arrangement with above, to grow certain Indian produce which has a great sale in this colony. Open for a week. S. A. C., HERALD Office.

THE AUSTRALASIAN CIVIL SERVICE MUTUAL ASSURANCE COMPANY invites APPLICATIONS for AGENCIES in Sydney and the principal townships where representatives have not been appointed. The directors prefer gentlemen unconnected with other institutions, but those holding Life or Fire agencies will find in the "Tontine" and "Accident," and other departments of this company, opportunities for business so extensive and novel as to render an agency not only desirable, but compatible with similar engagements. Apply to the Managing Director, at the Chief Offices, 145, King-street, Sydney.

VACANCY for Youth, 13 or 14, as Apprentice to the drapery business, on Tuesday. 216, Pitt-st. References.

WANTED, an IMPROVER, to the joinery business. Apply 382, George-street, Waterloo.

WANTED APPRENTICES to Dressmaking. Miss M'Cormack, 138, Forbes-street.

WANTED, a respectable young Person as LEARNER to the fancy business. 486, George-st., opp. Markets.

WANTED, two good QUARRYMEN. Apply by telegram. Contractor, Paul's Church, Rockhampton, Queensland.

WHO WANTS three thousand a-year? Have you got two thousand? If so, I will join you. My address is M. C., Post Office, Sydney. Open for one week.

Situations Wanted.

A SURVEYOR, of 15 years' colonial experience, good Draftsman, is open to an ENGAGEMENT. Apply "Theodolite," West Maitland, Post-office.

BUTCHER'S Small-goods Man wants EMPLOYMENT, town or country. X., 5, Jamison-street.

BY respectable young married couple, Man as GROOM and Coachman, can milk and garden; wife, General Servant; good references, country preferred. A. C., Mr. and Mrs. Craggs, Protestant Registry, 284, Castlereagh-street.

SILVERSMITH wants SITUATION. C. L., care of M. Sadd, Engraver, 52, Collins-street, East Melbourne.

TO MILLERS.—Wanted, SITUATION as Improver, age 22. C. C., 390, Pitt-street.

WANTED, by first-class Laundress, Gentlemen's Shirts to do up. 2, Dwyer's-st., off Parramatta-street.

WANTED, WASHING by the day. A.T., 16, Edward-street, off Oxford-street, Surry Hills.

WANTED, by a respectable young person SITUATION, as Cook. J. M., HERALD Office.

Servants Wanted.

A GOOD Hotel in country town.—Wanted, two BARMAIDS. Registry, 59, Market-street.

A RESPECTABLE Useful GIRL wanted as Nurse. 619, George-street, Haymarket.

A REALLY good COOK wanted. 219, Macquarie-street, opposite Legislative Assembly.

FARM COUPLES wanted, gardener, handy man. Mr. and Mrs. Craggs, Protestant Registry, 284, Castlereagh-st.

GENERAL SERVANT wanted, for North Shore. Apply Mrs. Deane, High-street, North Shore.

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.—Wanted, 50 PICK and SHOVEL MEN. Apply at Contractor's Office, Orange.

JUNEE AND NARRANDERA RAILWAY.—Wanted, PICK and SHOVEL MEN, AXEMEN, &c., a Narrandera. Fishburn and Morton, contractors.

NORTH SHORE ROWING CLUB.—Youth required as CARETAKER, with unexceptional references. Apply by letter, stating wages expected, to W. J. M'Leod, hon. secretary, 324, George-street.

OFFICE BOY wanted. Apply Tuesday morning, the General Mercantile Agency, 349, George-street.

WANTED, a thorough General SERVANT; also, active GIRL. Mrs. Turner, 175, Oxford-street.

WANTED, a handy MAN, small job, stone work. Catherine Cottage, Glebe Road.

WANTED, a Billiard MARKER. Great Britain Hotel, George and King streets.

WANTED, a good General SERVANT; good wages given. Apply California Inn, Parramatta-street.

WANTED, HOUSE and PARLOURMAID. References required. St. Philip's Parsonage, Church-hill.

WANTED, a BARMAID. Café Wien, King-street.

WANTED, a second COOK or PANTRYMAN. Davies, 231, Pitt-street.

WANTED, respectable useful Girl, as General SERVANT. Mrs. Sening, 216, William-street.

WANTED, a single MAN, accustomed to work in market garden. Graham, Five Dock.

WANTED, a respectable Girl, as General SERVANT. 241, Castlereagh-street.

WANTED, a respectable sober KITCHENMAN. J. Emery, 535, George-street.

WANTED, a good WASHERWOMAN every Monday. Packhorse Inn, Haymarket.

WANTED, GIRLS to tie off. Dadswell's Factory, King-street.

WANTED, Under HOUSEMAID, assist children. Protestant. Mrs. G. N. Griffiths, Richmond Villa, Domain.

WANTED, a LAD, experienced at printing machines. Jarrett and Co., 94, Liverpool-street.

WANTED, a Garden or Farm LABOURER. 98, York-street, 10 a.m.

WANTED, good General SERVANT. Black's Volunteer Hotel, Pitt and Park streets.

WANTED, for Burwood, young woman SERVANT, private family. Mrs. W. Ellis, near station. Fare paid.

WANTED, young MAN, to solicit orders for Novelty just from England. Ten per cent., HERALD.

WANTED, a young girl, accustomed to children, as NURSE to one child, and to do needlework. No. 155, Castlereagh-street North, opposite Wangenheim's Hotel.

WANTED, a Surveyor's COOK, and make himself generally useful. Apply, between 8 and 9 a.m., 419, Crown-street, Surry Hills.

WANTED, a BARMAID, for Café Bar. References indispensable. Apply after 11, Williams', Metropolitan Hotel, King and Castlereagh streets.

WANTED, a COOK; none but a sober man need apply. Apply from 10 to 11. James' Family Hotel, Kent-street.

WANTED, for a short time, a respectable WOMAN, to take care of house and 3 children; good wages will be given to a thorough good woman. Apply No. 2, Ventor-terrace, Windmill Hill, off Surrey-street, Darlinghurst.

Apartments, Board and Residence.

A COMFORTABLY furnished BEDROOM for 2 young men. 146, Castlereagh-street, near Hunter-street.

A NICELY furnished ROOM, with verandah, and use of kitchen. 468, Bourke-street.

APARTMENTS vacant, for married couple or gentlemen; 'buses pass door. Keira, Piper-street, Woollahra.

APARTMENTS vacant at 247, Macquarie-street, near King-street.

APARTMENTS vacant. Mrs. Dawson, 4, Lady Young-terrace, Bridge-street.

APARTMENTS vacant. Miss Digan, Hispaniola House, Cowper-terrace, Church-hill, opposite St. Philip's.

APARTMENTS vacant, for families and gentlemen, at 245, Macquarie-street North.

AT 2, RIALTO-TERRACE, Upper William-street South, large, cheerful BEDROOMS are vacant.

A VACANCY for 3 gentlemen: bath, piano; private family; terms moderate. 147, Woolloomooloo-street.

APARTMENT.—A furnished ROOM to LET; suit married couple or 2 friends. Shepherd and Cleveland sts., Darlington.

A CARD.—EATHER'S HOTEL, BOWENFELS SOUTH.

Parties wishing to visit the interior will find first-class accommodation at the above Hotel.

Letters and telegrams attended to.

BOARD and RESIDENCE (superior), near Dawes Point, 21s week. Particulars 24, Hunter-street.

COHEN'S MELBOURNE CLUB HOTEL, 638, George-st.—Board and Lodging, £1 per week. Beds, 1s.

COMFORTABLE vacancy, 413, Crown-street, Surry Hills, married couple or gentlemen, bath. 6 o'clock dinner.

DOMAIN, Parramatta, Old Government House, private Boarding Establishment. Mrs. Abrahams, or Ramsay, agent.

ESTHERVILLE, Elizabeth-st. N., opposite Australian Club. APARTMENTS vacant. Terms moderate.

FURNISHED BEDROOM vacant, for single gentleman, private family; no other boarders. 228, Palmer-street.

LARGE BED and SITTING ROOM, with board. 76, Crown-street, near Domain, every convenience. If the French gentleman who called on Thursday will call again, arrangements can be made.

LADY and Gentleman require, about Christmas, comfortably-furnished APARTMENTS—bedroom, and balcony sitting-room—with board; private family; quiet suburb, easily accessible to city, six months guaranteed. Victorian, HERALD Office.

MRS. HATELIE has VACANCIES for gentlemen; home comforts, piano, baths, &c. 22, Wynd.-sq. Terms mod.

MRS. BUTTON'S Boarding Establishment, 4, Grosvenor-terrace, Church-hill, near Petty's. A few vacancies.

MRS. H. RODD SMITH,
No. 1, Grosvenor-terrace, Church-hill.
Vacancies. Terms moderate.
Plunge and Shower Baths.

PRIVATE BOARD and RESIDENCE 207, Macquarie-street, near Domain entrance; terms moderate.

PRIVATE Boarding Establishment.—Vacancies for gentleman. No. 2, Olivia-terrace, Bourke-street South.

PRIVATE BOARD and RESIDENCE; view of harbour, bath; moderate. 31, Lower Fort-street.

TO LET, a balcony ROOM, suit a married couple. 38, Wexford-street, off Goulburn-street.

TO LET, furnished BEDROOM for single gentlemen. 147, Elizabeth-street, facing Park.

TO LET, a balcony ROOM, furnished. 94, Prince-street, Flagstaff.

TO LET, unfurnished, two comfortable ROOMS, on ground floor. 101, Prince-street.

TO LET, furnished BEDROOM, for single gentlemen. 14, Brisbane-street, near Hyde Park.

TO LET, ROOM, opposite the Town Hall, suitable for office. Apply 554, George-street.

VACANCIES, Ardrossan House, Wynyard-square. Mrs. Hamilton.

A GENTLEMAN requires good BOARD and RESIDENCE, either in private family or Hotel. Bath, late dinner. State terms. Write A. D. F., Gordon and Gotch, George-street.

LADY and Gentleman require, about Christmas, comfortably furnished APARTMENTS—bedroom, and balcony sitting-room—with board; private family, quiet suburb, easily accessible to city; six months guaranteed. State terms, Victorian, HERALD Office.

WANTED by lady, Furnished Front ROOM ground floor. M. C., Spragg and Adams, 94, Oxford-street.

WANTED by a Gentleman, private BOARD and RESIDENCE, near Belmore Park, 25s per week, exclusive of washing. Address Permanent, Hay-street Post-office.

WANTED to rent, with option of purchase, small COTTAGE, with ground, near suburban station. Open a week. Address C., care of Bray, stationer, Newtown Road.

WANTED, Gentleman or Lady BOARDER; terms, moderate. Apply S. A. A., No. 1, East View-terrace, King-street North, Newtown.

YOUNG Gentleman requires Board and Residence; no children; terms moderate. Comfort, Post Office, Balmain.

Houses and Land for Sale

AGRICULTURAL and Grazing Farms, also Orchards, for SALE, on terms. W. DOUGLASS, 166, Pitt-street.

BALMAIN.—ALLOTMENTS. Mullens and other streets. Terms easy. W. THORNTON, Darling Road.

FOR SALE, in Albert-street, Macdonaldtown, just finished, a brick HOUSE, stone foundation, containing four rooms and kitchen, balcony, verandah, large tank of water, close to platform; price, £350—£150 cash, rest as rent. Apply Mr. TRY, Grocer, Macdonaldtown. Title, Torrens' Act.

FOR SALE, a good investment, all that desirable Freehold Property in the rising town of Tumut, in the South-western district, known as the TUMUT STEAM FLOUR MILL. The property consists of miller's residence, three-storied substantially-built brick flour-mill, with steam engine, boiler, fittings, mill gear and plant, all complete, and in good working order. Also, 17½ acres of freehold Land. The above is for positive SALE, as the owner is leaving for England. Terms easy. Apply Mr. W. P. EDWARDS, Adelong.

PETERSHAM.—ALLOTMENTS, 50 x 150, 20s per foot, 50s deposit. BURFITT, 355, George-street.

PADDINGTON.—Comfortable DWELLING, 6 apartments, for SALE. W. DOUGLASS, 166, Pitt-street.

SMALL ORCHARD and COTTAGE at ENFIELD, for private SALE. RICHARDSON and WRENCH, Pitt-st.

To Let.

AN EXCELLENT DETACHED HOUSE at Darlinghurst, to LET, for short or long period, from 17th November. FULLY and WELL FURNISHED. Breakfast, Dining, and Drawing rooms, four good bedrooms, good kitchen, washhouse, yards, &c., &c. Inquire of Mr. E. Ramsay, house agent, 412, George street.

BURWOOD.—To LET, a seven-roomed COTTAGE, large kitchen, 2 pantries, in a most healthy position; large grounds. Apply Tate, Brothers, 86, Sussex-street, Sydney.

COTTAGE to LET, corner of Pitt and Raglan streets, Waterloo, 4 rooms, kitchen, bathroom, washhouse, stable. Apply Cottage of Content opposite.

EDGECLIFF ROAD.—To LET, a four-roomed COTTAGE, near Wellington-street, suitable for a mechanic. Apply to Mr. Lyons, on the adjoining premises.

HOUSE, LAND, ESTATE, INSURANCE,
and
GENERAL BUSINESS AGENT.
Established 1854.
Furnished Houses and Apartments now on view.
E. RAMSAY, George and King streets.

NEWTOWN.—HOUSE, near bus and rail; 12s 6d. Sergeant's boot shop, Newtown Road, or 481, George-st.

SHOP to LET; central position, low rent. 211, George-street North.

SOUTH KINGSTON.—To be LET, the HOUSE in Cavendish-street, South Kingston, occupied by Mr. Pigott, containing 5 rooms, kitchen, laundry, bath-room, large garden, gas, &c. Mr. Pigott, 129, King-street, Sydney.

TO LET, a 6-roomed COTTAGE. Apply D. Zoeller, Parramatta Road, Burwood.

TO LET, HOUSE and Shop, every convenience, Market-street. Apply Wangenheim's, 156, Castlereagh-street.

TO LET, nine-roomed House, Glenmore-road. Apply Wangenheim's, 156, Castlereagh-street.

TO CABMEN and Others.—To LET, HOUSE, 4 rooms, kitchen. 1, Swiss-terrace, Brisbane-street.

TO LET, COTTAGE, at Waterloo. Apply Hughes, 268, Pitt-street.

TO LET, HOUSE, 4 rooms, near Moore Park. Jacob's Hotel, Bathurst and Sussex streets.

TO LET, HOUSE, partly furnished. Apply Mrs. Stead, Mount-street, St. Leonards.

TO LET, two HOUSES, one 4-roomed, Point-street, Pyrmont, and one 6 rooms, Ultimo. J. Garrity, Ultimo.

TO LET, new HOUSE, 6 rooms, kitchen, washhouse, &c. Culvis, Allen-street, Newtown, five minutes to rail.

TO LET, 4-roomed HOUSE, balcony, shed. Apply Charlotte-terrace, Crown Road, Ultimo.

TWO HOUSES to LET. Apply to Mrs. Davidson, Harris-street, Ultimo.

TO LET, 6-room comfortable RESIDENCE near Dawes Point; Furniture at valuation. Apply 24, Hunter-street.

TO LET, HOUSE, West-street, Darlinghurst, rent 22s per week. Apply T. Keary, William-street.

TO LET, those centrally situated, commodious premises, 361, George-street, next to E. S. and A. C. Bank. Apply George Robertson, 125, New Pitt-street.

TO LET, EBENEZER COTTAGE, Ryde. Apply Mr. James Shuttleworth, opposite the Cottage, Ryde; or to P. H. Henry, Bank of New South Wales.

TO LET, Lane Cove River, new COTTAGE, water frontage, large grounds, beautiful view of Parramatta and Lane Cove Rivers. W. F. Harris, 6, King-street.

TO LET, No. 532, George-street, next to Mr. Watt, chemist, HOUSE, with five rooms and shop, 30 feet x 18 feet, with double plate-glass front. Apply next door.

TO LET, Crystal-street, Petersham, near the Station, a superior semi-detached Gothic VILLA, 8 rooms, bathroom, kitchen, laundry, abundant supply of water, rent £8 per month. Apply 554, George-street.

TO LET, one of those large and commodious new STORES, having a depth of 150 feet, by 33 feet wide, situated in Pitt-street North, near Circular Quay. Apply C. Kidman.

TO VISITORS to TASMANIA.—To be LET, a well-furnished HOUSE, containing 8 good rooms, and situate in the best part of Davey-street, Hobart Town. A lady wishing to leave the colony for a short time, would let the above for six months. Terms, moderate. Apply to Mr. John Ayton, Ayton's Furnishing Warehouse, 60, Elizabeth-street, Hobart Town.

VICTORIA-STREET, Woolloomooloo.—HOUSE to be LET, corner of Albert-street. E. O. Smith, 8, Pitt-st.

OFFICE, to LET, central, light, and convenient. 322, George-street.

OFFICES TO LET.
GROUND FLOOR.
THE MOST CENTRALLY SITUATED IN THE CITY.
Batt and Rodd, auctioneers, &c., 133, Pitt-street.

TO LET, Photographic GALLERY; also upper PART of large House, front room 25 x 15, good bedrooms and out-offices—the whole or part may be taken. Apply on premises, 209, Oxford-street.

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